

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(27.1531, -1.4491,  
1.4755)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(27.1531, -1.4491, 1.4755)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(27.2422, -1.4536,  
1.4801)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4D4D4D
RGB	77, 77, 77
RGB Percent	30%, 30%, 30%
CMY	0.6980, 0.6980, 0.6980
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.70
HSL	126°, 0%, 30%
HSV	126°, 0%, 30%
XYZ	7.0540, 7.4214, 8.0819
YIQ	77.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	<b>77, 77, 77</b>
Decimal	5066061
CIELab	32.75, 0.00, -0.00
CIELCh	33, 0.004, 288.403
Yxy	7.4217, 0.3127, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283256141 (0xFF4D4D4D)
YUV	77.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000
Hunter-Lab	27.2422, -1.4536, 1.4801

# Details

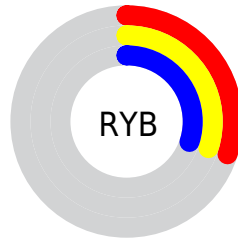
The HunterLab color **27.2422, -1.4536, 1.4801** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **27.2425, -1.4530, 1.4798**, and the grayscale version is **27.2427, -1.4536, 1.4801**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **45.6768, -2.4372, 2.4817**, and **12.3323, -0.6580, 0.6700** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.5106, -4.3839, 3.2521**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **28.0419, 1.6498, -0.3703**.

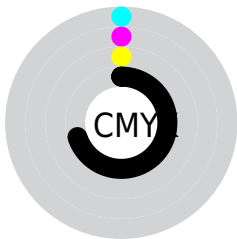
# Distribution



- Red (30%)
- Green (30%)
- Blue (30%)



- Red (30%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (30%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (70%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (70%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 27.2422, -1.4536, 1.4801 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 27.2422, -1.4536, 1.4801 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 27.2422, -1.4536,  
1.4801

