

Converting Colors

HunterLab(26.3450, 5.1230,
-4.9468)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(26.3450, 5.1230, -4.9468)
contains.

HunterLab(26.3450, 5.1230, -4.9468)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(26.3450, 5.1230,
-4.9468)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	534659
RGB	83, 70, 89
RGB Percent	33%, 27%, 35%
CMY	0.6745, 0.7255, 0.6510
CMYK	0.07, 0.21, 0.00, 0.65
HSL	281°, 12%, 31%
HSV	281°, 21%, 35%
XYZ	7.5606, 6.9406, 10.3924
YIQ	76.0530, 1.6490, 8.6650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

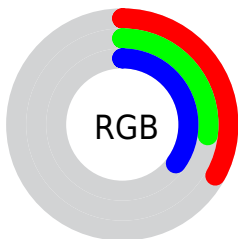
Format	Color
R_{YB}	83, 70, 89
Decimal	5457497
CIE Lab	31.67, 9.55, -9.21
CIE LCh	32, 13.269, 316.059
Yxy	6.9409, 0.3037, 0.2788
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283647577 (0xFF534659)
YUV	76.0530, 6.3829, 6.0925
Hunter-Lab	26.3450, 5.1230, -4.9468

Details

The HunterLab color $[26.3450, 5.1230, -4.9468]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 333333 . A complement of this color would be $[30.2054, -7.6004, 7.1050]$, and the grayscale version is $[26.8804, -1.4343, 1.4605]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[44.5056, 5.5845, -5.0183]$, and $[11.7062, 4.3278, -4.2866]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[24.0487, 8.3999, -8.3356]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[28.7552, 1.8997, -1.7355]$.

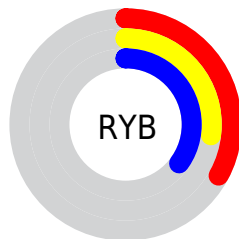
Distribution



Red (33%)

Green (27%)

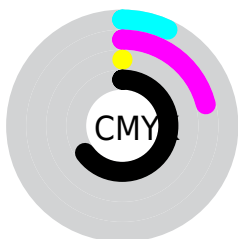
Blue (35%)



Red (33%)

Yellow (27%)

Blue (35%)

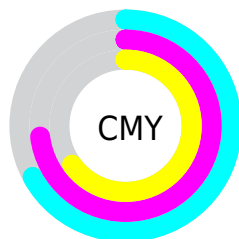


Cyan (7%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (65%)



Cyan (67%)

Magenta (73%)

Yellow (65%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 26.3450, 5.1230, -4.9468 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 26.3450, 5.1230, -4.9468 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 26.3450, 5.1230,
-4.9468

