

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(26.7288, -3.1569,  
15.5033)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(26.7288, -3.1569,  
15.5033) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(26.8828, -3.2598,  
15.5917)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	574C0E
RGB	87, 76, 14
RGB Percent	34%, 30%, 5%
CMY	0.6588, 0.7020, 0.9451
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.84, 0.66
HSL	51°, 72%, 20%
HSV	51°, 84%, 34%
XYZ	6.5942, 7.2268, 1.4628
YIQ	72.2210, 26.4580, -16.9500

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

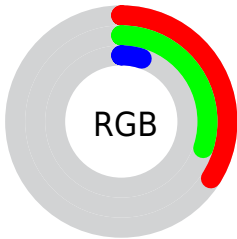
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	27, 87, 14
Decimal	5721102
CIE Lab	32.32, -2.82, 35.76
CIE LCh	32, 35.872, 94.502
Yxy	7.2272, 0.4314, 0.4728
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283911182 (0xFF574C0E)
YUV	72.2210, -28.7030, 12.9612
Hunter-Lab	26.8828, -3.2598, 15.5917

# Details

The HunterLab color **26.8828, -3.2598, 15.5917** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **12.1521, 11.7698, -36.2988**, and the grayscale version is **25.6277, -1.3674, 1.3924**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **45.2813, -4.9330, 21.8484**, and **12.0212, -1.4985, 7.3812** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.5110, -2.9340, 15.9441**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27.2738, -3.4998, 15.0164**.

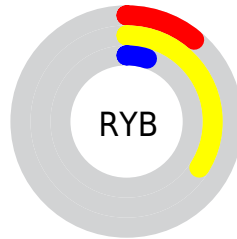
# Distribution



Red (34%)

Green (30%)

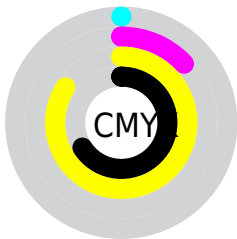
Blue (5%)



Red (11%)

Yellow (34%)

Blue (5%)

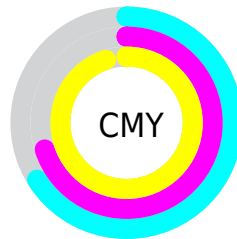


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (84%)

Black (66%)



Cyan (66%)

Magenta (70%)

Yellow (95%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 26.8828, -3.2598, 15.5917 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 26.8828, -3.2598, 15.5917 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



26.8828, -3.2598,  
15.5917

26.8828, -3.2598,  
15.5917

130.2069,  
-10.0696, 39.5148

18.9858, -2.6335,  
12.6963

45.1983, -4.5928,  
21.7841

12.0621, -2.0280,  
8.4434

55.4767, -5.2987,  
24.6036

5.0664, -2.6923,  
3.5465

66.4342, -6.0309,  
27.2918

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

78.0309, -6.7890,  
29.8758

0.0000, NaN, NaN


90.2335, -7.5726,  
32.3761


0.0000, NaN, NaN


0.0000, NaN, NaN

103.0132, -8.3809,


 116.3450, -9.2134,  
37.1846


 26.8828, -3.2598,  
15.5917


 26.8828, -3.2598,  
15.5917


 26.5110, -2.9340,  
15.9441


 27.2738, -3.4998,  
15.0164

 26.2860, -2.7295,  
16.1495

 27.6860, -3.6286,  
14.1605

 28.1210, -3.6419,  
13.0125

 28.5792, -3.5363,  
11.5656

 29.0611, -3.3100,  
9.8173

■ 29.5668, -2.9626,  
7.7685

■ 30.0963, -2.4948,  
5.4225

■ 30.6494, -1.9082,  
2.7850

■ 31.2260, -1.2050,  
-0.1366

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.8834, 9.4802, 14.8530



26.8828, -3.2598, 15.5917



26.8834, -13.5252, 14.1583

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.8834, -3.2609, 15.5919



26.8834, -18.2315, -14.5846



26.8834, 23.3143, -10.0870

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.8828, -3.2598, 15.5917



12.1521, 11.7698, -36.2988

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.8834, 13.2582, -24.3438



26.8828, -3.2598, 15.5917



26.8834, -10.8475, -27.6554

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.8834, -3.2609, 15.5919



26.8834, -21.1272, -0.3566



26.8834, 0.4392, -31.8531



26.8834, 26.3237, 3.1643



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.8828, -3.2598, 15.5917



26.8834, -18.0581, 11.4977



26.8834, 0.4392, -31.8531



26.8834, 20.5673, -15.0810

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.8834, -3.2609, 15.5919



38.4968, -3.9686, 10.6867



15.5425, 21.9074, 6.1950



18.9470, -2.0098, 5.5598



69.0652, -3.6851, 3.7524



19.9203, -1.0629, 1.0823



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.8834, -3.2609, 15.5919



34.1993, -3.3404, 21.0150



28.0961, -14.1229, 16.1885



15.4064, -1.1201, 2.0819



32.5703, -3.2153, 20.0134



76.5242, -6.5303, 47.0395



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.1521, 11.7698, -36.2988



12.5388, 22.6826, -64.6377



11.9194, 19.4119, -37.1674



14.5049, -0.4339, -0.5501



11.9926, 21.3792, -61.1413



26.8280, 56.5053, -155.5113



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 26.8828, -3.2598, 15.5917 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

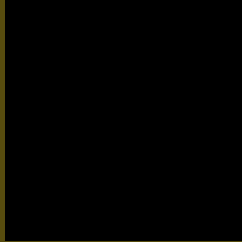
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 26.8828, -3.2598, 15.5917 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 26.8828, -3.2598, 15.5917.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 26.8828, -3.2598,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

26.8828, -3.2598, 15.5917

### Protanopia

26.7937, -3.5762, 15.5282

### Deuteranopia

26.7562, 1.4423, 15.4260



## Tritanopia

26.9303, 5.0501, 1.6293

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

26.8828, -3.2598, 15.5917

## Protanomaly

26.7937, -3.5762, 15.5282

## Deuteranomaly

26.6959, -0.0269, 15.4457

## Tritanomaly

26.8250, 1.2437, 9.1067

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

26.8828, -3.2598, 15.5917

## Achromatopsia

25.4565, -1.3583, 1.3831

## Achromatomaly

25.6552, -2.8678, 8.5203

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 26.8828, -3.2598, 15.5917 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(87, 76, 14)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(87, 76, 14)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 76, 14) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(87, 76, 14) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 26.8828, -3.2598, 15.5917 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(87, 76, 14) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(87, 76, 14) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(87, 76, 14)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(87, 76, 14); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 76, 14);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 76, 14)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 26.8828, -3.2598, 15.5917 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(87, 76, 14) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(87, 76,  
14) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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