

Converting Colors

HunterLab(26.4956, -0.6868,
-1.3704)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(26.4956, -0.6868,
-1.3704) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(26.5666, -0.8917,
-1.4607)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	494B52
RGB	73, 75, 82
RGB Percent	29%, 29%, 32%
CMY	0.7137, 0.7059, 0.6784
CMYK	0.11, 0.09, 0.00, 0.68
HSL	227°, 6%, 30%
HSV	227°, 11%, 32%
XYZ	6.7867, 7.0578, 8.9873
YIQ	75.2000, -3.4390, 1.7530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	73, 75, 82
Decimal	4803410
CIE Lab	31.94, 0.80, -4.43
CIE LCh	32, 4.499, 280.265
Yxy	7.0581, 0.2972, 0.3091
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282993490 (0xFF494B52)
YUV	75.2000, 3.3524, -1.9294
Hunter-Lab	26.5666, -0.8917, -1.4607

Details

The HunterLab color $[26.5666, -0.8917, -1.4607]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 333333 . A complement of this color would be $[28.3057, -1.9176, 4.2049]$, and the grayscale version is $[26.5868, -1.4186, 1.4445]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[44.9350, -1.8481, -0.6760]$, and $[11.7250, -0.2617, -1.6303]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[24.3650, -0.1843, -4.4150]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[28.8249, -1.4959, 1.3158]$.

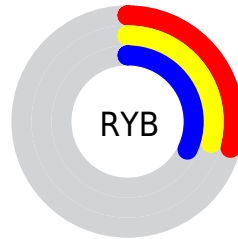
Distribution



 Red (29%)

 Green (29%)

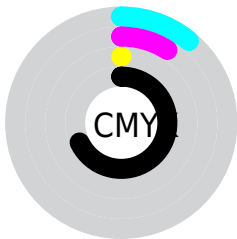
 Blue (32%)



 Red (29%)

 Yellow (29%)

 Blue (32%)

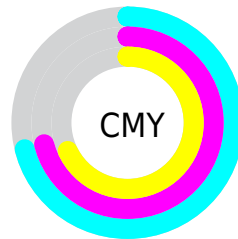


 Cyan (11%)

 Magenta (9%)

 Yellow (0%)

 Black (68%)



 Cyan (71%)

 Magenta (71%)

 Yellow (68%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 26.5666, -0.8917, -1.4607 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 26.5666, -0.8917, -1.4607 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 26.5666, -0.8917,
-1.4607

