

Converting Colors

HunterLab(27.1610, -0.1896,
0.7335)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(27.1610, -0.1896, 0.7335)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(27.1950, -0.2000,
0.6268)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4F4C4F
RGB	79, 76, 79
RGB Percent	31%, 30%, 31%
CMY	0.6902, 0.7020, 0.6902
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.00, 0.69
HSL	300°, 2%, 30%
HSV	300°, 4%, 31%
XYZ	7.2202, 7.3957, 8.4441
YIQ	77.2390, 0.8250, 1.5690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	79, 76, 79
Decimal	5196879
CIE _{Lab}	32.69, 1.88, -1.34
CIE _{LCh}	33, 2.309, 324.573
Yxy	7.3960, 0.3131, 0.3207
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283386959 (0xFF4F4C4F)
YUV	77.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444
Hunter-Lab	27.1950, -0.2000, 0.6268

Details

The HunterLab color $[27.1950, -0.2000, 0.6268]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[27.6595, -2.7053, 2.3389]$, and the grayscale version is $[27.3254, -1.4580, 1.4846]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[45.6234, -1.0752, 1.5545]$, and $[12.2951, 0.4495, -0.0838]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[25.2456, 3.2571, -1.7593]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[29.2443, -3.5771, 2.9603]$.

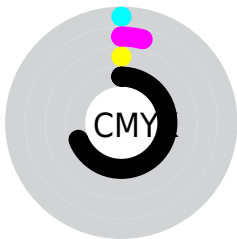
Distribution



- Red (31%)
- Green (30%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (69%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 27.1950, -0.2000, 0.6268 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 27.1950, -0.2000, 0.6268 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 27.1950, -0.2000,
0.6268

■ 27.1950, -0.2000,
0.6268

■ 130.7344, -4.8821,
5.6912

■ 19.2639, 0.0896,
0.2850

■ 45.5692, -0.9508,
1.4719

■ 12.3013, 0.3100,
0.0075

■ 55.8738, -1.3982,
1.9634

■ 5.4591, 1.2101,
-0.7190

■ 66.8558, -1.8881,
2.4960

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 78.4757, -2.4172,
3.0669

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 90.7003, -2.9832,
3.6736

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

103.5011, -3.5838,

4.3144

0.0000, NaN, NaN

116.8530, -4.2173,
4.9874

■ 27.1950, -0.2000,
0.6268

■ 27.1950, -0.2000,
0.6268

■ 25.2456, 3.2571,
-1.7593

■ 29.2443, -3.5771,
2.9603

■ 23.4088, 6.7864,
-4.1925

■ 31.3798, -6.8713,
5.2390

■ 21.7022, 10.3621,
-6.6548

■ 33.5919, -10.0877,
7.4662

■ 20.1451, 13.9364,
-9.1136

■ 35.8724, -13.2331,
9.6463

■ 18.7594, 17.4301,
-11.5144

■ 38.2142, -16.3152,
11.7845

■ 17.5674, 20.7264,
-13.7774

■ 40.6114, -19.3420,
13.8862

■ 16.5899, 23.6735,
-15.7991

■ 43.0591, -22.3210,
15.9561

■ 15.8417, 26.1048,
-17.4659

■ 45.5531, -25.2591,
17.9991

■ 15.2748, 28.0639,
-18.8083

■ 48.0898, -28.1623,
20.0192

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27.1956, -0.8164, 0.1298



27.1950, -0.2000, 0.6268



27.1956, 0.0799, 1.3430

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27.1956, -0.2007, 0.6273



27.1956, -1.3084, 2.8832



27.1956, -2.8235, 0.8711

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27.1950, -0.2000, 0.6268



27.6595, -2.7053, 2.3389

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



27.1956, -2.9518, 1.6170



27.1950, -0.2000, 0.6268



27.1956, -2.0828, 2.7649

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27.1956, -0.2007, 0.6273



27.1956, -0.5643, 2.6344



27.1956, -2.6822, 2.3066



27.1956, -2.3296, 0.2734

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27.1950, -0.2000, 0.6268



27.1956, 0.0369, 1.8423



27.1956, -2.6822, 2.3066



27.1956, -2.9106, 1.1134

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27.1956, -0.2007, 0.6273



36.1767, -1.4874, 1.6643



26.9635, -1.0008, 0.3314



18.0725, -0.7671, 0.8478



66.9319, -3.5713, 3.6365



18.1947, -0.9708, 0.9886

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27.1956, -0.2007, 0.6273



35.0927, 0.3544, 0.3923



27.1559, -0.4166, 1.1931



13.4812, 0.1351, 0.1514



19.4526, 38.2444, -25.6557



47.3553, 93.1018, -62.4559

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27.1956, -0.2007, 0.6273



35.0927, 0.3544, 0.3923



27.6976, -2.4949, 1.7944



13.4812, 0.1351, 0.1514



19.4526, 38.2444, -25.6557



47.3553, 93.1018, -62.4559

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 27.1950, -0.2000, 0.6268 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

