

Converting Colors

HunterLab(27.0303, -17.0771,
18.9212)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(27.0303, -17.0771,
18.9212) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(27.2258,
-16.2014, 16.4928)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	355600
RGB	53, 86, 0
RGB Percent	21%, 34%, 0%
CMY	0.7922, 0.6627, 1.0000
CMYK	0.38, 0.00, 1.00, 0.66
HSL	83°, 100%, 17%
HSV	83°, 100%, 34%
XYZ	4.7960, 7.4124, 1.1780
YIQ	66.3290, 7.9380, -33.7420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

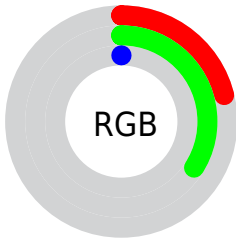
Format	Color
RYB	0, 86, 33
Decimal	3495424
CIELab	32.73, -25.27, 39.78
CIELCh	33, 47.128, 122.428
Yxy	7.4128, 0.3583, 0.5537
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281685504 (0xFF355600)
YUV	66.3290, -32.7002, -11.6895
Hunter-Lab	27.2258, -16.2014, 16.4928

Details

The HunterLab color $27.2258, -16.2014, 16.4928$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 336600 . A complement of this color would be $9.9770, 23.8185, -45.7572$, and the grayscale version is $23.5657, -1.2574, 1.2804$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $45.6162, -20.5230, 23.3714$, and $12.3190, -10.5636, 7.4060$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $27.2263, -16.2024, 16.4931$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $27.4302, -15.3175, 16.1002$.

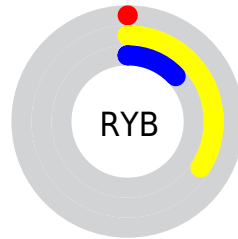
Distribution



Red (21%)

Green (34%)

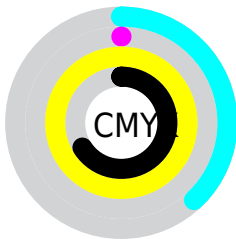
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (34%)

Blue (13%)

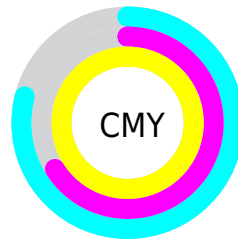


Cyan (38%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (66%)



Cyan (79%)

Magenta (66%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 27.2258, -16.2014, 16.4928 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 27.2258, -16.2014, 16.4928 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 27.2258, -16.2014,
16.4928

■ 27.2258, -16.2014,
16.4928

■ 130.7864,
-33.9464, 42.6269

■ 19.2913, -13.7582,
13.5039

■ 45.6058, -20.5964,
23.2931

■ 12.3250, -11.1061,
8.6275

■ 55.9130, -22.6407,
26.3862

■ 5.4962, -9.6184,
3.8473

■ 66.8974, -24.6183,
29.3299

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 78.5196, -26.5455,
32.1534

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 90.7464, -28.4342,
34.8792

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 103.5492,

-30.2929, 37.5247

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 116.9031,
-32.1286, 40.1037

