

Converting Colors

HunterLab(26.1930, 7.4587,
-3.4561)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(26.1930, 7.4587, -3.4561)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(26.0961, 7.7306,
-3.7872)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	594356
RGB	89, 67, 86
RGB Percent	35%, 26%, 34%
CMY	0.6510, 0.7372, 0.6627
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.03, 0.65
HSL	308°, 14%, 31%
HSV	308°, 25%, 35%
XYZ	7.8067, 6.8101, 9.7071
YIQ	75.7440, 7.0130, 10.5730

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

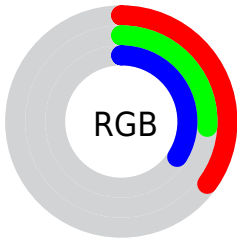
Format	Color
R_{YB}	89, 67, 86
Decimal	5849942
CIE _{Lab}	31.37, 13.16, -7.67
CIE _{LCh}	31, 15.232, 329.758
Yxy	6.8104, 0.3209, 0.2800
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284040022 (0xFF594356)
YUV	75.7440, 5.0562, 11.6255
Hunter-Lab	26.0961, 7.7306, -3.7872

Details

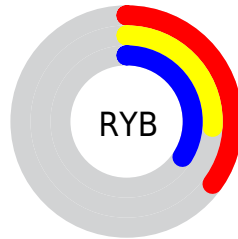
The HunterLab color $[26.0961, 7.7306, -3.7872]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 333333 . A complement of this color would be $[29.6319, -9.7311, 6.4940]$, and the grayscale version is $[26.7730, -1.4285, 1.4546]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[44.1905, 8.3898, -3.8745]$, and $[11.5194, 6.5422, -3.5848]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[24.1098, 11.6275, -5.9659]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[28.2329, 3.8695, -1.5675]$.

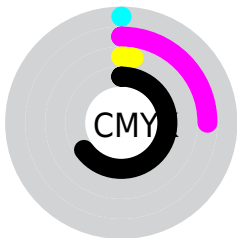
Distribution



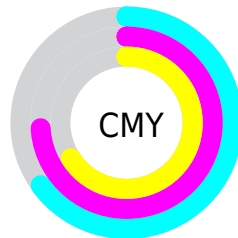
- Red (35%)
- Green (26%)
- Blue (34%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Blue (34%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (65%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (74%)
- Yellow (66%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 26.0961, 7.7306, -3.7872 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 26.0961, 7.7306, -3.7872 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 26.0961, 7.7306,
-3.7872

■ 26.0961, 7.7306,
-3.7872

■ 128.8715, 8.0203,
-1.3340

■ 18.2860, 7.2645,
-3.7431

■ 44.2614, 8.3140,
-3.6343

■ 11.4619, 6.6474,
-3.6031

■ 54.4731, 8.4678,
-3.4575

■ 3.8962, 14.5089,
-7.9497

■ 65.3681, 8.5450,
-3.2230

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 76.9058, 8.5539,
-2.9357

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 89.0523, 8.5010,
-2.6001

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 101.7784, 8.3917,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-2.2193

0.0000, NaN, NaN

115.0589, 8.2302,
-1.7965

■ 26.0961, 7.7306,
-3.7872

■ 26.0961, 7.7306,
-3.7872

■ 24.1098, 11.6275,
-5.9659

■ 28.2329, 3.8695,
-1.5675

■ 22.2955, 15.5064,
-8.0624

■ 30.4984, 0.0759,
0.6646

■ 20.6799, 19.2732,
-10.0121

■ 32.8764, -3.6388,
2.8941

■ 19.2905, 22.7891,
-11.7283

■ 35.3530, -7.2730,
5.1127

■ 18.1528, 25.8739,
-13.1062

■ 37.9166, -10.8308,
7.3167

■ 17.2852, 28.3312,
-14.0415

■ 40.5577, -14.3189,
9.5054

■ 16.6401, 30.1831,
-14.5687

■ 43.2683, -17.7453,
11.6793

■ 16.3027, 31.1935,
-14.8506

■ 46.0417, -21.1181,
13.8399

■ 48.8723, -24.4449,
15.9892

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.0967, 3.7086, -8.1586



26.0961, 7.7306, -3.7872



26.0967, 9.2722, 1.3807

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.0967, 7.7298, -3.7866



26.0967, -1.3520, 9.1977



26.0967, -9.4507, -3.7044

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.0961, 7.7306, -3.7872



29.6319, -9.7311, 6.4940

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.0967, -10.5816, 1.4602



26.0961, 7.7306, -3.7872



26.0967, -6.1321, 8.3500

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.0967, 7.7298, -3.7866



26.0967, 3.7865, 8.3220



26.0967, -9.4142, 5.7359



26.0967, -6.1992, -8.1050

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.0961, 7.7306, -3.7872



26.0967, 8.6014, 4.4103



26.0967, -9.4142, 5.7359



26.0967, -10.0798, -1.9710

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.0967, 7.7298, -3.7866



39.1044, 1.3311, 0.1380



24.5674, 3.0110, -7.6186



19.6448, 0.7328, 0.0323



70.1359, -3.7423, 3.8106



20.7927, -1.1094, 1.1297

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.0967, 7.7298, -3.7866



32.4653, 13.2733, -6.7321



25.7826, 6.1096, 0.6582



14.6488, 0.7903, -0.1164



19.7822, 37.8274, -17.8346



46.7837, 89.2943, -40.8995

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.0967, 7.7298, -3.7866



32.4653, 13.2733, -6.7321



29.8854, -8.2792, 2.8518



14.6488, 0.7903, -0.1164



19.7822, 37.8274, -17.8346



46.7837, 89.2943, -40.8995

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 26.0961, 7.7306, -3.7872 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 26.0961, 7.7306, -3.7872 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 26.0961, 7.7306, -3.7872 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 26.0961, 7.7306, -3.7872.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 26.0961, 7.7306, -3.7872.

-3.7872.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

26.0961, 7.7306, -3.7872

Protanopia

26.0871, 0.5602, -5.8996

Deuteranopia

26.1287, 1.6690, -3.3722



Tritanopia

26.0325, 4.4612, 1.3640

Trichromacy



Original Color

26.0961, 7.7306, -3.7872

Protanomaly

26.0874, 3.0441, -5.3519

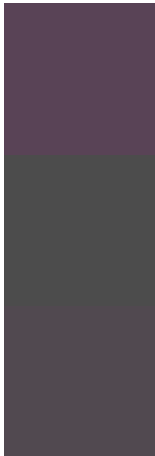
Deuteranomaly

26.0490, 3.9108, -3.4417

Tritanomaly

25.9981, 5.7693, -0.3167

Monochromacy



Original Color

26.0961, 7.7306, -3.7872

Achromatopsia

26.8834, -1.4344, 1.4606

Achromatomaly

26.6338, 1.8051, -0.4517

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 26.0961, 7.7306, -3.7872 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(89, 67, 86)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(89, 67, 86)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 67, 86) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(89, 67, 86) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 26.0961, 7.7306, -3.7872 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

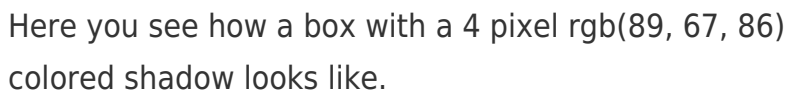
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(89, 67, 86) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(89, 67, 86) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(89, 67, 86)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(89, 67, 86); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 67, 86);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 67, 86)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 26.0961, 7.7306, -3.7872 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(89, 67, 86) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(89, 67,  
86) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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