

Converting Colors

HunterLab(26.5154, -1.6353,
-1.3617)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(26.5154, -1.6353,
-1.3617) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(26.4215, -1.3948,
-1.6567)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	474B52
RGB	71, 75, 82
RGB Percent	28%, 29%, 32%
CMY	0.7216, 0.7059, 0.6784
CMYK	0.13, 0.09, 0.00, 0.68
HSL	218°, 7%, 30%
HSV	218°, 13%, 32%
XYZ	6.6376, 6.9810, 8.9803
YIQ	74.6020, -4.6310, 1.3290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

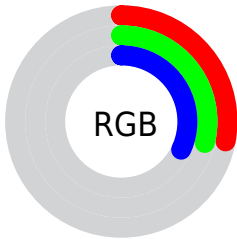
Format	Color
R_{YB}	71, 74, 82
Decimal	4672338
CIE Lab	31.76, 0.02, -4.71
CIE LCh	32, 4.706, 270.297
Yxy	6.9812, 0.2937, 0.3089
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282862418 (0xFF474B52)
YUV	74.6020, 3.6472, -3.1590
Hunter-Lab	26.4215, -1.3948, -1.6567

Details

The HunterLab color $[26.4215, -1.3948, -1.6567]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex $[333333]$. A complement of this color would be $[27.7444, -1.3199, 4.3333]$, and the grayscale version is $[26.3723, -1.4072, 1.4329]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[44.6944, -2.6843, -0.9914]$, and $[11.6637, -0.4735, -1.7183]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[24.5211, -1.1502, -4.2120]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[28.3718, -1.5276, 0.7739]$.

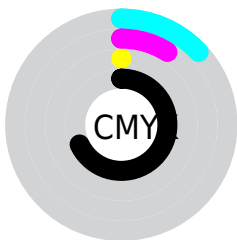
Distribution



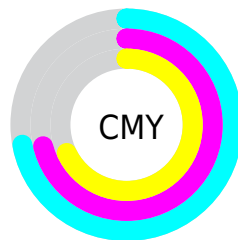
- Red (28%)
- Green (29%)
- Blue (32%)



- Red (28%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (32%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (68%)



- Cyan (72%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (68%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 26.4215, -1.3948, -1.6567 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 26.4215, -1.3948, -1.6567 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 26.4215, -1.3948,
-1.6567

