

Converting Colors

HunterLab(27.0246, 4.6841,
-2.5499)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(27.0246, 4.6841, -2.5499)
contains.

HunterLab(26.9908, 4.5806, -2.6279)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(26.9908, 4.5806,
-2.6279)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	564856
RGB	86, 72, 86
RGB Percent	34%, 28%, 34%
CMY	0.6627, 0.7176, 0.6627
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.00, 0.66
HSL	300°, 9%, 31%
HSV	300°, 16%, 34%
XYZ	7.8348, 7.2850, 9.7973
YIQ	77.7820, 3.8500, 7.3220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

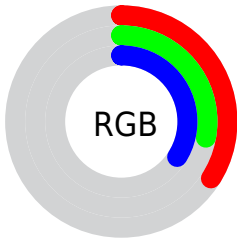
Format	Color
R_{YB}	86, 72, 86
Decimal	5654614
CIE Lab	32.45, 8.78, -6.09
CIE LCh	32, 10.685, 325.246
Yxy	7.2853, 0.3144, 0.2924
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283844694 (0xFF564856)
YUV	77.7820, 4.0515, 7.2072
Hunter-Lab	26.9908, 4.5806, -2.6279

Details

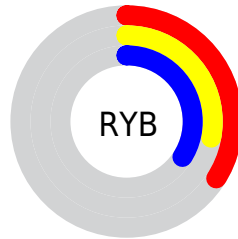
The HunterLab color $[26.9908, 4.5806, -2.6279]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[29.1571, -7.1287, 5.3740]$, and the grayscale version is $[27.5087, -1.4678, 1.4946]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[45.4825, 4.5278, -2.2583]$, and $[12.0914, 4.3784, -2.7593]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[25.0001, 8.4957, -5.3262]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[29.1140, 0.7384, 0.0233]$.

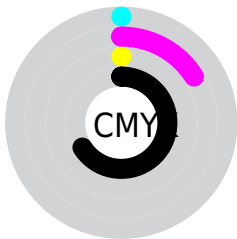
Distribution



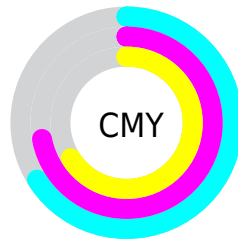
- Red (34%)
- Green (28%)
- Blue (34%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (34%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (66%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (72%)
- Yellow (66%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 26.9908, 4.5806, -2.6279 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 26.9908, 4.5806, -2.6279 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 26.9908, 4.5806,
-2.6279

