

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(26.9313, 52.9522,  
-35.5451)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(26.9313, 52.9522,  
-35.5451) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(26.9040, 52.8942,  
-35.4848)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	8A008A
RGB	138, 0, 138
RGB Percent	54%, 0%, 54%
CMY	0.4588, 1.0000, 0.4588
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.00, 0.46
HSL	300°, 100%, 27%
HSV	300°, 100%, 54%
XYZ	15.0687, 7.2383, 24.6477
YIQ	56.9940, 37.9500, 72.1740

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

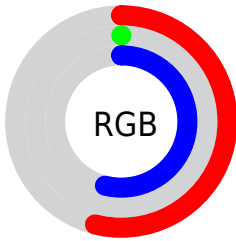
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	138, 0, 138
Decimal	9044106
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	32.34, 62.24, -38.54
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	32, 73.202, 328.233
Yxy	7.2386, 0.3209, 0.1542
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287234186 (0xFF8A008A)
YUV	56.9940, 39.9360, 71.0423
Hunter-Lab	26.9040, 52.8942, -35.4848

# Details

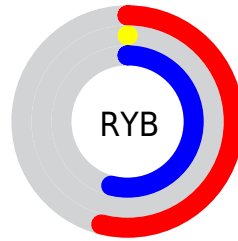
The HunterLab color **26.9040, 52.8942, -35.4848** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990099**. A complement of this color would be **42.6349, -36.5587, 25.6309**, and the grayscale version is **20.0865, -1.0718, 1.0913**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **45.2106, 57.2366, -36.5387**, and **15.8969, 31.5525, -23.2816** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.9042, 52.8945, -35.4846**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27.4725, 50.8357, -34.0743**.

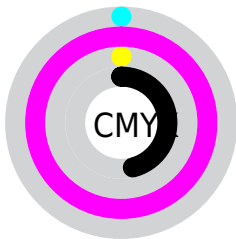
# Distribution



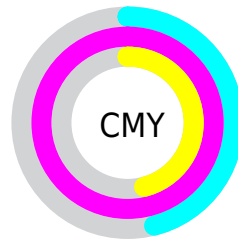
- Red (54%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (54%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (54%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (46%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (46%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 26.9040, 52.8942, -35.4848 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 26.9040, 52.8942, -35.4848 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



26.9040, 52.8942,  
-35.4848

26.9040, 52.8942,  
-35.4848

130.2427, 69.7016,  
-40.6050

19.0046, 50.8461,  
-35.3596

45.2234, 57.2097,  
-36.5734

12.0783, 49.3326,  
-36.1616

55.5037, 59.2848,  
-37.2305

5.0941, 66.2599,  
-51.1573

66.4628, 61.2659,  
-37.8852

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

78.0611, 63.1468,  
-38.5143

0.0000, NaN, NaN

90.2652, 64.9274,  
-39.1056

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

103.0463, 66.6107,

-39.6528

0.0000, NaN, NaN

116.3795, 68.2006,  
-40.1530

26.9040, 52.8942,  
-35.4848

26.9040, 52.8942,  
-35.4848

26.9042, 52.8945,  
-35.4846

27.4725, 50.8357,  
-34.0743

28.3735, 47.7007,  
-31.9262

29.7537, 43.1757,  
-28.8241

31.6084, 37.5550,  
-24.9684

33.9058, 31.2036,  
-20.6078

■ 36.6007, 24.4546,  
-15.9695

■ 39.6437, 17.5591,  
-11.2254

■ 42.9876, 10.6814,  
-6.4880

■ 46.5907, 3.9151,  
-1.8216

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.9046, 25.3104, -78.0937



26.9040, 52.8942, -35.4848



26.9046, 65.5041, 0.0146

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.9046, 52.8928, -35.4834



26.9046, 0.0628, 18.8332



26.9046, -32.0553, -30.4218

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.9040, 52.8942, -35.4848



42.6349, -36.5587, 25.6309

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.9046, -34.6125, 2.8379



26.9040, 52.8942, -35.4848



26.9046, -20.6212, 18.8332

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.9046, 52.8928, -35.4834



26.9046, 28.8617, 18.8332



26.9046, -31.3367, 16.1340



26.9046, -22.3679, -73.7209



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.9040, 52.8942, -35.4848



26.9046, 61.1932, 12.2083



26.9046, -31.3367, 16.1340



26.9046, -33.5778, -17.1475

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.9046, 52.8928, -35.4834



52.3577, 23.9081, -15.3136



13.5474, 36.7403, -96.2419



24.0829, 12.9003, -8.3381



83.1908, -4.4389, 4.5199



31.6988, -1.6914, 1.7223



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.9046, 52.8928, -35.4834



35.7193, 70.2253, -47.1110



24.1523, 43.1382, 1.8140



22.6473, 1.6193, -0.6925



25.7613, 50.6475, -33.9772



2.0997, 4.1280, -2.7693



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.9046, 52.8928, -35.4834



35.7193, 70.2253, -47.1110



43.1359, -33.4319, 18.2548



22.6473, 1.6193, -0.6925



25.7613, 50.6475, -33.9772



2.0997, 4.1280, -2.7693



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 26.9040, 52.8942, -35.4848 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 26.9040, 52.8942, -35.4848 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

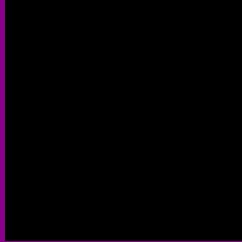
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 26.9040, 52.8942, -35.4848 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 26.9040, 52.8942, -35.4848.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 26.9040, 52.8942, -35.4848.

-35.4848.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

26.9040, 52.8942, -35.4848

### Protanopia

27.8882, 9.4793, -55.3209

### Deuteranopia

28.2017, 1.7267, -26.9918



## Tritanopia

27.5879, 23.7744, 8.8128

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

26.9040, 52.8942, -35.4848

## Protanomaly

22.5653, 24.7598, -64.8465

## Deuteranomaly

24.0137, 22.8366, -39.5911

## Tritanomaly

25.9571, 35.7759, -3.9749

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

26.9040, 52.8942, -35.4848

## Achromatopsia

20.2275, -1.0793, 1.0990

## Achromatomaly

19.7790, 20.8740, -13.8383

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 26.9040, 52.8942, -35.4848 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(138, 0, 138)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(138, 0, 138)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 0, 138) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(138, 0, 138) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 26.9040, 52.8942, -35.4848 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(138, 0, 138) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(138, 0, 138) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 0, 138) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(138, 0, 138); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 0, 138);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 0,  
138) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 26.9040, 52.8942, -35.4848 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(138, 0, 138) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(138, 0,  
138) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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