

Converting Colors

HunterLab(27.3734, -0.9892,
2.9657)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(27.3734, -0.9892, 2.9657)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(27.4001, -1.0570,
2.8466)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|--------------------------|
| Hex | 504D4A |
| RGB | 80, 77, 74 |
| RGB Percent | 31%, 30%, 29% |
| CMY | 0.6863, 0.6980, 0.7098 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.04, 0.08, 0.69 |
| HSL | 30°, 4%, 30% |
| HSV | 30°, 8%, 31% |
| XYZ | 7.1982, 7.5077, 7.5483 |
| YIQ | 77.5550, 2.7510, -0.2970 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

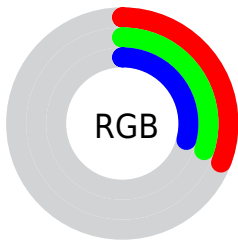
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 80, 80, 74 |
| Decimal | 5262666 |
| CIE Lab | 32.94, 0.61, 2.21 |
| CIE LCh | 33, 2.296, 74.540 |
| Yxy | 7.5080, 0.3235, 0.3374 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4283452746 (0xFF504D4A) |
| YUV | 77.5550, -1.7526, 2.1443 |
| Hunter-Lab | 27.4001, -1.0570, 2.8466 |




Details

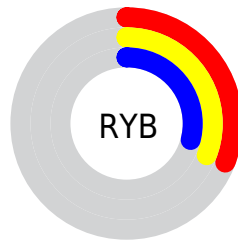
The HunterLab color **27.4001, -1.0570, 2.8466** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **27.0974, -1.7972, 0.0597**, and the grayscale version is **27.4476, -1.4645, 1.4913**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **45.8464, -2.0148, 3.9813**, and **12.4761, -0.2896, 1.8454** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.2002, -0.3772, 4.4738**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **28.6349, -1.6521, 1.0871**.

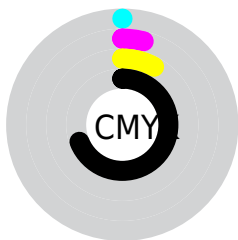
Distribution







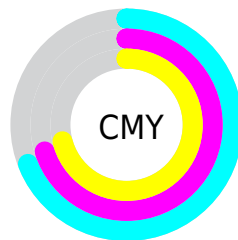
-  Red (31%)
-  Green (30%)
-  Blue (29%)






-  Red (31%)
-  Yellow (31%)
-  Blue (29%)



-  Cyan (0%)
-  Magenta (4%)
-  Yellow (8%)
-  Black (69%)



-  Cyan (69%)
-  Magenta (70%)
-  Yellow (71%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 27.4001, -1.0570, 2.8466 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 27.4001, -1.0570, 2.8466 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 27.4001, -1.0570,
2.8466

