

Converting Colors

HunterLab(27.3489, -0.8701,
-0.0393)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(27.3489, -0.8701,
-0.0393) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(27.3489, -0.8701,
-0.0393)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4D4D51
RGB	77, 77, 81
RGB Percent	30%, 30%, 32%
CMY	0.6980, 0.6980, 0.6824
CMYK	0.05, 0.05, 0.00, 0.68
HSL	240°, 3%, 31%
HSV	240°, 5%, 32%
XYZ	7.1997, 7.4796, 8.8489
YIQ	77.4560, -1.2840, 1.2440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

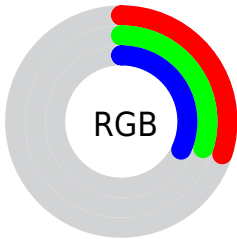
Format	Color
RYB	77, 77, 81
Decimal	5066065
CIELab	32.88, 0.89, -2.36
CIElCh	33, 2.525, 290.620
Yxy	7.4799, 0.3060, 0.3179
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283256145 (0xFF4D4D51)
YUV	77.4560, 1.7472, -0.3999
Hunter-Lab	27.3489, -0.8701, -0.0393

Details

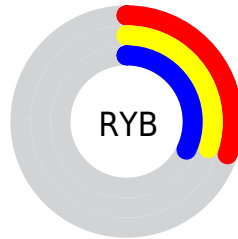
The HunterLab color $[27.3489, -0.8701, -0.0393]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[28.5831, -2.0883, 3.0119]$, and the grayscale version is $[27.4008, -1.4620, 1.4887]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[45.7920, -1.8070, 0.8408]$, and $[12.4283, -0.1342, -0.6939]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[24.6986, 0.5354, -3.4589]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[30.0711, -2.1869, 3.1426]$.

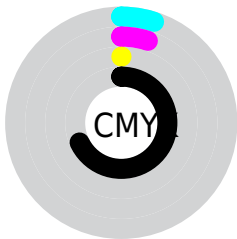
Distribution



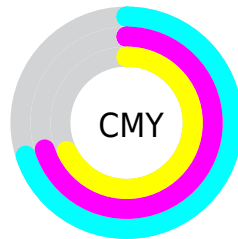
- Red (30%)
- Green (30%)
- Blue (32%)



- Red (30%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (32%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (68%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (68%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 27.3489, -0.8701, -0.0393 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 27.3489, -0.8701, -0.0393 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 27.3489, -0.8701,
-0.0393

