

Converting Colors

HunterLab(26.3907, -1.0065,
-0.8198)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(26.3907, -1.0065,
-0.8198) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(26.5100, -1.2006,
-0.6595)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	494B50
RGB	73, 75, 80
RGB Percent	29%, 29%, 31%
CMY	0.7137, 0.7059, 0.6863
CMYK	0.09, 0.06, 0.00, 0.69
HSL	223°, 5%, 30%
HSV	223°, 9%, 31%
XYZ	6.7117, 7.0278, 8.5922
YIQ	74.9720, -2.7970, 1.1310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	73, 75, 80
Decimal	4803408
CIELab	31.87, 0.33, -3.25
CIELCh	32, 3.266, 275.763
Yxy	7.0281, 0.3005, 0.3147
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282993488 (0xFF494B50)
YUV	74.9720, 2.4788, -1.7294
Hunter-Lab	26.5100, -1.2006, -0.6595

Details

The HunterLab color $[26.5100, -1.2006, -0.6595]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 333333 . A complement of this color would be $[27.6319, -1.6166, 3.4730]$, and the grayscale version is $[26.5081, -1.4144, 1.4402]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[44.8752, -2.1752, 0.1736]$, and $[11.6985, -0.4060, -1.2576]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[24.4845, -0.7540, -3.3042]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[28.5852, -1.5501, 1.8451]$.

Distribution



Red (29%)

Green (29%)

Blue (31%)



Red (29%)

Yellow (29%)

Blue (31%)



Cyan (9%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (69%)



Cyan (71%)

Magenta (71%)

Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 26.5100, -1.2006, -0.6595 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 26.5100, -1.2006, -0.6595 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 26.5100, -1.2006,
-0.6595

