

Converting Colors

HunterLab(27.3051, -2.0341,
-0.3710)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(27.3051, -2.0341,
-0.3710) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(27.3394, -2.1732,
-0.5033)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	494E52
RGB	73, 78, 82
RGB Percent	29%, 31%, 32%
CMY	0.7137, 0.6941, 0.6784
CMYK	0.11, 0.05, 0.00, 0.68
HSL	207°, 6%, 30%
HSV	207°, 11%, 32%
XYZ	6.9950, 7.4744, 9.0567
YIQ	76.9610, -4.2640, 0.1840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	73, 76, 82
Decimal	4804178
CIE Lab	32.86, -1.09, -3.06
CIE LCh	33, 3.243, 250.443
Yxy	7.4747, 0.2973, 0.3177
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282994258 (0xFF494E52)
YUV	76.9610, 2.4842, -3.4738
Hunter-Lab	27.3394, -2.1732, -0.5033

Details

The HunterLab color $[27.3394, -2.1732, -0.5033]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[27.5365, -0.6335, 3.3845]$, and the grayscale version is $[27.2211, -1.4525, 1.4790]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[45.7766, -3.2442, 0.3390]$, and $[12.4050, -1.3816, -0.7457]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[25.8298, -2.6149, -2.4532]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[28.8940, -1.6108, 1.3957]$.

Distribution



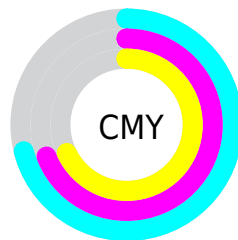
- Red (29%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (32%)



- Red (29%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (32%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (68%)



- Cyan (71%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (68%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 27.3394, -2.1732, -0.5033 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 27.3394, -2.1732, -0.5033 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 27.3394, -2.1732,
-0.5033