■ 27.3489, -0.8701,
-0.0393

■ 130.9939, -6.0046,
4.6015

■ 19.4011, -0.5094,
-0.3160

■ 45.7520, -1.7441,
0.6916

■ 12.4196, -0.2085,
-0.5208

■ 56.0694, -2.2463,
1.1319

■ 5.6421, 0.3854,
-1.4292

■ 67.0634, -2.7878,
1.6162

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 78.6947, -3.3657,
2.1413

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 90.9302, -3.9780,
2.7044

0.0000, NaN, NaN

103.7412, -4.6230,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

117.1031, -5.2990,
3.9363

■ 27.3489, -0.8701,
-0.0393

■ 27.3489, -0.8701,
-0.0393

■ 24.6986, 0.5354,
-3.4589

■ 30.0711, -2.1869,
3.1426

■ 22.1289, 2.0576,
-7.1859

■ 32.8557, -3.4330,
6.1374

■ 19.6540, 3.7294,
-11.3081

■ 35.6968, -4.6242,
8.9854

■ 17.2927, 5.5934,
-15.9372

■ 38.5896, -5.7720,
11.7170

■ 15.0714, 7.6990,
-21.2029

■ 41.5299, -6.8857,
14.3561

■ 13.0276, 10.0912,
-27.2248

■ 44.5142, -7.9721,
16.9212

■ 11.2149, 12.7754,
-34.0213

■ 47.5397, -9.0368,
19.4267

■ 9.7064, 15.6353,
-41.2969

■ 50.6039, -10.0843,
21.8844

■ 8.4271, 18.7483,
-49.2494

■ 53.7047, -11.1181,
24.3036

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27.3495, -1.7322, -0.1240



27.3489, -0.8701, -0.0393



27.3495, -0.1591, 0.4624

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27.3495, -0.8707, -0.0388



27.3495, -0.3941, 2.6873



27.3495, -3.0875, 1.7461

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27.3489, -0.8701, -0.0393



28.5831, -2.0883, 3.0119

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



27.3495, -2.7385, 2.4767



27.3489, -0.8701, -0.0393



27.3495, -1.1883, 3.0088

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27.3495, -0.8707, -0.0388



27.3495, 0.1184, 2.0418



27.3495, -2.0459, 2.9329



27.3495, -3.0049, 0.9238

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27.3489, -0.8701, -0.0393



27.3495, 0.1310, 0.9568



27.3495, -2.0459, 2.9329



27.3495, -3.0170, 2.0102

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27.3495, -0.8707, -0.0388



37.0478, -1.8183, 1.6022



28.3828, -2.5915, 1.2096



18.8864, -0.9352, 0.8382



67.9972, -3.6282, 3.6944



19.0543, -1.0167, 1.0353

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27.3495, -0.8707, -0.0388



35.2286, -0.9102, -0.5974



27.4979, -0.3570, 0.1527



13.9729, -0.3674, -0.2204



10.0574, 27.2513, -71.3988



24.1472, 65.4721, -171.5174

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27.5555, -0.3707, 1.8651



35.5675, -0.0904, 2.5372



28.4358, -2.6069, 2.8366



14.1051, -0.0475, 1.0023



17.2516, 29.5443, 11.1438



41.4299, 70.9504, 26.7675

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 27.3489, -0.8701, -0.0393 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

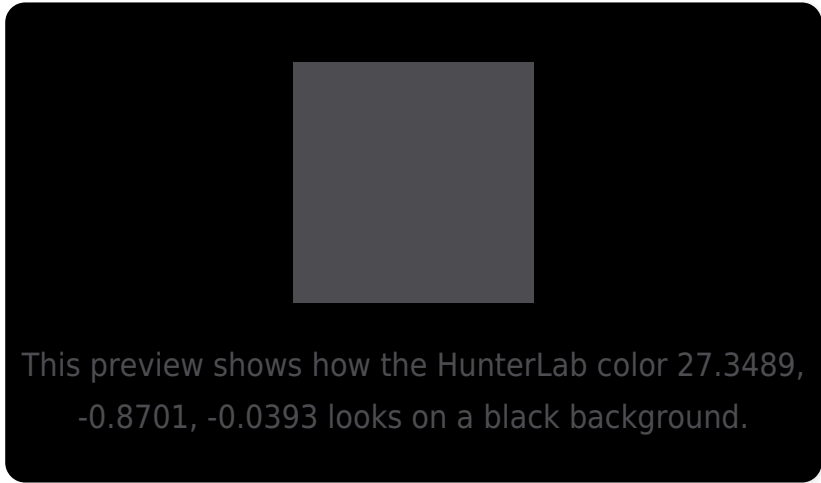
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

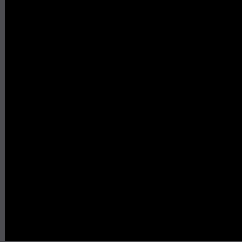
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

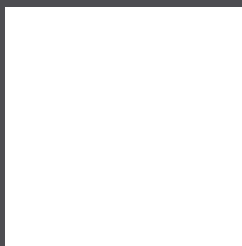
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 27.3489, -0.8701, -0.0393 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 27.3489, -0.8701, -0.0393.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 27.3489, -0.8701, -0.0393.

-0.0393.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

27.3489, -0.8701, -0.0393

Protanopia

27.4254, -0.6059, 0.0596

Deuteranopia

27.3226, 1.6313, -0.0279



Tritanopia

27.4045, -0.5669, -0.8288

Trichromacy



Original Color

27.3489, -0.8701, -0.0393

Protanomaly

27.4254, -0.6059, 0.0596

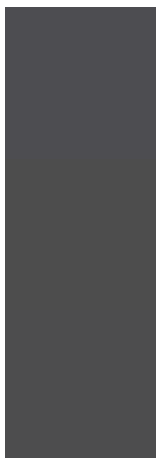
Deuteranomaly

27.4086, 0.6382, 0.0607

Tritanomaly

27.3765, -0.7194, -0.4315

Monochromacy



Original Color

27.3489, -0.8701, -0.0393

Achromatopsia

27.2422, -1.4536, 1.4801

Achromatomaly

27.2683, -1.3106, 1.1077

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 27.3489, -0.8701, -0.0393 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(77, 77, 81)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(77, 77, 81)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(77, 77, 81) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(77, 77, 81) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 27.3489, -0.8701, -0.0393 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(77, 77, 81) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(77, 77, 81) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(77, 77, 81)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(77, 77, 81); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 77, 81);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 77, 81)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 27.3489, -0.8701, -0.0393 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(77, 77, 81) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(77, 77,  
81) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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