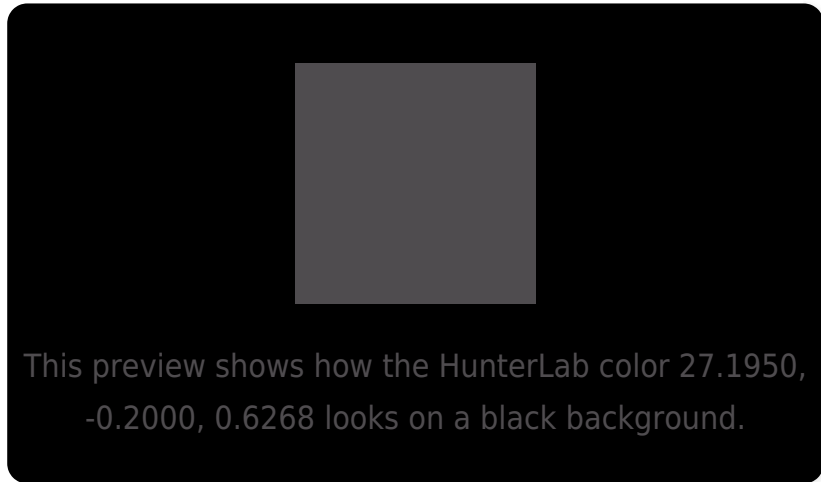
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

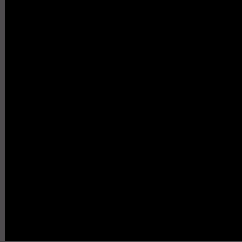
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 27.1950, -0.2000, 0.6268 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 27.1950, -0.2000, 0.6268.



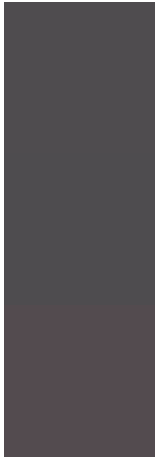
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 27.1950, -0.2000,

0.6268.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

27.1950, -0.2000, 0.6268

Protanopia

27.1166, -0.4694, 0.5272

Deuteranopia

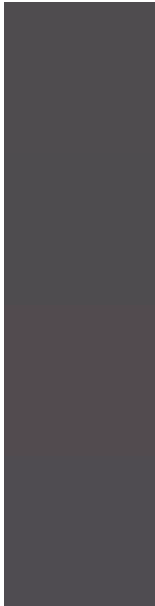
27.2684, 1.3404, 0.7425



Tritanopia

27.2770, 0.2449, -0.5390

Trichromacy



Original Color

27.1950, -0.2000, 0.6268

Protanomaly

27.1166, -0.4694, 0.5272

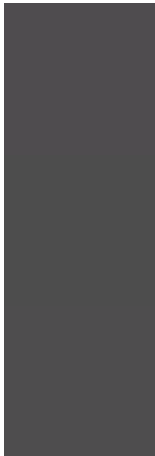
Deuteranomaly

27.1855, 1.0600, 0.6374

Tritanomaly

27.2493, 0.0947, -0.1455

Monochromacy



Original Color

27.1950, -0.2000, 0.6268

Achromatopsia

27.2422, -1.4536, 1.4801

Achromatomaly

27.3450, -1.0444, 1.2037

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 27.1950, -0.2000, 0.6268 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(79, 76, 79)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(79, 76, 79)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(79, 76, 79) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(79, 76, 79) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 27.1950, -0.2000, 0.6268 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(79, 76, 79) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(79, 76, 79) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(79, 76, 79)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(79, 76, 79); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 76, 79);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 76, 79)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 27.1950, -0.2000, 0.6268 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(79, 76, 79) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(79, 76,  
79) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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