■ 27.3394, -2.1732,
-0.5033

■ 130.9779, -8.2025,
3.8504

■ 19.3926, -1.6712,
-0.7365

■ 45.7407, -3.2913,
0.1507

■ 12.4122, -1.2094,
-0.8929

■ 56.0573, -3.9023,
0.5562

■ 5.6309, -1.1408,
-1.9430

■ 67.0506, -4.5457,
1.0078

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 78.6812, -5.2200,
1.5018

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 90.9160, -5.9239,
2.0353

0.0000, NaN, NaN

103.7264, -6.6563,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

117.0876, -7.4162,
3.2115

■ 27.3394, -2.1732,
-0.5033

■ 27.3394, -2.1732,
-0.5033

■ 25.8298, -2.6149,
-2.4532

■ 28.8940, -1.6108,
1.3957

■ 24.3674, -2.9187,
-4.4594

■ 30.4884, -0.9398,
3.2466

■ 22.9570, -3.0678,
-6.5244

■ 32.1203, -0.1728,
5.0542

■ 21.6033, -3.0430,
-8.6500

■ 33.7868, 0.6800,
6.8229

■ 20.3115, -2.8240,
-10.8356

■ 35.4857, 1.6095,
8.5566

■ 19.0869, -2.3905,
-13.0776

■ 37.2147, 2.6079,
10.2591

■ 17.9349, -1.7242,
-15.3685

■ 38.9719, 3.6685,
11.9339

■ 16.8568, -0.8246,
-17.7050

■ 40.7557, 4.7853,
13.5842

■ 15.9046, 0.0362,
-19.9575

■ 42.5645, 5.9534,
15.2127

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27.3400, -3.0718, 0.1328



27.3394, -2.1732, -0.5033



27.3400, -1.0708, -0.5930

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27.3400, -2.1737, -0.5028



27.3400, 0.6788, 1.8551



27.3400, -2.8363, 2.9943

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27.3394, -2.1732, -0.5033



27.5365, -0.6335, 3.3845

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



27.3400, -1.8475, 3.4176



27.3394, -2.1732, -0.5033



27.3400, 0.1895, 2.7776

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27.3400, -2.1737, -0.5028



27.3400, 0.5881, 0.7971



27.3400, -0.7394, 3.3399



27.3400, -3.4500, 2.1617

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27.3394, -2.1732, -0.5033



27.3400, -0.3662, -0.3279



27.3400, -0.7394, 3.3399



27.3400, -2.5374, 3.1876

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27.3400, -2.1737, -0.5028



37.7368, -2.2995, 1.3151



28.2588, -4.5980, 2.6398



18.6717, -1.1651, 0.5779



67.9972, -3.6282, 3.6944



19.0543, -1.0167, 1.0353

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27.3400, -2.1737, -0.5028



35.6240, -3.0329, -1.2983



26.2109, -0.2893, -1.9113



14.1317, -1.0497, -0.0353



20.1164, 0.6866, -26.6259



46.3856, 5.0867, -68.9586

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.6629, 1.7928, 0.4325



34.5394, 3.3814, 0.2456



28.6696, -2.5134, 4.5863



13.8546, 0.5608, 0.3375



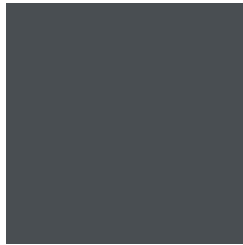
18.1179, 32.7190, -1.4056



43.2987, 77.8078, -0.3726

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 27.3394, -2.1732, -0.5033 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

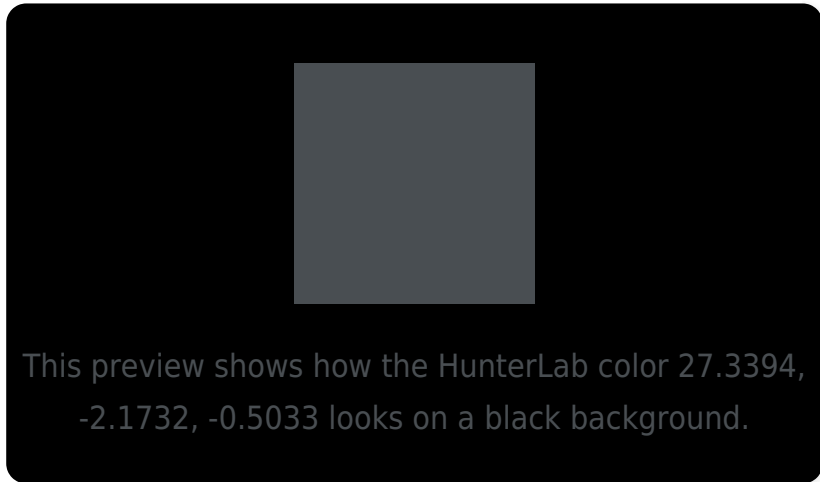
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

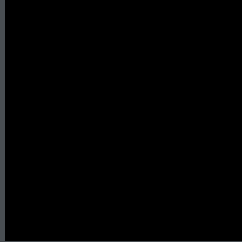
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

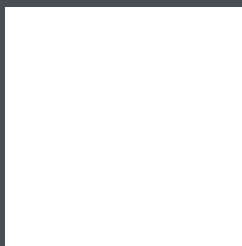
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 27.3394, -2.1732, -0.5033 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 27.3394, -2.1732, -0.5033.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 27.3394, -2.1732, -0.5033.

-0.5033.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

27.3394, -2.1732, -0.5033

Protanopia

27.3489, -0.8701, -0.0393

Deuteranopia

27.2957, 1.6522, -0.9276



Tritanopia

27.3959, -1.8628, -1.3036

Trichromacy



Original Color

27.3394, -2.1732, -0.5033

Protanomaly

27.2733, -1.1317, -0.1372

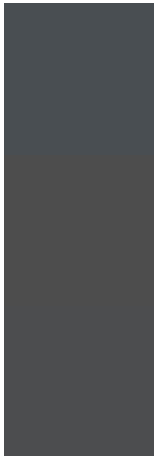
Deuteranomaly

27.3051, 0.3970, -0.9376

Tritanomaly

27.3675, -2.0190, -0.9010

Monochromacy



Original Color

27.3394, -2.1732, -0.5033

Achromatopsia

27.2422, -1.4536, 1.4801

Achromatomaly

27.2191, -1.4286, 0.6344

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 27.3394, -2.1732, -0.5033 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(73, 78, 82)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(73, 78, 82)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(73, 78, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(73, 78, 82) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 27.3394, -2.1732, -0.5033 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(73, 78, 82) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(73, 78, 82) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(73, 78, 82)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(73, 78, 82); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 78, 82);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 78, 82)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 27.3394, -2.1732, -0.5033 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(73, 78, 82) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(73, 78,  
82) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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