■ 26.3450, 5.1230,
-4.9468

■ 129.2949, 3.8616,
-3.0576

■ 18.5072, 4.8867,
-4.8283

■ 44.5580, 5.2949,
-4.9365

■ 11.6513, 4.5188,
-4.6153

■ 54.7910, 5.2616,
-4.8269

■ 4.3023, 9.4474,
-8.6374

■ 65.7059, 5.1617,
-4.6569

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 77.2623, 5.0022,
-4.4317

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 89.4266, 4.7884,
-4.1558

0.0000, NaN, NaN

102.1698, 4.5247,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-3.8329

0.0000, NaN, NaN

115.4666, 4.2147,
-3.4659

■ 26.3450, 5.1230,
-4.9468

■ 26.3450, 5.1230,
-4.9468

■ 24.0487, 8.3999,
-8.3356

■ 28.7552, 1.8997,
-1.7355

■ 21.8836, 11.7168,
-11.9170

■ 31.2626, -1.2647,
1.3171

■ 19.8736, 15.0352,
-15.6875

■ 33.8555, -4.3740,
4.2333

■ 18.0468, 18.2808,
-19.6105

■ 36.5242, -7.4340,
7.0335

■ 16.4361, 21.3257,
-23.5925

■ 39.2606, -10.4516,
9.7361

■ 15.0762, 23.9772,
-27.4593

■ 42.0581, -13.4337,
12.3572

■ 13.9857, 26.0357,
-30.9937

■ 44.9115, -16.3867,
14.9102

■ 13.0767, 27.9098,
-34.3061

■ 47.8159, -19.3162,
17.4065

■ 50.7676, -22.2272,
19.8557

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.3456, 1.0312, -7.7734



26.3450, 5.1230, -4.9468



26.3456, 7.5348, -0.6287

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.3456, 5.1224, -4.9462



26.3456, 0.7117, 8.2415



26.3456, -9.2228, -0.9478

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.3450, 5.1230, -4.9468



30.2054, -7.6004, 7.1050

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.3456, -9.2956, 3.3425



26.3450, 5.1230, -4.9468



26.3456, -3.7599, 8.1854

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.3456, 5.1224, -4.9462



26.3456, 4.8750, 6.7026



26.3456, -7.3568, 6.5337



26.3456, -7.1507, -5.2134

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.3450, 5.1230, -4.9468



26.3456, 7.7685, 2.2887



26.3456, -7.3568, 6.5337



26.3456, -9.4769, 0.5497

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.3456, 5.1224, -4.9462



39.2573, 0.3405, -0.1865



26.8232, -0.9246, -4.3790



19.7021, 0.2443, -0.1642



70.1359, -3.7423, 3.8106



20.7927, -1.1094, 1.1297

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.3456, 5.1224, -4.9462



32.7702, 9.0310, -8.8585



26.7742, 6.2833, -2.6631



14.5632, 0.5307, -0.4594



15.7827, 33.7675, -42.0417



36.7443, 79.1865, -102.3069

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.5071, 4.8904, 1.1246



33.0541, 8.6578, 1.3818



29.8907, -8.6126, 5.5967



14.5912, 0.4806, 0.7024



18.0180, 31.4917, 6.7179



42.5321, 74.0027, 18.4506

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 26.3450, 5.1230, -4.9468 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 26.3450, 5.1230, -4.9468 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 26.3450, 5.1230, -4.9468 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 26.3450, 5.1230, -4.9468.



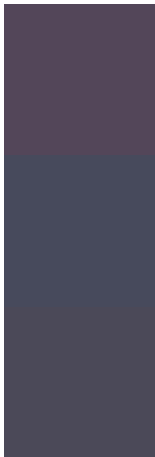
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 26.3450, 5.1230,

-4.9468.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

26.3450, 5.1230, -4.9468

Protanopia

26.4761, 0.7192, -6.3471

Deuteranopia

26.3923, 1.4656, -4.4523



Tritanopia

26.3327, 1.9502, 0.0315

Trichromacy



Original Color

26.3450, 5.1230, -4.9468

Protanomaly

26.4882, 1.9800, -5.7975

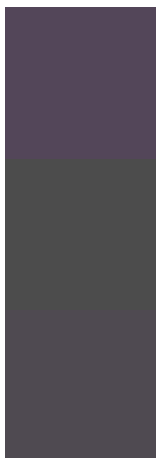
Deuteranomaly

26.3799, 2.6940, -4.4481

Tritanomaly

26.2859, 3.2723, -1.7509

Monochromacy



Original Color

26.3450, 5.1230, -4.9468

Achromatopsia

26.8834, -1.4344, 1.4606

Achromatomaly

26.7468, 0.9663, -0.7580

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 26.3450, 5.1230, -4.9468 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(83, 70, 89)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(83, 70, 89)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(83, 70, 89) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(83, 70, 89) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 26.3450, 5.1230, -4.9468 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(83, 70, 89) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(83, 70, 89) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(83, 70, 89)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(83, 70, 89); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 70, 89);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 70, 89)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 26.3450, 5.1230, -4.9468 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(83, 70, 89) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(83, 70,  
89) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor