

Converting Colors

HunterLab(26.7238, -1.7858,
-0.5203)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(26.7238, -1.7858,
-0.5203) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(26.6942, -1.8801,
-0.4408)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	484C50
RGB	72, 76, 80
RGB Percent	28%, 30%, 31%
CMY	0.7176, 0.7020, 0.6863
CMYK	0.10, 0.05, 0.00, 0.69
HSL	210°, 5%, 30%
HSV	210°, 10%, 31%
XYZ	6.7049, 7.1258, 8.6115
YIQ	75.2600, -3.6680, 0.3960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

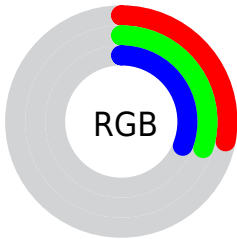
Format	Color
R_{YB}	72, 75, 80
Decimal	4738128
CIE Lab	32.09, -0.70, -2.93
CIE LCh	32, 3.013, 256.640
Yxy	7.1261, 0.2988, 0.3175
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282928208 (0xFF484C50)
YUV	75.2600, 2.3368, -2.8590
Hunter-Lab	26.6942, -1.8801, -0.4408

Details

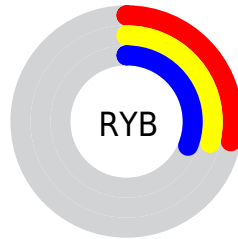
The HunterLab color $26.6942, -1.8801, -0.4408$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 333333 . A complement of this color would be $27.0965, -0.8946, 3.2657$, and the grayscale version is $26.6119, -1.4199, 1.4459$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $44.9948, -3.1996, 0.3022$, and $11.9231, -0.7798, -0.9664$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $25.1085, -2.1382, -2.4873$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $28.3234, -1.5112, 1.5390$.

Distribution



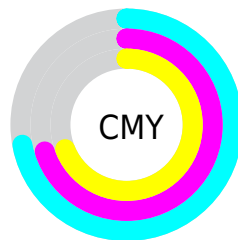
- Red (28%)
- Green (30%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (28%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (69%)



- Cyan (72%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 26.6942, -1.8801, -0.4408 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 26.6942, -1.8801, -0.4408 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 26.6942, -1.8801,
-0.4408