■ 26.5100, -1.2006,
-0.6595

■ 129.5751, -6.5566,
3.5754

■ 18.6539, -0.8052,
-0.8736

■ 44.7546, -2.1347,
-0.0383

■ 11.7771, -0.4649,
-1.0080

■ 55.0015, -2.6639,
0.3528

■ 4.5509, 0.0709,
-2.7121

■ 65.9295, -3.2306,
0.7908

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 77.4984, -3.8324,
1.2720

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 89.6745, -4.4674,
1.7934

0.0000, NaN, NaN

102.4289, -5.1341,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

2.3525

0.0000, NaN, NaN

115.7364, -5.8309,
2.9471

■ 26.5100, -1.2006,
-0.6595

■ 26.5100, -1.2006,
-0.6595

■ 24.4845, -0.7540,
-3.3042

■ 28.5852, -1.5501,
1.8451

■ 22.5127, -0.1895,
-6.1190

■ 30.7037, -1.8161,
4.2320

■ 20.6022, 0.5157,
-9.1375

■ 32.8623, -2.0118,
6.5214

■ 18.7617, 1.3905,
-12.3988

■ 35.0578, -2.1472,
8.7294

■ 17.0025, 2.4691,
-15.9455

■ 37.2875, -2.2307,
10.8694

■ 15.3387, 3.7905,
-19.8185

■ 39.5490, -2.2691,
12.9523

■ 13.7880, 5.3946,
-24.0452

■ 41.8403, -2.2680,
14.9874

■ 12.3721, 7.3101,
-28.6190

■ 44.1598, -2.2321,
16.9821

■ 11.0542, 9.3764,
-33.7312

■ 46.5059, -2.1654,
18.9430

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.5106, -2.2870, -0.4773



26.5100, -1.2006, -0.6595



26.5106, -0.1561, -0.2591

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.5106, -1.2012, -0.6590



26.5106, 0.3395, 2.6032



26.5106, -3.3355, 2.2636

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.5100, -1.2006, -0.6595



27.6319, -1.6166, 3.4730

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.5106, -2.6527, 3.0393



26.5100, -1.2006, -0.6595



26.5106, -0.5335, 3.2296

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.5106, -1.2012, -0.6590



26.5106, 0.7427, 1.6462



26.5106, -1.6301, 3.3860



26.5106, -3.5077, 1.2382

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.5100, -1.2006, -0.6595



26.5106, 0.3730, 0.2743



26.5106, -1.6301, 3.3860



26.5106, -3.1587, 2.5609

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.5106, -1.2012, -0.6590



36.5584, -1.8612, 1.0161



27.7534, -3.6243, 1.6800



18.5321, -0.9336, 0.4138



67.9972, -3.6282, 3.6944



19.0543, -1.0167, 1.0353

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.5106, -1.2012, -0.6590



34.5837, -1.5008, -1.4208



26.1078, 0.0208, -1.1477



13.8774, -0.6288, -0.3446



13.9056, 14.0235, -47.6536



31.2495, 39.7954, -124.9661

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.4172, 0.8047, 1.3516



34.4427, 1.6341, 1.7489



28.0422, -2.8441, 3.9022



13.8286, 0.4208, 0.7075



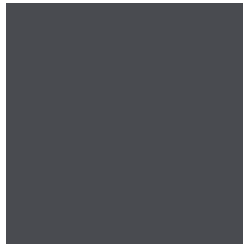
17.5193, 30.5341, 7.1980



41.9065, 72.7144, 19.7286

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 26.5100, -1.2006, -0.6595 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

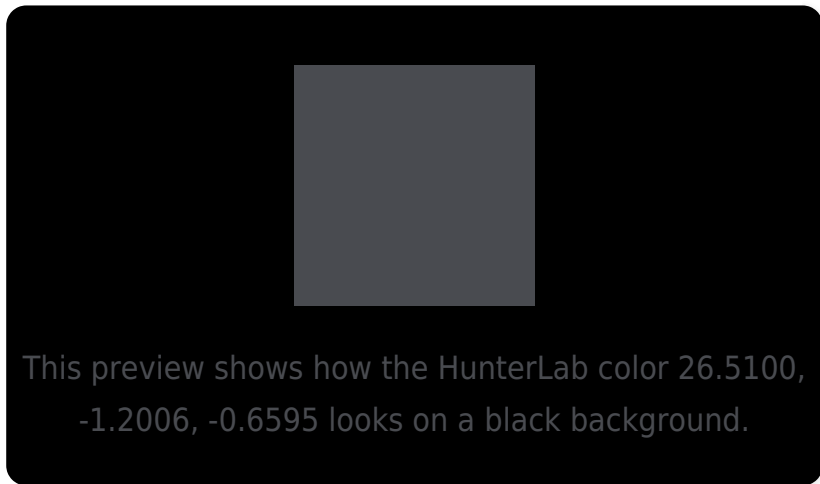
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

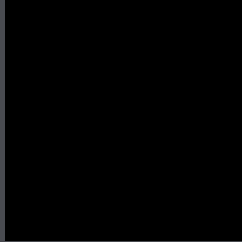
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

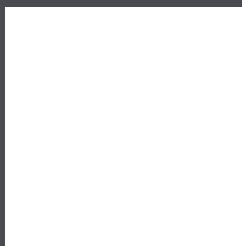
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 26.5100, -1.2006, -0.6595 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 26.5100, -1.2006, -0.6595.



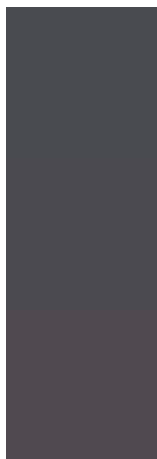
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 26.5100, -1.2006, -0.6595.

-0.6595.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

26.5100, -1.2006, -0.6595

Protanopia

26.4057, -0.2534, -0.7743

Deuteranopia

26.5514, 1.5278, -0.5598



Tritanopia

26.5381, -1.0471, -1.0576

Trichromacy



Original Color

26.5100, -1.2006, -0.6595

Protanomaly

26.3298, -0.5144, -0.8747

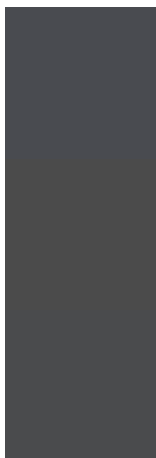
Deuteranomaly

26.5604, 0.2763, -0.5705

Tritanomaly

26.5381, -1.0471, -1.0576

Monochromacy



Original Color

26.5100, -1.2006, -0.6595

Achromatopsia

26.5255, -1.4153, 1.4412

Achromatomaly

26.5025, -1.3903, 0.5990

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 26.5100, -1.2006, -0.6595 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(73, 75, 80)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(73, 75, 80)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(73, 75, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(73, 75, 80) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 26.5100, -1.2006, -0.6595 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(73, 75, 80) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(73, 75, 80) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(73, 75, 80)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(73, 75, 80); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 75, 80);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 75, 80)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 26.5100, -1.2006, -0.6595 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(73, 75, 80) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(73, 75,  
80) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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