

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(26.2586, 71.0007,  
-184.9413)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(26.2586, 71.0007,  
-184.9413) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(26.2511, 71.0093,  
-185.0004)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	0800F9
RGB	8, 0, 249
RGB Percent	3%, 0%, 98%
CMY	0.9683, 1.0000, 0.0235
CMYK	0.97, 1.00, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	242°, 100%, 49%
HSV	242°, 100%, 98%
XYZ	17.1991, 6.8912, 90.0464
YIQ	30.7780, -75.1610, 79.1350

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

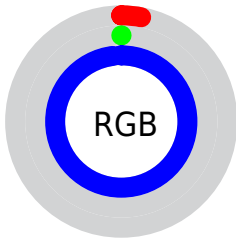
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	8, 0, 249
Decimal	524537
CIELab	31.56, 77.82, -105.73
CIElCh	32, 131.281, 306.353
Yxy	6.8917, 0.1507, 0.0604
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278714617 (0xFF0800F9)
YUV	30.7780, 107.5834, -19.9763
Hunter-Lab	26.2511, 71.0093, -185.0004

# Details

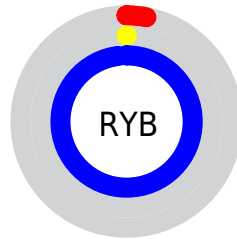
The HunterLab color **26.2511, 71.0093, -185.0004** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0000FF**. The color can be described as dark saturated blue. A complement of this color would be **92.9731, -28.0652, 56.7982**, and the grayscale version is **11.3359, -0.6049, 0.6159**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39.7384, 57.0765, -115.6695**, and **19.3948, 52.6084, -137.8083** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.2520, 71.0102, -184.9935**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **28.0006, 66.0354, -171.3631**.

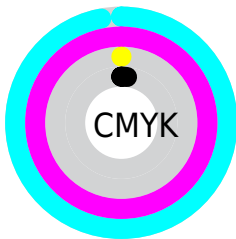
# Distribution



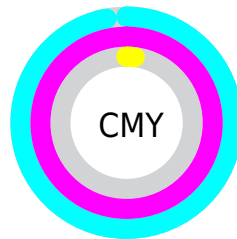
- Red (3%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (97%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (97%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (2%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 26.2511, 71.0093, -185.0004 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 26.2511, 71.0093, -185.0004 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 26.2511, 71.0093,  
-185.0004

■ 26.2511, 71.0093,  
-185.0004

■ 129.1358, 91.1818,  
-161.5551

■ 18.4240, 69.2287,  
-204.1480

■ 44.4466, 75.6730,  
-168.1004

■ 11.5800, 68.8092,  
-242.6876

■ 54.6716, 78.1002,  
-164.3835

■ 4.1545, 110.8990,  
-485.7508

■ 65.5790, 80.4851,  
-162.2271

0.0000, INF, -NF

■ 77.1284, 82.7990,  
-161.0835

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 89.2860, 85.0290,  
-160.6221


0.0000, NaN, -NF


■ 102.0228, 87.1697,


0.0000, NaN, -NF


-160.6325


0.0000, NaN, -NF

 115.3134, 89.2202,  
-160.9753


 26.2511, 71.0093,  
-185.0004


 26.2511, 71.0093,  
-185.0004


 26.2520, 71.0102,  
-184.9935

 28.0006, 66.0354,  
-171.3631

 31.5467, 57.2594,  
-147.9994

 36.8130, 46.7743,  
-120.8416

 43.4133, 36.5973,  
-95.0075

 51.0015, 27.4777,  
-72.2802

■ 59.3276, 19.4644,  
-52.6680

■ 68.2220, 12.3799,  
-35.6343

■ 77.5697, 6.0185,  
-20.5994

■ 87.2913, 0.2058,  
-7.0817

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.2520, 8.7531, -276.4733



26.2511, 71.0093, -185.0004



26.2520, 131.9566, -56.6752

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.2520, 71.0102, -184.9935



26.2520, 42.4909, 18.3764



26.2520, -45.0189, -9.2679

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.2511, 71.0093, -185.0004



92.9731, -28.0652, 56.7982

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.2520, -43.3230, 18.0993



26.2511, 71.0093, -185.0004



26.2520, -10.2154, 18.3764

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.2520, 71.0102, -184.9935



26.2520, 109.1695, 18.3764



26.2520, -35.3059, 18.3764



26.2520, -40.9118, -107.0965



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.2511, 71.0093, -185.0004



26.2520, 150.1980, -4.2942



26.2520, -35.3059, 18.3764



26.2520, -45.1085, 6.0974

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.2520, 71.0102, -184.9935



70.0582, 12.7454, -36.6736



84.8847, -44.0233, -11.0648



30.5987, 7.2714, -20.2555

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.2520, 71.0102, -184.9935



26.9691, 72.9560, -190.0938



33.8812, 78.2090, -134.5880



40.8287, -0.0347, -2.9928



19.2369, 51.9749, -135.0956



5.9320, 15.8747, -40.4762



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51.4650, 100.4668, -62.3362



52.8762, 103.2208, -64.0384



84.7171, -60.4552, 51.1439



41.8501, 3.3970, -1.4246



37.6590, 73.5244, -45.6817

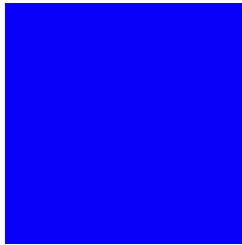


11.4738, 22.4207, -14.0707



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 26.2511, 71.0093, -185.0004 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

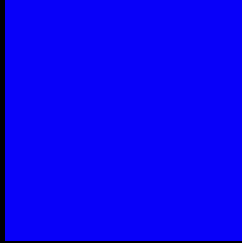
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 26.2511, 71.0093, -185.0004 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

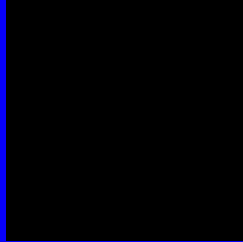
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 26.2511, 71.0093, -185.0004 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 26.2511, 71.0093, -185.0004.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 26.2511, 71.0093, -185.0004.

-185.0004.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

26.2511, 71.0093, -185.0004

### Protanopia

26.5801, 8.0979, -50.7039

### Deuteranopia

26.5212, -1.4067, -30.1126



## Tritanopia

26.5118, -13.4679, -4.0642

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

26.2511, 71.0093, -185.0004

## Protanomaly

23.6732, 34.6648, -103.9634

## Deuteranomaly

23.0601, 27.1507, -86.9642

## Tritanomaly

21.5427, 16.1497, -61.2866

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

26.2511, 71.0093, -185.0004

## Achromatopsia

11.7056, -0.6246, 0.6360

## Achromatomaly

13.4472, 21.8384, -56.3742

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 26.2511, 71.0093, -185.0004 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(8, 0, 249)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(8, 0, 249)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(8, 0, 249) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(8, 0, 249) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 26.2511, 71.0093, -185.0004 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(8, 0, 249) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(8, 0, 249) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(8, 0, 249)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(8, 0, 249); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(8, 0, 249); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(8, 0, 249) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 26.2511, 71.0093, -185.0004 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(8, 0, 249) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(8, 0,  
249) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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