■ 26.9908, 4.5806,
-2.6279

■ 130.3895, 2.9431,
0.4878

■ 19.0819, 4.4031,
-2.6787

■ 45.3266, 4.6500,
-2.3015

■ 12.1447, 4.1013,
-2.6376

■ 55.6141, 4.5711,
-2.0450

■ 5.2057, 7.0704,
-4.5668

■ 66.5801, 4.4283,
-1.7348

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 78.1848, 4.2283,
-1.3753

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 90.3950, 3.9759,
-0.9705

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

103.1820, 3.6754,

-0.5233

0.0000, NaN, NaN

116.5208, 3.3302,
-0.0365

■ 26.9908, 4.5806,
-2.6279

■ 26.9908, 4.5806,
-2.6279

■ 25.0001, 8.4957,
-5.3262

■ 29.1140, 0.7384,
0.0233

■ 23.1602, 12.4514,
-8.0494

■ 31.3509, -3.0137,
2.6152

■ 21.4945, 16.3836,
-10.7534

■ 33.6879, -6.6736,
5.1462

■ 20.0281, 20.1901,
-13.3685

■ 36.1131, -10.2449,
7.6186

■ 18.7861, 23.7254,
-15.7950

■ 38.6165, -13.7350,
10.0372

■ 17.7903, 26.8089,
-17.9098

■ 41.1901, -17.1525,
12.4077

■ 17.0543, 29.2552,
-19.5866

■ 43.8268, -20.5065,
14.7361

■ 16.4919, 31.2337,
-20.9422

■ 46.5209, -23.8055,
17.0282

■ 16.2799, 32.0067,
-21.4716

■ 49.2675, -27.0575,
19.2893

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.9914, 1.6223, -5.3057



26.9908, 4.5806, -2.6279



26.9914, 5.9268, 0.9091

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.9914, 4.5799, -2.6274



26.9914, -0.8566, 7.3196



26.9914, -7.5099, -1.5411

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.9908, 4.5806, -2.6279



29.1571, -7.1287, 5.3740

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.9914, -8.0957, 2.0176



26.9908, 4.5806, -2.6279



26.9914, -4.3747, 6.8446

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.9914, 4.5799, -2.6274



26.9914, 2.6835, 6.4060



26.9914, -6.9776, 5.0099



26.9914, -5.3330, -4.6223

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.9908, 4.5806, -2.6279



26.9914, 5.6806, 3.1691



26.9914, -6.9776, 5.0099



26.9914, -7.8943, -0.3490

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.9914, 4.5799, -2.6274



38.8102, 0.4206, 0.4144



25.8548, 0.8027, -4.2442



19.1106, 0.3101, 0.1340



69.0652, -3.6851, 3.7524



19.9203, -1.0629, 1.0823

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.9914, 4.5799, -2.6274



34.5023, 8.3223, -5.0368



26.7918, 3.5271, 0.2003



14.6636, 0.8698, -0.3269



20.4832, 40.2706, -27.0154



48.5480, 95.4467, -64.0301

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.9914, 4.5799, -2.6274



34.5023, 8.3223, -5.0368



29.3223, -6.1947, 3.0023



14.6636, 0.8698, -0.3269



20.4832, 40.2706, -27.0154



48.5480, 95.4467, -64.0301

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 26.9908, 4.5806, -2.6279 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 26.9908, 4.5806, -2.6279 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

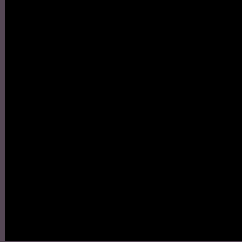
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 26.9908, 4.5806, -2.6279 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 26.9908, 4.5806, -2.6279.



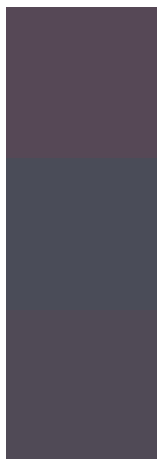
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 26.9908, 4.5806,

-2.6279.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

26.9908, 4.5806, -2.6279

Protanopia

27.0727, -0.1033, -3.5392

Deuteranopia

26.9721, 2.0151, -2.6978



Tritanopia

26.9460, 2.7929, 0.3768

Trichromacy



Original Color

26.9908, 4.5806, -2.6279

Protanomaly

27.0924, 1.2005, -3.0175

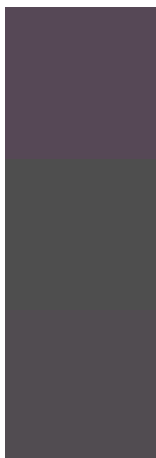
Deuteranomaly

26.8902, 3.0064, -2.7899

Tritanomaly

27.0288, 3.2328, -0.7990

Monochromacy



Original Color

26.9908, 4.5806, -2.6279

Achromatopsia

27.6017, -1.4728, 1.4997

Achromatomaly

27.4086, 0.6382, 0.0607

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 26.9908, 4.5806, -2.6279 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(86, 72, 86)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(86, 72, 86)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(86, 72, 86) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(86, 72, 86) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 26.9908, 4.5806, -2.6279 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(86, 72, 86) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(86, 72, 86) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(86, 72, 86)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(86, 72, 86); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 72, 86);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 72, 86)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 26.9908, 4.5806, -2.6279 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(86, 72, 86) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(86, 72,  
86) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor