

Converting Colors

HunterLab(26.2621, 71.2361,
-186.6323)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(26.2621, 71.2361,
-186.6323) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(26.2719, 71.2625,
-186.6729)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | 0000FA |
| RGB | 0, 0, 250 |
| RGB Percent | 0%, 0%, 98% |
| CMY | 0.9997, 1.0000, 0.0196 |
| CMYK | 1.00, 1.00, 0.00, 0.02 |
| HSL | 240°, 100%, 49% |
| HSV | 240°, 100%, 98% |
| XYZ | 17.2553, 6.9021, 90.8652 |
| YIQ | 28.5000, -80.2500, 77.7500 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

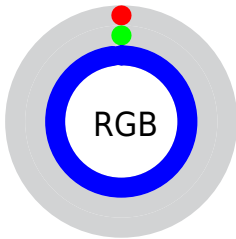
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| RYB | 0, 0, 250 |
| Decimal | 250 |
| CIELab | 31.58, 78.02, -106.26 |
| CIElCh | 32, 131.821, 306.288 |
| Yxy | 6.9026, 0.1500, 0.0600 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4278190330 (0xFF0000FA) |
| YUV | 28.5000, 109.1995, -24.9945 |
| Hunter-Lab | 26.2719, 71.2625, -186.6729 |

Details

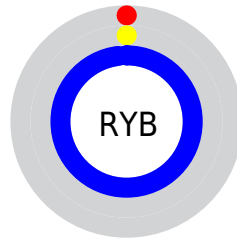
The HunterLab color **26.2719, 71.2625, -186.6729** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0000FF**. The color can be described as dark saturated blue. A complement of this color would be **94.1712, -25.3219, 57.5845**, and the grayscale version is **10.6291, -0.5671, 0.5775**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39.6479, 56.8964, -116.0508**, and **19.3948, 52.6084, -137.8083** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.2728, 71.2633, -186.6657**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27.9373, 66.1527, -173.5696**.

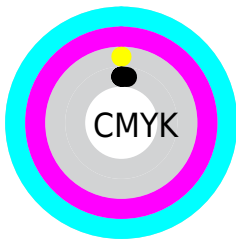
Distribution



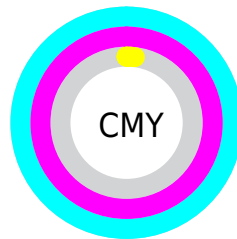
- Red (0%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (2%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 26.2719, 71.2625, -186.6729 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 26.2719, 71.2625, -186.6729 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 26.2719, 71.2625,
-186.6729

■ 26.2719, 71.2625,
-186.6729

129.1712, 91.4700,
-162.7136

■ 18.4425, 69.4858,
-206.0892

■ 44.4714, 75.9284,
-169.5008

■ 11.5959, 69.0785,
-245.1256

■ 54.6982, 78.3589,
-165.7096

■ 4.1878, 110.6061,
-487.9253

■ 65.6072, 80.7480,
-163.5002

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 77.1582, 83.0666,
-162.3181

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 89.3173, 85.3015,
-161.8283

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 102.0555, 87.4473,

-161.8177

0.0000, NaN, -NF

115.3475, 89.5031,
-162.1451

26.2719, 71.2625,
-186.6729

26.2719, 71.2625,
-186.6729

26.2728, 71.2633,
-186.6657

27.9373, 66.1527,
-173.5696

31.4053, 57.0915,
-150.3952

36.6500, 46.3089,
-122.9182

43.2763, 35.9333,
-96.6141

50.9236, 26.7385,
-73.4549

■ 59.3310, 18.7533,
-53.4924

■ 68.3218, 11.7728,
-36.1810

■ 77.7768, 5.5700,
-20.9222

■ 87.6137, -0.0449,
-7.2182

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.2728, 8.6877, -278.7153



26.2719, 71.2625, -186.6729



26.2728, 132.6714, -57.2670

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.2728, 71.2633, -186.6657



26.2728, 42.8609, 18.3910



26.2728, -45.1299, -9.1922

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.2719, 71.2625, -186.6729



94.1712, -25.3219, 57.5845

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.2728, -43.4156, 18.1631



26.2719, 71.2625, -186.6729



26.2728, -10.1690, 18.3910

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.2728, 71.2633, -186.6657



26.2728, 109.9583, 18.3910



26.2728, -35.3737, 18.3910



26.2728, -41.0211, -107.5552

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.2719, 71.2625, -186.6729



26.2728, 151.1249, -4.4330



26.2728, -35.3737, 18.3910



26.2728, -45.2155, 6.1918

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.2728, 71.2633, -186.6657



69.8477, 12.0618, -37.0565



86.7604, -45.9962, -9.1504



30.4899, 6.9241, -20.4686

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.2728, 71.2633, -186.6657



26.8709, 72.8857, -190.9156



33.5591, 78.0375, -137.7431



40.7962, -0.1461, -3.0372



19.1349, 51.9017, -135.9475



5.8241, 15.7958, -41.3671

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.1744, 102.5701, -68.7643



53.3622, 104.9052, -70.3298



85.2827, -59.9909, 51.5006



41.8623, 3.4623, -1.5979



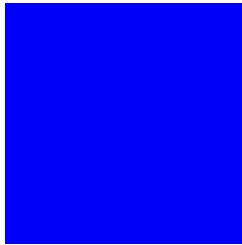
37.9990, 74.7026, -50.0822



11.5644, 22.7347, -15.2431

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 26.2719, 71.2625, -186.6729 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

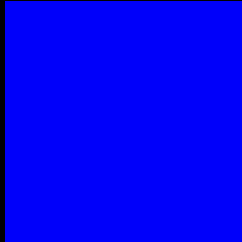
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 26.2719, 71.2625, -186.6729 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 26.2719, 71.2625, -186.6729 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 26.2719, 71.2625, -186.6729.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 26.2719, 71.2625, -186.6729.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

26.2719, 71.2625, -186.6729

Protanopia

26.5801, 8.0979, -50.7039

Deuteranopia

26.5716, -1.1312, -30.7702



Tritanopia

26.5428, -13.2839, -4.5001

Trichromacy



Original Color

26.2719, 71.2625, -186.6729

Protanomaly

23.6322, 34.5846, -104.1964

Deuteranomaly

23.1024, 27.4138, -88.0546

Tritanomaly

21.5703, 16.3685, -62.2959

Monochromacy



Original Color

26.2719, 71.2625, -186.6729

Achromatopsia

11.0844, -0.5914, 0.6022

Achromatomaly

12.9048, 22.0399, -58.1343

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 26.2719, 71.2625, -186.6729 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 0, 250)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 0, 250)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 0, 250) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 0, 250) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 26.2719, 71.2625, -186.6729 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 0, 250) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 0, 250) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 0, 250)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 0, 250); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 0, 250); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 0, 250) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 26.2719, 71.2625, -186.6729 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 0, 250) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 0,  
250) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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