■ 27.4001, -1.0570,
2.8466

■ 131.0803, -6.3187,
9.4584

■ 19.4468, -0.6764,
2.2595

■ 45.8127, -1.9657,
4.1149

■ 12.4589, -0.3528,
1.7016

■ 56.1344, -2.4834,
4.7945

■ 5.7016, 0.1632,
1.9190

■ 67.1325, -3.0393,
5.5034

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 78.7676, -3.6309,
6.2408

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 91.0066, -4.2563,
7.0058

0.0000, NaN, NaN

103.8211, -4.9136,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

117.1862, -5.6015,
8.6154

■ 27.4001, -1.0570,
2.8466

■ 27.4001, -1.0570,
2.8466

■ 26.2002, -0.3772,
4.4738

■ 28.6349, -1.6521,
1.0871

■ 25.0360, 0.3954,
5.9540

■ 29.9005, -2.1666,
-0.7941

■ 23.9109, 1.2661,
7.2733

■ 31.1953, -2.6072,
-2.7856

■ 22.8282, 2.2400,
8.4165

■ 32.5174, -2.9793,
-4.8779

■ 21.7910, 3.3211,
9.3679

■ 33.8650, -3.2885,
-7.0623

■ 20.8029, 4.5116,
10.1122

■ 35.2365, -3.5394,
-9.3311

■ 19.8675, 5.8106,
10.6361

■ 36.6305, -3.7368,
-11.6777

■ 18.9884, 7.2130,
10.9302

■ 38.0458, -3.8847,
-14.0961

■ 18.1581, 8.6546,
11.1529

■ 39.4811, -3.9870,
-16.5808

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27.4007, -0.3732, 2.4851



27.4001, -1.0570, 2.8466



27.4007, -1.8436, 2.8527

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27.4007, -1.0577, 2.8470



27.4007, -2.9174, 1.1265



27.4007, -0.3907, 0.4422

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27.4001, -1.0570, 2.8466



27.0974, -1.7972, 0.0597

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



27.4007, -1.0814, 0.0567



27.4001, -1.0570, 2.8466



27.4007, -2.5370, 0.4592

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27.4007, -1.0577, 2.8470



27.4007, -2.9112, 1.8736



27.4007, -1.8669, 0.0630



27.4007, 0.0149, 1.1038

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27.4001, -1.0570, 2.8466



27.4007, -2.3188, 2.6545



27.4007, -1.8669, 0.0630



27.4007, -0.5975, 0.2752

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27.4007, -1.0577, 2.8470



37.0753, -1.8370, 2.5198



26.7189, 0.6529, 0.8950



18.8989, -0.9438, 1.2583



67.9972, -3.6282, 3.6944



19.0543, -1.0167, 1.0353

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27.4007, -1.0577, 2.8470



35.9027, -1.2417, 4.1670



28.1733, -2.3355, 3.6852



14.2637, -0.5118, 1.6004



23.3647, 12.7005, 14.6196



54.4742, 34.2669, 34.1667

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27.0974, -1.7972, 0.0597



35.4053, -2.4542, -0.4043



26.3300, -0.5144, -0.8747



14.0788, -0.9626, -0.0993



18.6786, 3.3003, -30.4709



42.7924, 11.9349, -79.2508

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 27.4001, -1.0570, 2.8466 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

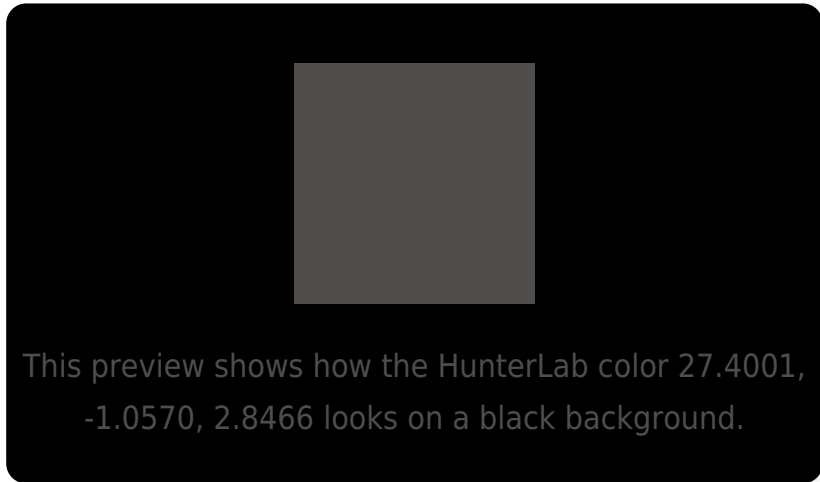
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

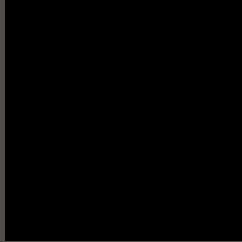
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 27.4001, -1.0570, 2.8466 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 27.4001, -1.0570, 2.8466.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 27.4001, -1.0570,

2.8466.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

27.4001, -1.0570, 2.8466

Protanopia

27.4001, -1.0570, 2.8466

Deuteranopia

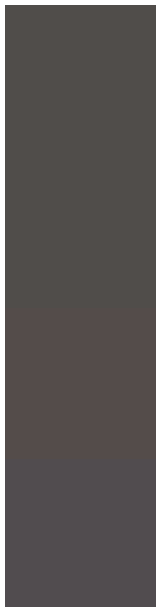
27.3953, 1.5118, 2.8861



Tritanopia

27.4361, 0.7870, -0.3309

Trichromacy



Original Color

27.4001, -1.0570, 2.8466

Protanomaly

27.4001, -1.0570, 2.8466

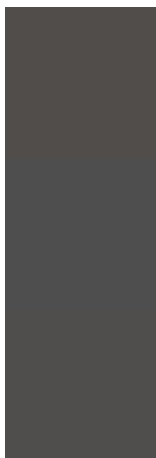
Deuteranomaly

27.4738, 0.4971, 2.9569

Tritanomaly

27.3546, 0.3462, 0.8288

Monochromacy



Original Color

27.4001, -1.0570, 2.8466

Achromatopsia

27.6017, -1.4728, 1.4997

Achromatomaly

27.6530, -1.3461, 1.9621

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 27.4001, -1.0570, 2.8466 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(80, 77, 74)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(80, 77, 74)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 77, 74) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(80, 77, 74) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 27.4001, -1.0570, 2.8466 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(80, 77, 74) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(80, 77, 74) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(80, 77, 74)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(80, 77, 74); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 77, 74);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 77, 74)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 27.4001, -1.0570, 2.8466 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(80, 77, 74) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(80, 77,  
74) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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