■ 26.4215, -1.3948,
-1.6567

■ 129.4248, -6.8857,
1.9797

■ 18.5752, -0.9780,
-1.7815

■ 44.6492, -2.3658,
-1.1948

■ 11.7096, -0.6133,
-1.8184

■ 54.8886, -2.9113,
-0.8759

■ 4.4193, -0.2120,
-4.1735

■ 65.8096, -3.4934,
-0.5062

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 77.3718, -4.1097,
-0.0899

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 89.5416, -4.7586,
0.3695

0.0000, NaN, NaN

102.2899, -5.4384,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.8691

0.0000, NaN, NaN

115.5917, -6.1478,
1.4065

■ 26.4215, -1.3948,
-1.6567

■ 26.4215, -1.3948,
-1.6567

■ 24.5211, -1.1502,
-4.2120

■ 28.3718, -1.5276,
0.7739

■ 22.6744, -0.7727,
-6.9153

■ 30.3657, -1.5633,
3.0973

■ 20.8887, -0.2390,
-9.7906

■ 32.4000, -1.5159,
5.3302

■ 19.1723, 0.4786,
-12.8643

■ 34.4713, -1.3964,
7.4864

■ 17.5350, 1.4124,
-16.1620

■ 36.5769, -1.2140,
9.5775

■ 15.9888, 2.5975,
-19.7040

■ 38.7144, -0.9764,
11.6131

■ 14.5483, 4.0675,
-23.4970

■ 40.8817, -0.6901,
13.6018

■ 13.2152, 5.8031,
-27.5700

■ 43.0770, -0.3603,
15.5503

■ 12.3652, 6.9853,
-30.5348

■ 45.2988, 0.0082,
17.4647

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.4221, -2.9172, -1.2299



26.4215, -1.3948, -1.6567



26.4221, 0.1575, -1.2132

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.4221, -1.3953, -1.6562



26.4221, 1.2957, 2.8713



26.4221, -4.0287, 2.8466

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.4215, -1.3948, -1.6567



27.7444, -1.3199, 4.3333

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.4221, -2.9442, 3.8405



26.4215, -1.3948, -1.6567



26.4221, 0.1293, 3.8542

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.4221, -1.3953, -1.6562



26.4221, 1.7335, 1.4534



26.4221, -1.4271, 4.1985



26.4221, -4.4155, 1.4231

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.4215, -1.3948, -1.6567



26.4221, 0.9956, -0.4988



26.4221, -1.4271, 4.1985



26.4221, -3.7349, 3.2389

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.4221, -1.3953, -1.6562



37.2994, -2.0103, 0.7939



28.1494, -4.9372, 2.0907



18.4524, -0.9950, 0.3162



67.9972, -3.6282, 3.6944



19.0543, -1.0167, 1.0353

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.4221, -1.3953, -1.6562



34.1134, -1.7588, -3.2341



25.5178, 0.6989, -2.8116



13.9505, -0.7505, -0.2551



15.4879, 10.0159, -40.9799



34.9752, 29.5070, -107.4131

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.0931, 2.2445, 0.9915



33.5953, 4.1648, 1.1599



28.6678, -3.4186, 5.2759



13.8360, 0.4608, 0.6017



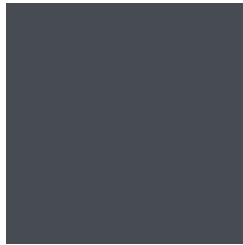
17.6528, 31.0247, 5.2537



42.2026, 73.8050, 15.3966

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 26.4215, -1.3948, -1.6567 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 26.4215, -1.3948, -1.6567 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

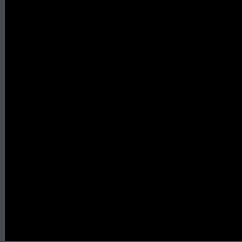
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

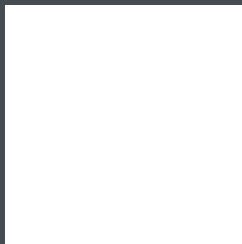
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 26.4215, -1.3948, -1.6567 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 26.4215, -1.3948, -1.6567.



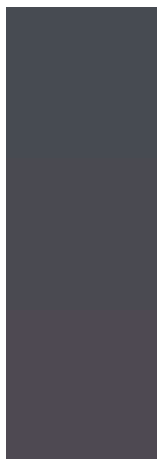
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 26.4215, -1.3948,

-1.6567.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

26.4215, -1.3948, -1.6567

Protanopia

26.3581, -0.3605, -1.2753

Deuteranopia

26.4461, 1.2863, -1.5779



Tritanopia

26.3929, -1.5517, -1.2516

Trichromacy



Original Color

26.4215, -1.3948, -1.6567

Protanomaly

26.2833, -0.6181, -1.3757

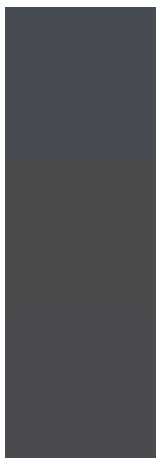
Deuteranomaly

26.4624, 0.0547, -1.5784

Tritanomaly

26.3929, -1.5517, -1.2516

Monochromacy



Original Color

26.4215, -1.3948, -1.6567

Achromatopsia

26.5255, -1.4153, 1.4412

Achromatomaly

26.5293, -1.2434, 0.2171

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 26.4215, -1.3948, -1.6567 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(71, 75, 82)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(71, 75, 82)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(71, 75, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(71, 75, 82) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 26.4215, -1.3948, -1.6567 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(71, 75, 82) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(71, 75, 82) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(71, 75, 82)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(71, 75, 82); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 75, 82);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 75, 82)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 26.4215, -1.3948, -1.6567 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(71, 75, 82) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(71, 75,  
82) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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