■ 26.5666, -0.8917,
-1.4607

■ 129.6711, -6.0346,
2.2957

■ 18.7042, -0.5299,
-1.6034

■ 44.8220, -1.7676,
-0.9668

■ 11.8203, -0.2281,
-1.6599

■ 55.0737, -2.2709,
-0.6334

■ 4.6330, 0.5067,
-3.7090

■ 66.0062, -2.8133,
-0.2500

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 77.5793, -3.3922,
0.1793

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 89.7594, -4.0055,
0.6511

0.0000, NaN, NaN

102.5176, -4.6513,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

115.8289, -5.3281,
1.7114

■ 26.5666, -0.8917,
-1.4607

■ 26.5666, -0.8917,
-1.4607

■ 24.3650, -0.1843,
-4.4150

■ 28.8249, -1.4959,
1.3158

■ 22.2255, 0.6504,
-7.5886

■ 31.1325, -2.0134,
3.9457

■ 20.1577, 1.6404,
-11.0300

■ 33.4853, -2.4589,
6.4559

■ 18.1732, 2.8206,
-14.7962

■ 35.8796, -2.8439,
8.8677

■ 16.2871, 4.2328,
-18.9496

■ 38.3121, -3.1777,
11.1984

■ 14.5193, 5.9230,
-23.5475

■ 40.7803, -3.4677,
13.4618

■ 12.8959, 7.9325,
-28.6164

■ 43.2817, -3.7200,
15.6695

■ 11.4445, 10.2623,
-34.1243

■ 45.8143, -3.9396,
17.8308

■ 10.2442, 12.4457,
-39.6711

■ 48.3766, -4.1307,
19.9535

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.5672, -2.4059, -1.3277



26.5666, -0.8917, -1.4607



26.5672, 0.5110, -0.7812

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.5672, -0.8922, -1.4602



26.5672, 0.8653, 3.1935



26.5672, -4.1340, 2.3746

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.5666, -0.8917, -1.4607



28.3057, -1.9176, 4.2049

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.5672, -3.2954, 3.4958



26.5666, -0.8917, -1.4607



26.5672, -0.4174, 3.9498

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.5672, -0.8922, -1.4602



26.5672, 1.5408, 1.9404



26.5672, -1.9417, 4.0572



26.5672, -4.2546, 0.9421

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.5666, -0.8917, -1.4607



26.5672, 1.1864, 0.0191



26.5672, -1.9417, 4.0572



26.5672, -3.9277, 2.7982

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.5672, -0.8922, -1.4602



37.4461, -1.8169, 0.9744



28.3353, -4.1710, 1.5469



18.4993, -0.8790, 0.3751



67.9972, -3.6282, 3.6944



19.0543, -1.0167, 1.0353

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.5672, -0.8922, -1.4602



34.3740, -0.9604, -2.8759



26.2421, 0.5936, -1.8552



13.8180, -0.5293, -0.4177



12.7804, 17.2728, -53.2614



28.7218, 47.8234, -139.1368

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.5840, 1.3690, 1.5579



34.4113, 2.6977, 2.0705



28.6424, -3.4177, 4.5413



13.8226, 0.3884, 0.7933



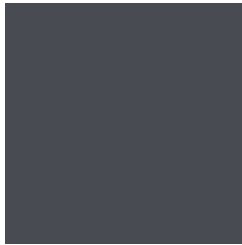
17.4326, 30.2144, 8.4693



41.7235, 72.0384, 22.4212

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 26.5666, -0.8917, -1.4607 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

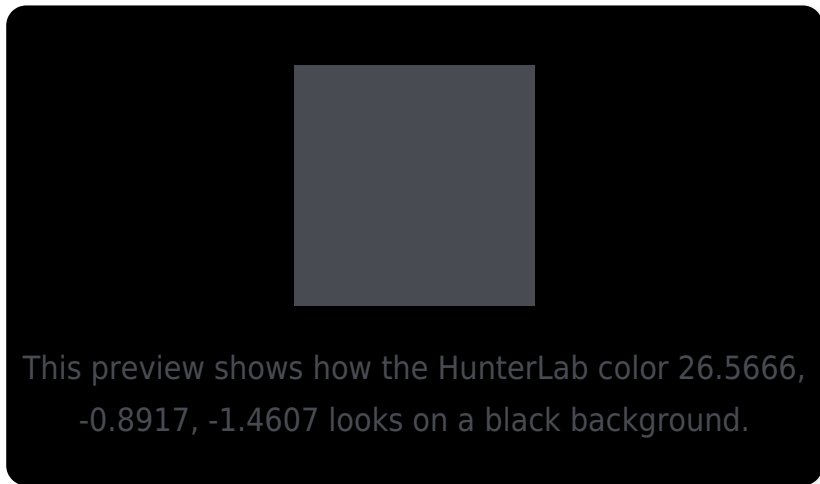
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

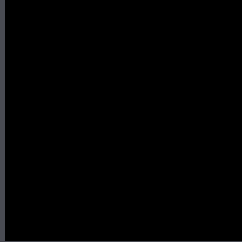
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

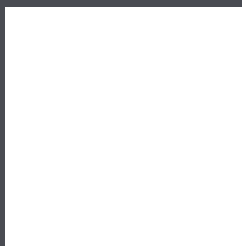
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 26.5666, -0.8917, -1.4607 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 26.5666, -0.8917, -1.4607.



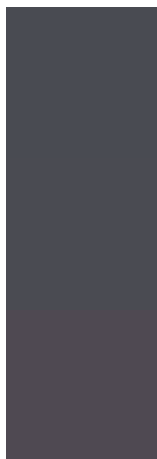
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 26.5666, -0.8917, -1.4607.

-1.4607.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

26.5666, -0.8917, -1.4607

Protanopia

26.6406, -0.6360, -1.3611

Deuteranopia

26.5265, 1.5572, -1.4694



Tritanopia

26.5381, -1.0471, -1.0576

Trichromacy



Original Color

26.5666, -0.8917, -1.4607

Protanomaly

26.6406, -0.6360, -1.3611

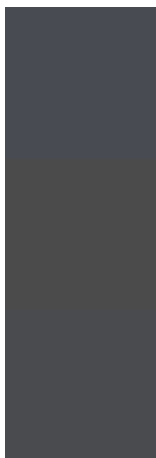
Deuteranomaly

26.6168, 0.5815, -1.3703

Tritanomaly

26.5381, -1.0471, -1.0576

Monochromacy



Original Color

26.5666, -0.8917, -1.4607

Achromatopsia

26.5255, -1.4153, 1.4412

Achromatomaly

26.5293, -1.2434, 0.2171

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 26.5666, -0.8917, -1.4607 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(73, 75, 82)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(73, 75, 82)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(73, 75, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(73, 75, 82) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 26.5666, -0.8917, -1.4607 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(73, 75, 82) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(73, 75, 82) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(73, 75, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(73, 75, 82); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 75, 82);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 75, 82)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 26.5666, -0.8917, -1.4607 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(73, 75, 82) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(73, 75,  
82) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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