

Converting Colors

HunterLab(26.9586, -0.8726,
1.0799)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(26.9586, -0.8726, 1.0799)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(26.9861, -1.0261,
1.1848)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4D4C4D
RGB	77, 76, 77
RGB Percent	30%, 30%, 30%
CMY	0.6980, 0.7020, 0.6980
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.00, 0.70
HSL	300°, 1%, 30%
HSV	300°, 1%, 30%
XYZ	6.9846, 7.2825, 8.0587
YIQ	76.4130, 0.2750, 0.5230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	77, 76, 77
Decimal	5065805
CIE Lab	32.44, 0.63, -0.45
CIE LCh	32, 0.773, 324.338
Yxy	7.2828, 0.3128, 0.3262
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283255885 (0xFF4D4C4D)
YUV	76.4130, 0.2894, 0.5148
Hunter-Lab	26.9861, -1.0261, 1.1848

Details

The HunterLab color $[26.9861, -1.0261, 1.1848]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[27.1409, -1.8590, 1.7540]$, and the grayscale version is $[27.0309, -1.4423, 1.4686]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[45.3974, -1.9715, 2.1600]$, and $[12.1085, -0.2829, 0.4109]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[25.0689, 2.3094, -1.1181]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[28.9968, -4.2834, 3.4362]$.

Distribution



Red (30%)

Green (30%)

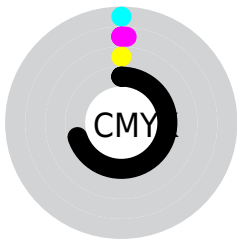
Blue (30%)



Red (30%)

Yellow (30%)

Blue (30%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (70%)



Cyan (70%)

Magenta (70%)

Yellow (70%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 26.9861, -1.0261, 1.1848 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 26.9861, -1.0261, 1.1848 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 26.9861, -1.0261,
1.1848

