

Converting Colors

HunterLab(26.5076, -3.3953,
0.7767)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(26.5076, -3.3953, 0.7767)
contains.

HunterLab(26.6360, -3.6391, 1.1295)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(26.6360, -3.6391,
1.1295)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	454D4C
RGB	69, 77, 76
RGB Percent	27%, 30%, 30%
CMY	0.7294, 0.6980, 0.7020
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.01, 0.70
HSL	172°, 5%, 29%
HSV	172°, 10%, 30%
XYZ	6.4126, 7.0948, 7.8689
YIQ	74.4940, -4.4470, -2.0070

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	69, 73, 77
Decimal	4541772
CIELab	32.02, -3.44, -0.51
CIELCh	32, 3.479, 188.436
Yxy	7.0951, 0.3000, 0.3319
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282731852 (0xFF454D4C)
YUV	74.4940, 0.7425, -4.8182
Hunter-Lab	26.6360, -3.6391, 1.1295

Details

The HunterLab color **26.6360, -3.6391, 1.1295** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **25.0527, 1.0053, 1.7413**, and the grayscale version is **26.3437, -1.4056, 1.4313**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **44.9269, -5.1248, 1.9892**, and **11.8811, -2.3041, 0.4615** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.1117, -5.5796, 0.8624**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27.2189, -1.5388, 1.4657**.

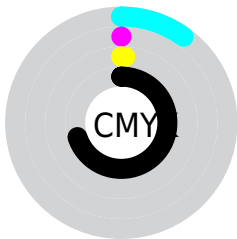
Distribution



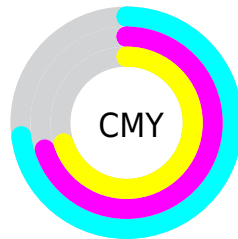
- Red (27%)
- Green (30%)
- Blue (30%)



- Red (27%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (30%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (70%)



- Cyan (73%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (70%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 26.6360, -3.6391, 1.1295 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 26.6360, -3.6391, 1.1295 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 26.6360, -3.6391,
1.1295

■ 26.6360, -3.6391,
1.1295

129.7888,
-10.7317, 6.5244

■ 18.7660, -2.9663,
0.7363

■ 44.9046, -5.0499,
2.0641

■ 11.8733, -2.3075,
0.4008

■ 55.1622, -5.7903,
2.5957

■ 4.7317, -3.4223,
-0.1896

■ 66.1002, -6.5548,
3.1660

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 77.6785, -7.3433,
3.7725

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 89.8635, -8.1557,
4.4132

0.0000, NaN, NaN

102.6265, -8.9914,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

115.9422, -9.8503,
5.7906

■ 26.6360, -3.6391,
1.1295

■ 26.6360, -3.6391,
1.1295

■ 26.1117, -5.5796,
0.8624

■ 27.2189, -1.5388,
1.4657

■ 25.6450, -7.3450,
0.6657

■ 27.8575, 0.7078,
1.8665

■ 25.2370, -8.9239,
0.5412

■ 28.5508, 3.0850,
2.3286

■ 24.8871, -10.3070,
0.4893

■ 29.2969, 5.5775,
2.8478

■ 24.5945, -11.4887,
0.5090

■ 30.0938, 8.1707,
3.4198

■ 24.3573, -12.4675,
0.5978

■ 30.9394, 10.8509,
4.0403

■ 24.1728, -13.2470,
0.7517

■ 31.8314, 13.6055,
4.7051

■ 24.0347, -13.8471,
0.9616

■ 32.7676, 16.4231,
5.4100

■ 23.9117, -14.3882,
1.1725

■ 33.7458, 19.2939,
6.1512

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.6366, -3.5091, 2.2344



26.6360, -3.6391, 1.1295



26.6366, -3.1843, 0.0668

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.6366, -3.6396, 1.1299



26.6366, 0.0088, -0.3047



26.6366, -0.5799, 3.3882

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.6360, -3.6391, 1.1295



25.0527, 1.0053, 1.7413

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.6366, 0.3860, 2.7626



26.6360, -3.6391, 1.1295



26.6366, 0.7300, 0.6408

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.6366, -3.6396, 1.1299



26.6366, -1.0875, -0.7848



26.6366, 0.8692, 1.7660



26.6366, -1.7562, 3.5064

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.6360, -3.6391, 1.1295



26.6366, -2.6051, -0.4641



26.6366, 0.8692, 1.7660



26.6366, -0.2193, 3.2317

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.6366, -3.6396, 1.1299



35.2472, -2.7680, 1.7821



26.5373, -4.3409, 3.6969



18.0455, -1.5045, 0.8996



66.9319, -3.5713, 3.6365



18.1947, -0.9708, 0.9886

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.6366, -3.6396, 1.1299



34.5563, -5.2752, 1.3936



25.8993, -2.2673, -0.1547



13.7408, -1.6884, 0.6083



31.9812, -19.3283, 1.7506



77.7961, -47.4062, 5.0979

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.0527, 1.0053, 1.7413



32.0932, 1.9511, 2.3456



25.7561, -0.3858, 2.9032



13.0619, 0.3021, 0.8702



16.8915, 29.0957, 9.6091



41.0216, 70.4636, 24.8569

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 26.6360, -3.6391, 1.1295 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 26.6360, -3.6391, 1.1295 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

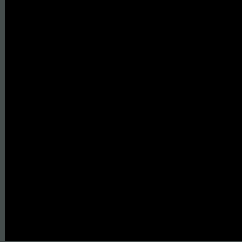
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 26.6360, -3.6391, 1.1295 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 26.6360, -3.6391, 1.1295.

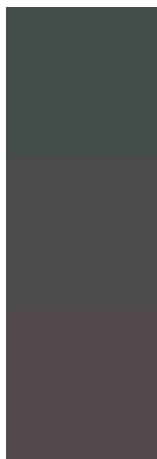


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 26.6360, -3.6391, 1.1295.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

26.6360, -3.6391, 1.1295

Protanopia

26.6795, -0.8813, 1.6313

Deuteranopia

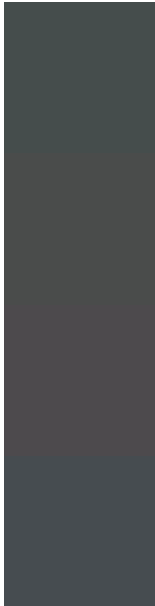
26.6360, 1.6495, 0.8131



Tritanopia

26.6086, -2.0670, -1.4272

Trichromacy



Original Color

26.6360, -3.6391, 1.1295

Protanomaly

26.7072, -2.1013, 1.6424

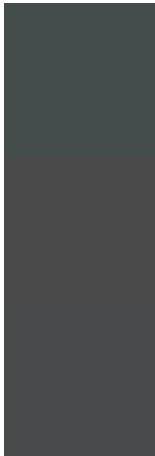
Deuteranomaly

26.4786, -0.1671, 0.5915

Tritanomaly

26.5521, -2.3780, -0.6272

Monochromacy



Original Color

26.6360, -3.6391, 1.1295

Achromatopsia

26.1683, -1.3963, 1.4218

Achromatomaly

26.3018, -2.1966, 1.1632

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 26.6360, -3.6391, 1.1295 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(69, 77, 76)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(69, 77, 76)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(69, 77, 76) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(69, 77, 76) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 26.6360, -3.6391, 1.1295 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(69, 77, 76) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(69, 77, 76) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(69, 77, 76)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(69, 77, 76); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 77, 76);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 77, 76)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 26.6360, -3.6391, 1.1295 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(69, 77, 76) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(69, 77,  
76) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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