

Converting Colors

HunterLab(26.4175, -22.6096,
15.7879)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(26.4175, -22.6096,
15.7879) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(26.4228,
-22.6279, 15.8210)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	005801
RGB	0, 88, 1
RGB Percent	0%, 35%, 0%
CMY	1.0000, 0.6549, 0.9961
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.99, 0.65
HSL	121°, 100%, 17%
HSV	121°, 100%, 35%
XYZ	3.4952, 6.9816, 1.1921
YIQ	51.7700, -24.5210, -45.7130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	0, 87, 88
Decimal	22529
CIELab	31.77, -39.61, 37.94
CIELCh	32, 54.853, 136.234
Yxy	6.9819, 0.2995, 0.5983
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278212609 (0xFF005801)
YUV	51.7700, -25.0296, -45.4023
Hunter-Lab	26.4228, -22.6279, 15.8210

Details

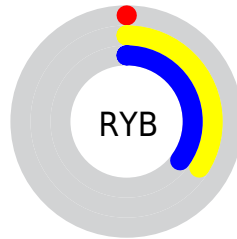
The HunterLab color $[26.4228, -22.6279, 15.8210]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 006600 . A complement of this color would be $[16.6219, 32.6049, -21.3480]$, and the grayscale version is $[18.5417, -0.9893, 1.0074]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[44.6373, -29.2758, 22.3571]$, and $[12.8683, -11.0346, 7.7362]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[26.4233, -22.6283, 15.8211]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[26.5665, -21.9456, 15.3640]$.

Distribution



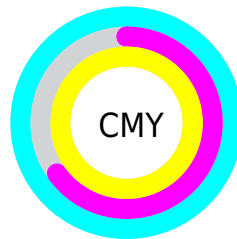
- Red (0%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (0%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Blue (35%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (99%)
- Black (65%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 26.4228, -22.6279, 15.8210 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 26.4228, -22.6279, 15.8210 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 26.4228, -22.6279,
15.8210

■ 26.4228, -22.6279,
15.8210

■ 129.4270,
-47.9921, 41.0303

■ 18.5763, -18.8560,
13.0034

■ 44.6507, -29.2151,
22.3805

■ 11.7105, -16.3629,
8.1974

■ 54.8903, -32.2007,
25.3610

■ 4.4213, -7.7373,
3.0949

■ 65.8113, -35.0461,
28.1976

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 77.3737, -37.7818,
30.9194

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 89.5435, -40.4296,
33.5483


0.0000, NaN, NaN


0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 102.2920,


-43.0060, 36.1014


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 115.5938,
-45.5235, 38.5919


 26.4228, -22.6279,
15.8210


 26.4228, -22.6279,
15.8210


 26.4233, -22.6283,
15.8211

 26.5665, -21.9456,
15.3640

 26.7386, -21.1280,
14.7986

 26.9894, -19.9485,
13.9898

 27.3254, -18.3891,
12.9284

 27.7505, -16.4482,
11.6140

■ 28.2669, -14.1361,
10.0542

■ 28.8752, -11.4725,
8.2627

■ 29.5748, -8.4848,
6.2581

■ 30.3638, -5.2048,
4.0619

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.4233, -10.7009, 18.1666



26.4228, -22.6279, 15.8210



26.4233, -27.9843, 8.3314

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.4233, -22.6283, 15.8211



26.4233, -9.4083, -57.7040



26.4233, 42.5418, 9.3031

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.4228, -22.6279, 15.8210



16.6219, 32.6049, -21.3480

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.4233, 43.1734, -8.0257



26.4228, -22.6279, 15.8210



26.4233, 9.3706, -56.6776

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.4233, -22.6283, 15.8211



26.4233, -21.9091, -36.9161



26.4233, 29.7632, -34.6695



26.4233, 28.2217, 16.1119

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.4228, -22.6279, 15.8210



26.4233, -28.4297, -2.5374



26.4233, 29.7632, -34.6695



26.4233, 44.4746, 4.8785

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.4233, -22.6283, 15.8211



38.0973, -15.5403, 11.1745



30.0907, -8.0821, 18.4003



19.0627, -8.3151, 5.9560



70.1359, -3.7423, 3.8106



20.7927, -1.1094, 1.1297

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.4233, -22.6283, 15.8211



34.9391, -29.9310, 20.9415



26.7611, -20.5216, 10.8513



15.2704, -2.3954, 1.8932



32.4637, -27.8082, 19.4531



76.9375, -65.9467, 46.1948

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.6219, 32.6049, -21.3480



21.9775, 43.1072, -28.2014



15.0222, 26.9363, 0.3229



14.6623, 0.8631, -0.3092



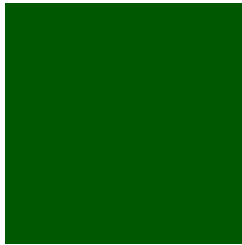
20.4208, 40.0545, -26.2093



48.3901, 94.9003, -61.9919

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 26.4228, -22.6279, 15.8210 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

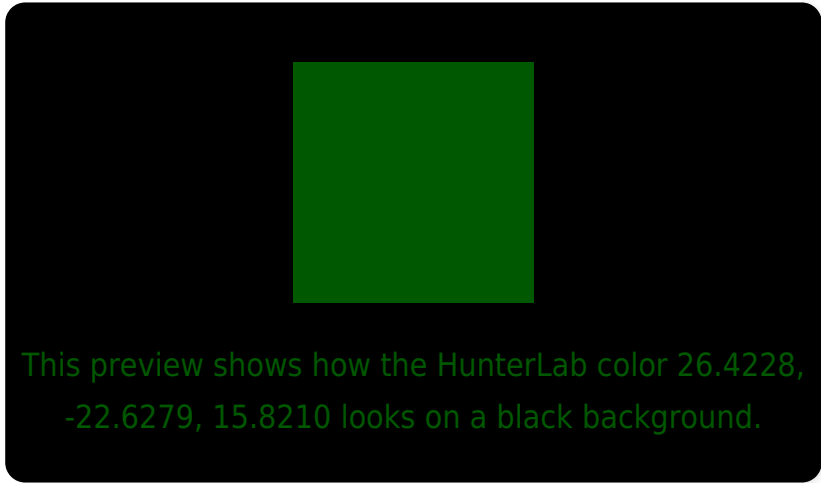
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 26.4228, -22.6279, 15.8210 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 26.4228, -22.6279, 15.8210.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 26.4228,

-22.6279, 15.8210.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

26.4228, -22.6279, 15.8210

Protanopia

26.3883, -3.8186, 16.1935

Deuteranopia

26.3309, 1.2856, 14.8602



Tritanopia

26.7067, -9.6976, -4.2098

Trichromacy



Original Color

26.4228, -22.6279, 15.8210

Protanomaly

25.5374, -14.0056, 15.4908

Deuteranomaly

25.0898, -11.2964, 14.4405

Tritanomaly

26.1158, -16.5802, 7.3082

Monochromacy



Original Color

26.4228, -22.6279, 15.8210

Achromatopsia

18.5310, -0.9888, 1.0068

Achromatomaly

20.5274, -11.6444, 8.2892

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 26.4228, -22.6279, 15.8210 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 88, 1)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 88, 1)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 88, 1) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 88, 1) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 26.4228, -22.6279, 15.8210 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 88, 1) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 88, 1) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 88, 1)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 88, 1); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 88, 1); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 88, 1) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 26.4228, -22.6279, 15.8210 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 88, 1) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 88,  
1) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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