

Converting Colors

HunterLab(26.3883, 64.3052,
-171.7997)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(26.3883, 64.3052,
-171.7997) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(26.3574, 64.2301,
-171.5989)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0015F2
RGB	0, 21, 242
RGB Percent	0%, 8%, 95%
CMY	0.9997, 0.9177, 0.0510
CMYK	1.00, 0.91, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	235°, 100%, 47%
HSV	235°, 100%, 95%
XYZ	16.2952, 6.9471, 84.4864
YIQ	39.9150, -83.4570, 64.2790

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

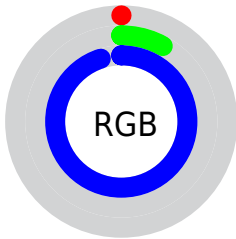
Format	Color
RYB	0, 19, 242
Decimal	5618
CIELab	31.69, 72.22, -101.57
CIELCh	32, 124.627, 305.417
Yxy	6.9471, 0.1513, 0.0645
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278195698 (0xFF0015F2)
YUV	39.9150, 99.6279, -35.0055
Hunter-Lab	26.3574, 64.2301, -171.5989

Details

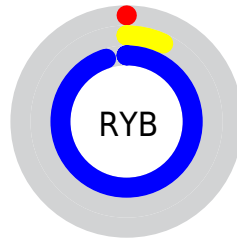
The HunterLab color **26.3574, 64.2301, -171.5989** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3300FF**. The color can be described as dark saturated blue. A complement of this color would be **84.0434, -14.3401, 51.5347**, and the grayscale version is **14.2510, -0.7604, 0.7743**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **40.5594, 52.7338, -112.3823**, and **18.6029, 50.4605, -132.1817** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.3523, 64.2517, -171.6391**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **28.8841, 56.2251, -153.6525**.

Distribution



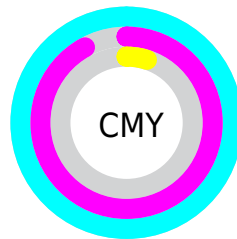
- Red (0%)
- Green (8%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (91%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (92%)
- Yellow (5%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 26.3574, 64.2301, -171.5989 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 26.3574, 64.2301, -171.5989 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 26.3574, 64.2301,
-171.5989

■ 26.3574, 64.2301,
-171.5989

■ 129.3149, 83.3356,
-152.4939

■ 18.5177, 62.3103,
-188.3340

■ 44.5721, 68.8302,
-157.0548

■ 11.6602, 61.4189,
-222.1559

■ 54.8061, 71.1495,
-153.9612

■ 4.3205, 95.2261,
-427.1244

■ 65.7218, 73.4043,
-152.2429

0.0000, INF, -NF

■ 77.2792, 75.5751,
-151.4145

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 89.4444, 77.6541,
-151.1827

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 102.1883, 79.6395,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-151.3612

0.0000, NaN, -NF

115.4859, 81.5325,
-151.8264

26.3574, 64.2301,
-171.5989

26.3574, 64.2301,
-171.5989

26.3523, 64.2517,
-171.6391

28.8841, 56.2251,
-153.6525

32.9460, 46.2067,
-130.0654

38.3157, 36.2901,
-105.7443

44.6893, 27.4650,
-83.4322

51.8212, 19.9118,
-63.8313

■ 59.5354, 13.4814,
-46.7369

■ 67.7097, 7.9530,
-31.6970

■ 76.2589, 3.1247,
-18.2670

■ 85.1223, -1.1646,
-6.0799

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.3574, 6.7190, -250.3151



26.3574, 64.2301, -171.5989



26.3574, 120.8397, -55.3208

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.3574, 64.2349, -171.5998



26.3574, 41.6840, 18.4502



26.3574, -44.0576, -6.9651

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.3574, 64.2301, -171.5989



84.0434, -14.3401, 51.5347

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.3574, -42.2820, 18.0122



26.3574, 64.2301, -171.5989



26.3574, -8.6555, 18.4502

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.3574, 64.2349, -171.5998



26.3574, 103.0321, 18.4502



26.3574, -33.9230, 18.4502



26.3574, -40.3365, -94.3333

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.3574, 64.2301, -171.5989



26.3574, 138.5499, -5.5271



26.3574, -33.9230, 18.4502



26.3574, -44.0837, 6.8988

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.3574, 64.2349, -171.5998



71.7567, 8.5011, -33.8060



82.7990, -49.2170, 2.7567



31.4774, 5.0351, -18.6579

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.3574, 64.2349, -171.5998



27.9208, 68.3740, -182.4984



29.9080, 72.6404, -146.8308



39.3044, -0.6282, -2.5246



19.5214, 46.2418, -124.2229



6.2595, 10.9728, -31.5110

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43.5119, 74.6312, 27.1525



46.1715, 79.1961, 28.8592



83.3936, -52.8941, 50.4594



39.7253, 1.6027, 2.9547



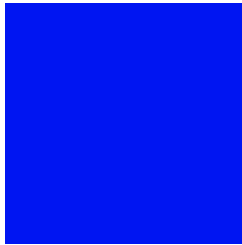
31.9031, 54.7511, 19.7150



9.2427, 15.9434, 5.0808

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 26.3574, 64.2301, -171.5989 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

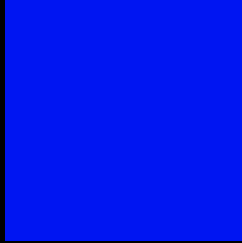
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 26.3574, 64.2301, -171.5989 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

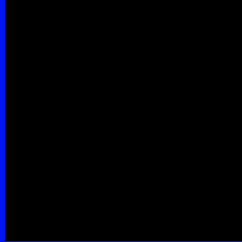
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 26.3574, 64.2301, -171.5989 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 26.3574, 64.2301, -171.5989.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 26.3574, 64.2301, -171.5989.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

26.3574, 64.2301, -171.5989

Protanopia

26.2090, 7.9608, -49.9439

Deuteranopia

26.2036, -1.2362, -30.0835



Tritanopia

26.2195, -13.1139, -4.4629

Trichromacy



Original Color

26.3574, 64.2301, -171.5989

Protanomaly

24.5090, 29.3923, -94.0837

Deuteranomaly

24.0641, 21.8620, -77.2718

Tritanomaly

22.8361, 11.4212, -53.1982

Monochromacy



Original Color

26.3574, 64.2301, -171.5989

Achromatopsia

14.5667, -0.7772, 0.7914

Achromatomaly

15.7691, 16.8381, -48.7283

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 26.3574, 64.2301, -171.5989 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 21, 242)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 21, 242)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 21, 242) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 21, 242) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 26.3574, 64.2301, -171.5989 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 21, 242) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 21, 242) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 21, 242)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 21, 242); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 21, 242);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 21, 242)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 26.3574, 64.2301, -171.5989 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 21, 242) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 21,  
242) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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