■ 27.2258, -16.2014,
16.4928

■ 27.2258, -16.2014,
16.4928

■ 27.2263, -16.2024,
16.4931

■ 27.4302, -15.3175,
16.1002

■ 27.6501, -14.3652,
15.6312

■ 27.8982, -13.2745,
14.9057

■ 28.1762, -12.0394,
13.9020

■ 28.4850, -10.6582,
12.6077

■ 28.8253, -9.1309,
11.0155

■ 29.1976, -7.4599,
9.1221

■ 29.6019, -5.6489,
6.9283

■ 30.0382, -3.7026,
4.4376

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27.2264, -2.7589, 17.6360



27.2258, -16.2014, 16.4928



27.2264, -23.8979, 11.9258

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27.2264, -16.2020, 16.4929



27.2264, -14.4033, -39.9353



27.2264, 37.0961, 2.7055

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27.2258, -16.2014, 16.4928



9.9770, 23.8185, -45.7572

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



27.2264, 31.9535, -16.0712



27.2258, -16.2014, 16.4928



27.2264, -0.1245, -47.7262

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27.2264, -16.2020, 16.4929



27.2264, -23.0425, -19.6285



27.2264, 17.3060, -37.1708



27.2264, 30.0753, 13.0504

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27.2258, -16.2014, 16.4928



27.2264, -25.9293, 5.0987



27.2264, 17.3060, -37.1708



27.2264, 36.7321, -2.7109

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27.2264, -16.2020, 16.4929



38.5473, -10.0959, 12.3329



17.5059, 14.0355, 11.0324



18.9783, -5.2638, 6.4118



69.0652, -3.6851, 3.7524



19.9203, -1.0629, 1.0823

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27.2264, -16.2020, 16.4929



35.9207, -21.7123, 21.7541



25.9242, -21.5879, 15.5962



15.4452, -1.7751, 2.1129



34.1972, -20.6195, 20.7112



80.7272, -50.1828, 48.8652

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.9770, 23.8185, -45.7572



12.9967, 31.2924, -61.6412



14.8567, 29.9638, -25.4578



14.4702, 0.2145, -0.5829



12.3981, 29.8109, -58.4905



28.5485, 69.8190, -143.7900

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 27.2258, -16.2014, 16.4928 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

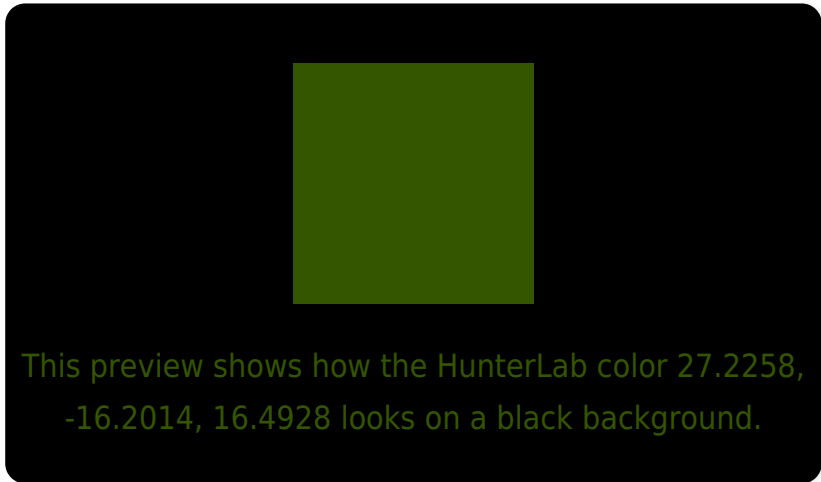
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 27.2258, -16.2014, 16.4928 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 27.2258, -16.2014, 16.4928.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 27.2258,

-16.2014, 16.4928.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

27.2258, -16.2014, 16.4928

Protanopia

27.0813, -3.9932, 16.6175

Deuteranopia

27.1052, 1.3869, 15.5664



Tritanopia

27.2642, -4.9274, -2.4321

Trichromacy



Original Color

27.2258, -16.2014, 16.4928

Protanomaly

26.8946, -8.7678, 16.4188

Deuteranomaly

26.8743, -5.9946, 15.7564

Tritanomaly

26.9077, -10.5328, 8.4317

Monochromacy



Original Color

27.2258, -16.2014, 16.4928

Achromatopsia

23.3410, -1.2454, 1.2682

Achromatomaly

24.3400, -7.9442, 9.5233

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 27.2258, -16.2014, 16.4928 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(53, 86, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(53, 86, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(53, 86, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(53, 86, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 27.2258, -16.2014, 16.4928 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(53, 86, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(53, 86, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(53, 86, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(53, 86, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(53, 86, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(53, 86, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 27.2258, -16.2014, 16.4928 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(53, 86, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(53, 86,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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