■ 26.6942, -1.8801,
-0.4408

■ 129.8874, -7.7099,
3.9342

■ 18.8178, -1.4095,
-0.6763

■ 44.9738, -2.9439,
0.2181

■ 11.9177, -0.9833,
-0.8347

■ 55.2364, -3.5306,
0.6261

■ 4.8128, -0.8875,
-2.2632

■ 66.1789, -4.1512,
1.0802

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 77.7616, -4.8040,
1.5765

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 89.9508, -5.4875,
2.1123

0.0000, NaN, NaN

102.7177, -6.2004,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

116.0373, -6.9415,
3.2931

■ 26.6942, -1.8801,
-0.4408

■ 26.6942, -1.8801,
-0.4408

■ 25.1085, -2.1382,
-2.4873

■ 28.3234, -1.5112,
1.5390

■ 23.5685, -2.2684,
-4.6095

■ 29.9909, -1.0433,
3.4580

■ 22.0794, -2.2536,
-6.8145

■ 31.6943, -0.4883,
5.3237

■ 20.6464, -2.0737,
-9.1089

■ 33.4308, 0.1439,
7.1422

■ 19.2753, -1.7067,
-11.4976

■ 35.1981, 0.8449,
8.9194

■ 17.9727, -1.1297,
-13.9822

■ 36.9943, 1.6077,
10.6602

■ 16.7454, -0.3204,
-16.5593

■ 38.8174, 2.4258,
12.3693

■ 15.5981, 0.7315,
-19.2243

■ 40.6659, 3.2941,
14.0504

■ 14.4831, 1.8576,
-22.1125

■ 42.5384, 4.2079,
15.7073

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.6948, -2.7684, 0.0506



26.6942, -1.8801, -0.4408



26.6948, -0.8578, -0.4105

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.6948, -1.8806, -0.4404



26.6948, 0.4931, 1.9855



26.6948, -2.8467, 2.7111

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.6942, -1.8801, -0.4408



27.0965, -0.8946, 3.2657

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.6948, -1.9890, 3.1913



26.6942, -1.8801, -0.4408



26.6948, -0.0562, 2.7833

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.6948, -1.8806, -0.4404



26.6948, 0.5232, 1.0153



26.6948, -0.9679, 3.2172



26.6948, -3.3204, 1.8836

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.6942, -1.8801, -0.4408



26.6948, -0.2368, -0.0989



26.6948, -0.9679, 3.2172



26.6948, -2.5943, 2.9171

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.6948, -1.8806, -0.4404



36.7400, -2.1628, 1.2289



27.6317, -4.1618, 2.3341



18.6429, -1.1175, 0.5442



67.9972, -3.6282, 3.6944



19.0543, -1.0167, 1.0353

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.6948, -1.8806, -0.4404



34.7474, -2.5815, -1.2318



25.7081, -0.2282, -1.6664



14.0791, -0.9633, -0.0988



18.6887, 3.2811, -30.4422



42.8176, 11.8847, -79.1739

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.1958, 1.3811, 0.6895



33.9384, 2.7661, 0.6534



28.0914, -2.5389, 4.3251



13.8492, 0.5317, 0.4144



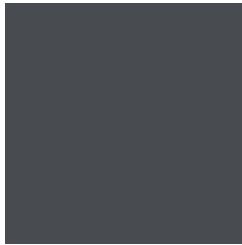
17.9628, 32.1567, 0.7947



42.9261, 76.4529, 4.9427

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 26.6942, -1.8801, -0.4408 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

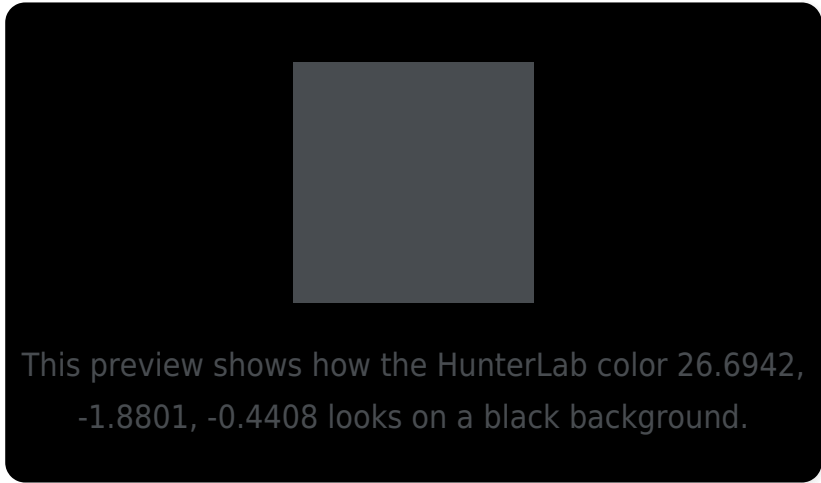
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

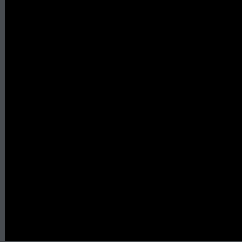
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

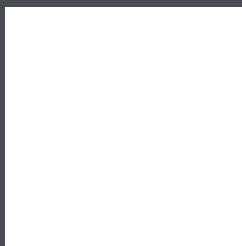
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 26.6942, -1.8801, -0.4408 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 26.6942, -1.8801, -0.4408.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 26.6942, -1.8801, -0.4408.

-0.4408.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

26.6942, -1.8801, -0.4408

Protanopia

26.7080, -0.5711, 0.0262

Deuteranopia

26.5794, 1.6782, -0.9574



Tritanopia

26.7503, -1.5719, -1.2370

Trichromacy



Original Color

26.6942, -1.8801, -0.4408

Protanomaly

26.6318, -0.8341, -0.0724

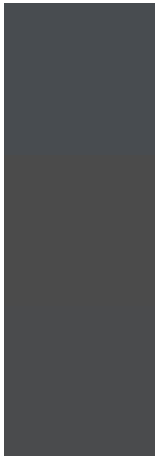
Deuteranomaly

26.5884, 0.4280, -0.9679

Tritanomaly

26.7221, -1.7270, -0.8364

Monochromacy



Original Color

26.6942, -1.8801, -0.4408

Achromatopsia

26.5255, -1.4153, 1.4412

Achromatomaly

26.5025, -1.3903, 0.5990

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 26.6942, -1.8801, -0.4408 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(72, 76, 80)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(72, 76, 80)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(72, 76, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(72, 76, 80) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 26.6942, -1.8801, -0.4408 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(72, 76, 80) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(72, 76, 80) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(72, 76, 80)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(72, 76, 80); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(72, 76, 80);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(72, 76, 80)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 26.6942, -1.8801, -0.4408 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(72, 76, 80) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(72, 76,  
80) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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