■ 26.9861, -1.0261,
1.1848

■ 130.3815, -6.2642,
6.6191

■ 19.0777, -0.6493,
0.7854

■ 45.3210, -1.9282,
2.1302

■ 12.1411, -0.3301,
0.4426

■ 55.6081, -2.4430,
2.6666

■ 5.1997, 0.2489,
-0.0765

■ 66.5737, -2.9963,
3.2414

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 78.1781, -3.5854,
3.8521

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 90.3880, -4.2084,
4.4968

0.0000, NaN, NaN

103.1746, -4.8635,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

116.5131, -5.5492,
5.8817

■ 26.9861, -1.0261,
1.1848

■ 26.9861, -1.0261,
1.1848

■ 25.0689, 2.3094,
-1.1181

■ 28.9968, -4.2834,
3.4362

■ 23.2568, 5.7182,
-3.4690

■ 31.0882, -7.4613,
5.6351

■ 21.5659, 9.1800,
-5.8537

■ 33.2517, -10.5654,
7.7851

■ 20.0146, 12.6552,
-8.2450

■ 35.4794, -13.6026,
9.8907

■ 18.6231, 16.0762,
-10.5967

■ 37.7650, -16.5805,
11.9571

■ 17.4131, 19.3406,
-12.8384

■ 40.1030, -19.5067,
13.9892

■ 16.4052, 22.3102,
-14.8762

■ 42.4888, -22.3881,
15.9918

■ 15.6160, 24.8255,
-16.6010

■ 44.9186, -25.2314,
17.9692

■ 15.0302, 26.8171,
-17.9660

■ 47.3889, -28.0423,
19.9253

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.9867, -1.2314, 1.0242



26.9861, -1.0261, 1.1848



26.9867, -0.9332, 1.4212

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.9867, -1.0267, 1.1852



26.9867, -1.3912, 1.9462



26.9867, -1.9034, 1.2687

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.9861, -1.0261, 1.1848



27.1409, -1.8590, 1.7540

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.9867, -1.9459, 1.5167



26.9861, -1.0261, 1.1848



26.9867, -1.6508, 1.9063

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.9867, -1.0267, 1.1852



26.9867, -1.1441, 1.8593



26.9867, -1.8535, 1.7496



26.9867, -1.7374, 1.0727

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.9861, -1.0261, 1.1848



26.9867, -0.9466, 1.5885



26.9867, -1.8535, 1.7496



26.9867, -1.9326, 1.3488

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.9867, -1.0267, 1.1852



35.4919, -1.8938, 1.9283



26.9145, -1.2991, 1.0946



18.1947, -0.9708, 0.9886



66.9319, -3.5713, 3.6365

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.9867, -1.0267, 1.1852



34.9605, -1.0043, 1.3139



26.9741, -1.0955, 1.3647



13.8272, -0.4543, 0.5585



19.4525, 38.2444, -25.6575



47.3550, 93.1019, -62.4606

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.9607, -1.1686, 1.5553



34.9064, -1.2996, 2.0852



27.1533, -1.7909, 1.5769



13.8094, -0.5515, 0.8124



16.8071, 28.7827, 10.8602



40.9150, 70.0682, 26.4382

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 26.9861, -1.0261, 1.1848 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

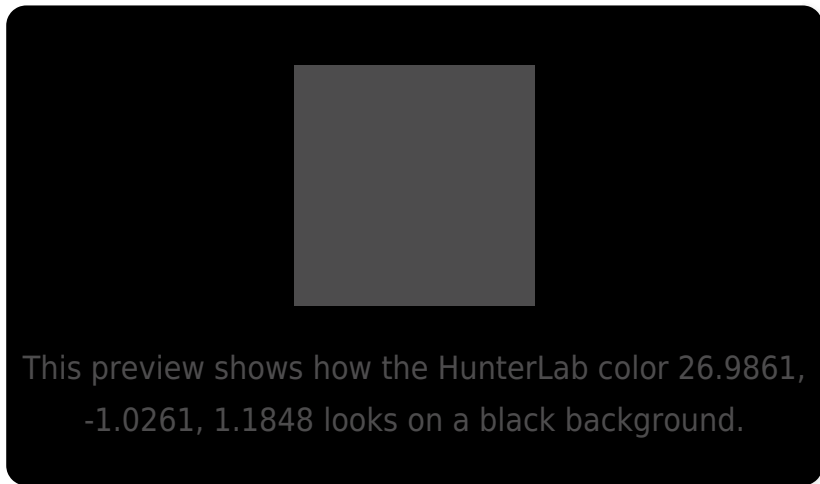
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

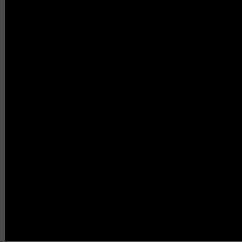
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 26.9861, -1.0261, 1.1848 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 26.9861, -1.0261, 1.1848.

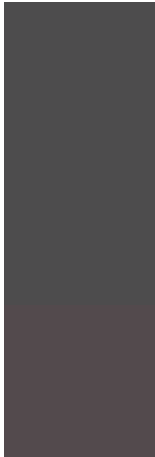


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 26.9861, -1.0261, 1.1848.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

26.9861, -1.0261, 1.1848

Protanopia

26.9861, -1.0261, 1.1848

Deuteranopia

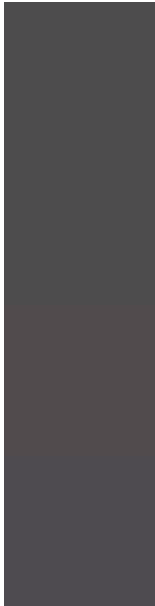
26.9674, 1.4948, 1.2067



Tritanopia

26.9183, 0.2606, -0.5548

Trichromacy



Original Color

26.9861, -1.0261, 1.1848

Protanomaly

26.9861, -1.0261, 1.1848

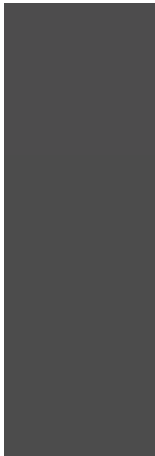
Deuteranomaly

27.0505, 0.4958, 1.2879

Tritanomaly

26.8906, 0.1107, -0.1618

Monochromacy



Original Color

26.9861, -1.0261, 1.1848

Achromatopsia

26.8834, -1.4344, 1.4606

Achromatomaly

26.8834, -1.4344, 1.4606

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 26.9861, -1.0261, 1.1848 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(77, 76, 77)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(77, 76, 77)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(77, 76, 77) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(77, 76, 77) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 26.9861, -1.0261, 1.1848 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(77, 76, 77) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(77, 76, 77) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(77, 76, 77)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(77, 76, 77); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 76, 77);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 76, 77)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 26.9861, -1.0261, 1.1848 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(77, 76, 77) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(77, 76,  
77) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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