

Converting Colors

HunterLab(26.6179, -10.4250,
18.6326)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(26.6179, -10.4250,
18.6326) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(26.7466, -9.3246,
16.3179)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	495000
RGB	73, 80, 0
RGB Percent	29%, 31%, 0%
CMY	0.7137, 0.6863, 1.0000
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 1.00, 0.69
HSL	65°, 100%, 16%
HSV	65°, 100%, 31%
XYZ	5.6163, 7.1538, 1.0848
YIQ	68.7870, 21.5080, -26.3640

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

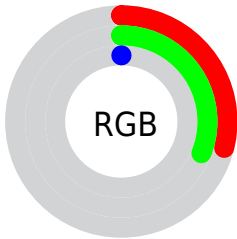
Format	Color
RYB	0, 80, 7
Decimal	4804608
CIELab	32.16, -12.82, 39.99
CIELCh	32, 41.992, 107.769
Yxy	7.1541, 0.4054, 0.5163
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282994688 (0xFF495000)
YUV	68.7870, -33.9120, 3.6948
Hunter-Lab	26.7466, -9.3246, 16.3179

Details

The HunterLab color **26.7466, -9.3246, 16.3179** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666600**. A complement of this color would be **7.9025, 20.8605, -51.7098**, and the grayscale version is **24.4308, -1.3036, 1.3274**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **44.9918, -12.0636, 23.0740**, and **12.1179, -6.0078, 7.3618** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.7472, -9.3256, 16.3182**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **26.8313, -8.9434, 15.8689**.

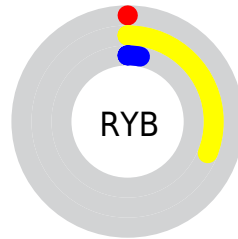
Distribution



Red (29%)

Green (31%)

Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (31%)

Blue (3%)

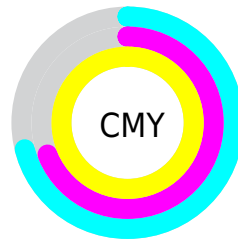


Cyan (9%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (69%)



Cyan (71%)

Magenta (69%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 26.7466, -9.3246, 16.3179 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 26.7466, -9.3246, 16.3179 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 26.7466, -9.3246,
16.3179

■ 26.7466, -9.3246,
16.3179

■ 129.9763,
-20.8746, 42.6371

■ 18.8645, -7.9214,
13.2051

■ 45.0362, -11.9749,
23.1783

■ 11.9578, -6.4108,
8.3705

■ 55.3032, -13.2594,
26.2958

■ 4.8847, -8.5482,
3.4193

■ 66.2499, -14.5315,
29.2608

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 77.8365, -15.7975,
32.1033

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 90.0294, -17.0619,
34.8463

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 102.7999,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-18.3280, 37.5074

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 116.1228,
-19.5983, 40.1006

■ 26.7466, -9.3246,
16.3179

■ 26.7466, -9.3246,
16.3179

■ 26.7472, -9.3256,
16.3182

■ 26.8313, -8.9434,
15.8689

■ 26.9200, -8.5366,
15.3586

■ 27.0251, -8.0387,
14.6157

■ 27.1484, -7.4397,
13.6135

■ 27.2910, -6.7341,
12.3366

■ 27.4541, -5.9180,
10.7735

■ 27.6384, -4.9886,
8.9160

■ 27.8445, -3.9444,
6.7587

■ 28.0729, -2.7849,
4.2993

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.7472, 4.6598, 16.4898



26.7466, -9.3246, 16.3179



26.7472, -18.9192, 13.7574

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.7472, -9.3255, 16.3181



26.7472, -17.5369, -26.1149



26.7472, 31.1603, -4.7105

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.7466, -9.3246, 16.3179



7.9025, 20.8605, -51.7098

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.7472, 22.1716, -22.8177



26.7466, -9.3246, 16.3179



26.7472, -7.0169, -38.8903

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.7472, -9.3255, 16.3181



26.7472, -22.9278, -7.8372



26.7472, 7.5061, -37.4397



26.7472, 30.1765, 8.2809

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.7466, -9.3246, 16.3179



26.7472, -22.4466, 9.5925



26.7472, 7.5061, -37.4397



26.7472, 29.1380, -10.4742

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.7472, -9.3255, 16.3181



36.4809, -6.7311, 12.0648



13.6028, 20.5598, 8.7416



18.5476, -3.5856, 6.4624



67.9972, -3.6282, 3.6944



19.0543, -1.0167, 1.0353

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.7472, -9.3255, 16.3181



35.3072, -12.4111, 21.5389



24.6304, -17.6886, 14.8673



14.7103, -1.3777, 2.0784



84.6756, -30.2442, 51.6472

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.9025, 20.8605, -51.7098



10.3429, 27.4840, -69.0644



10.8434, 23.9096, -34.4000



13.6353, -0.0969, -0.6422



24.4562, 65.7159, -168.9533

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 26.7466, -9.3246, 16.3179 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

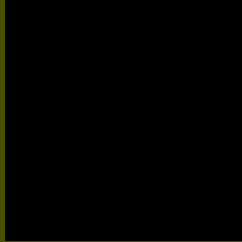
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 26.7466, -9.3246, 16.3179 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 26.7466, -9.3246, 16.3179.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 26.7466, -9.3246,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

26.7466, -9.3246, 16.3179

Protanopia

26.7345, -3.9058, 16.4053

Deuteranopia

26.7406, 1.3584, 15.6569



Tritanopia

26.7189, 0.8162, -0.3627

Trichromacy



Original Color

26.7466, -9.3246, 16.3179

Protanomaly

26.5652, -5.8559, 16.2668

Deuteranomaly

26.6916, -2.6769, 15.8901

Tritanomaly

26.4304, -4.0937, 9.1889

Monochromacy



Original Color

26.7466, -9.3246, 16.3179

Achromatopsia

24.3949, -1.3017, 1.3254

Achromatomaly

24.9981, -5.4521, 9.6566

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 26.7466, -9.3246, 16.3179 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(73, 80, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(73, 80, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(73, 80, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(73, 80, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 26.7466, -9.3246, 16.3179 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(73, 80, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(73, 80, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(73, 80, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(73, 80, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 80, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 80, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 26.7466, -9.3246, 16.3179 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(73, 80, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(73, 80,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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