■ 27.2422, -1.4536,  
1.4801

■ 130.8140, -6.9855,  
7.1166

■ 19.3059, -1.0304,  
1.0488

■ 45.6253, -2.4359,  
2.4807

■ 12.3376, -0.6583,  
0.6698

■ 55.9338, -2.9864,  
3.0416

■ 5.5159, -0.2936,  
0.2974

■ 66.9195, -3.5731,  
3.6394

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 78.5429, -4.1939,  
4.2719

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 90.7709, -4.8469,  
4.9374

0.0000, NaN, NaN

103.5747, -5.5307,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

116.9297, -6.2440,  
6.3610

■ 27.2422, -1.4536,  
1.4801

■ 27.2422, -1.4536,  
1.4801

■ 26.5106, -4.3839,  
3.2521

■ 28.0419, 1.6498,  
-0.3703

■ 25.8478, -7.1129,  
4.9288

■ 28.9050, 4.9029,  
-2.2859

■ 25.2565, -9.6154,  
6.4946

■ 29.8291, 8.2815,  
-4.2531

■ 24.7380, -11.8668,  
7.9338

■ 30.8109, 11.7645,  
-6.2602

■ 24.2930, -13.8457,  
9.2318

■ 31.8474, 15.3329,  
-8.2972

■ 23.9212, -15.5357,  
10.3761

■ 32.9353, 18.9703,  
-10.3557

■ 23.6212, -16.9271,  
11.3571

■ 34.0716, 22.6628,  
-12.4288

■ 23.3903, -18.0181,  
12.1694

■ 35.2533, 26.3989,  
-14.5107

■ 23.2222, -18.8259,  
12.8106

■ 36.4777, 30.1688,  
-16.5972

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27.2428, -1.4556, 1.4805



27.2422, -1.4536, 1.4801



27.2428, -1.4531, 1.4812

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27.2428, -1.4542, 1.4805



27.2428, -1.4533, 1.4848



27.2428, -1.4576, 1.4834

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27.2422, -1.4536, 1.4801



27.2425, -1.4530, 1.4798

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



27.2428, -1.4570, 1.4846



27.2422, -1.4536, 1.4801



27.2428, -1.4545, 1.4853

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27.2428, -1.4542, 1.4805



27.2428, -1.4526, 1.4837



27.2428, -1.4559, 1.4853



27.2428, -1.4575, 1.4821



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27.2422, -1.4536, 1.4801



27.2428, -1.4526, 1.4820



27.2428, -1.4559, 1.4853



27.2428, -1.4575, 1.4838

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27.2428, -1.4542, 1.4805



35.4919, -1.8938, 1.9283



27.2429, -1.4539, 1.4807



18.1947, -0.9708, 0.9886



66.9319, -3.5713, 3.6365

# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27.2428, -1.4542, 1.4805



35.4919, -1.8938, 1.9283



27.2428, -1.4541, 1.4802



14.0024, -0.7471, 0.7608



30.8656, -26.1883, 17.9537



75.0897, -64.0617, 44.4351



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27.2425, -1.4530, 1.4798



35.4919, -1.8938, 1.9283



27.2425, -1.4531, 1.4800



14.0024, -0.7471, 0.7608



18.9220, 36.3978, -18.7287



45.9761, 88.3003, -44.4361



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 27.2422, -1.4536, 1.4801 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

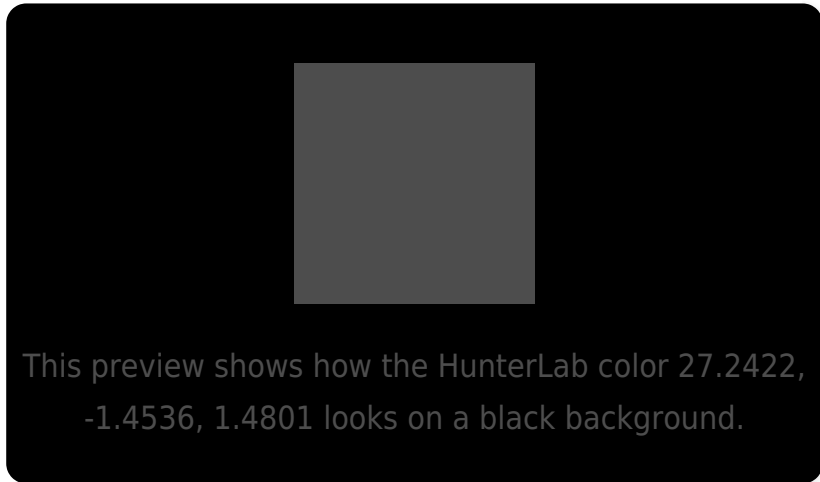
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

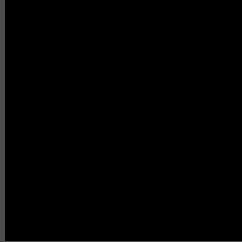
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

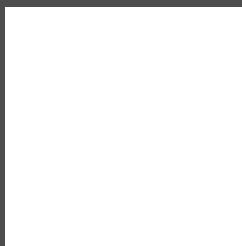
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# HunterLab 27.2422, -1.4536, 1.4801 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 27.2422, -1.4536, 1.4801.



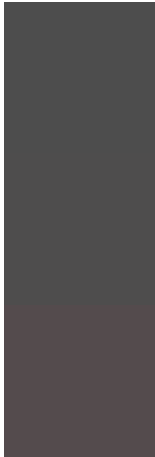
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 27.2422, -1.4536,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

27.2422, -1.4536, 1.4801

### Protanopia

27.3190, -1.1867, 1.5751

### Deuteranopia

27.2998, 1.3412, 1.5968



**Tritanopia**

27.1989, -0.0224, -0.6417

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

27.2422, -1.4536, 1.4801

## Protanomaly

27.3190, -1.1867, 1.5751

## Deuteranomaly

27.3021, 0.0618, 1.5771

## Tritanomaly

27.1436, -0.3223, 0.1425

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

27.2422, -1.4536, 1.4801

## Achromatopsia

27.2422, -1.4536, 1.4801

## Achromatomaly

27.2422, -1.4536, 1.4801

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 27.2422, -1.4536, 1.4801 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(77, 77, 77)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(77, 77, 77)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(77, 77, 77) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(77, 77, 77) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 27.2422, -1.4536, 1.4801 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(77, 77, 77) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(77, 77, 77) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(77, 77, 77)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(77, 77, 77); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 77, 77);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 77, 77)  
}
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 27.2422, -1.4536, 1.4801 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(77, 77, 77) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(77, 77,  
77) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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