

Converting Colors

HunterLab(27.3821, 8.6656,
-5.3989)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(27.3821, 8.6656, -5.3989)
contains.

HunterLab(27.3821, 8.6660, -5.3991)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(27.3821, 8.6660,
-5.3991)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5D465D
RGB	93, 70, 93
RGB Percent	36%, 27%, 36%
CMY	0.6353, 0.7255, 0.6353
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.00, 0.64
HSL	300°, 14%, 32%
HSV	300°, 25%, 36%
XYZ	8.6802, 7.4978, 11.3457
YIQ	79.4990, 6.3250, 12.0290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

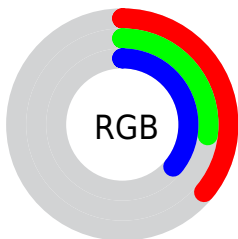
Format	Color
RYB	93, 70, 93
Decimal	6112861
CIELab	32.92, 14.33, -9.78
CIElCh	33, 17.345, 325.685
Yxy	7.4981, 0.3154, 0.2724
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284302941 (0xFF5D465D)
YUV	79.4990, 6.6560, 11.8404
Hunter-Lab	27.3821, 8.6660, -5.3991

Details

The HunterLab color $[27.3821, 8.6660, -5.3991]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 663366 . A complement of this color would be $[30.9406, -10.6128, 7.7755]$, and the grayscale version is $[28.1178, -1.5003, 1.5277]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[45.9414, 9.1854, -5.0675]$, and $[12.4433, 7.7000, -5.0118]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[25.3442, 12.9987, -8.3822]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[29.5858, 4.3823, -2.4462]$.

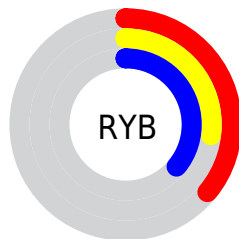
Distribution



Red (36%)

Green (27%)

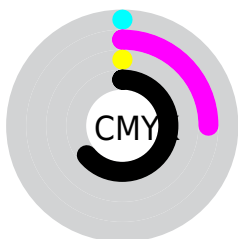
Blue (36%)



Red (36%)

Yellow (27%)

Blue (36%)

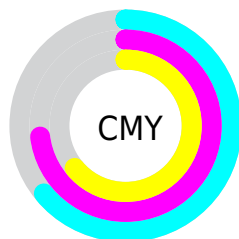


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (64%)



Cyan (64%)

Magenta (73%)

Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 27.3821, 8.6660, -5.3991 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 27.3821, 8.6660, -5.3991 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 27.3821, 8.6660,
-5.3991

■ 27.3821, 8.6660,
-5.3991

■ 131.0499, 9.3438,
-3.6570

■ 19.4307, 8.1506,
-5.2646

■ 45.7914, 9.3452,
-5.4226

■ 12.4451, 7.4850,
-5.0377

■ 56.1116, 9.5448,
-5.3301

■ 5.6808, 10.6854,
-6.8438

■ 67.1082, 9.6663,
-5.1769

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 78.7420, 9.7182,
-4.9682

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 90.9797, 9.7069,
-4.7086

0.0000, NaN, NaN

103.7930, 9.6379,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-4.4015

0.0000, NaN, NaN

117.1570, 9.5157,
-4.0501

■ 27.3821, 8.6660,
-5.3991

■ 27.3821, 8.6660,
-5.3991

■ 25.3442, 12.9987,
-8.3822

■ 29.5858, 4.3823,
-2.4462

■ 23.4957, 17.3164,
-11.3517

■ 31.9316, 0.1851,
0.4504

■ 21.8648, 21.5092,
-14.2324

■ 34.4015, -3.9120,
3.2811

■ 20.4799, 25.4191,
-16.9163

■ 36.9800, -7.9071,
6.0445

■ 19.3660, 28.8464,
-19.2670

■ 39.6541, -11.8054,
8.7438

■ 18.5393, 31.5823,
-21.1424

■ 42.4132, -15.6154,
11.3845

■ 17.9553, 33.6273,
-22.5436

■ 45.2484, -19.3469,
13.9732

■ 17.6565, 34.7131,
-23.2874

■ 48.1522, -23.0100,
16.5167

■ 51.1183, -26.6142,
19.0212

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27.3827, 3.6860, -10.2727



27.3821, 8.6660, -5.3991



27.3827, 10.9338, 0.6571

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27.3827, 8.6652, -5.3985



27.3827, -0.5945, 10.2883



27.3827, -11.0479, -3.6705

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27.3821, 8.6660, -5.3991



30.9406, -10.6128, 7.7755

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



27.3827, -11.9832, 2.2986



27.3821, 8.6660, -5.3991



27.3827, -6.2567, 9.6103

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27.3827, 8.6652, -5.3985



27.3827, 5.3054, 9.0553



27.3827, -10.3034, 6.9538



27.3827, -7.6310, -9.1346

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27.3821, 8.6660, -5.3991



27.3827, 10.4732, 4.2782



27.3827, -10.3034, 6.9538



27.3827, -11.6498, -1.6250

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27.3827, 8.6652, -5.3985



40.9932, 1.5933, -0.3437



25.4423, 2.4267, -8.4136



20.4828, 0.8739, -0.2246



71.2094, -3.7996, 3.8689



21.6712, -1.1563, 1.1774

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27.3827, 8.6652, -5.3985



34.1455, 14.8342, -9.4716



27.0360, 6.8832, -0.5087



15.4350, 0.9414, -0.3617



21.0018, 41.2901, -27.6996



49.1461, 96.6228, -64.8195

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27.3827, 8.6652, -5.3985



34.1455, 14.8342, -9.4716



31.1972, -9.1395, 4.0809



15.4350, 0.9414, -0.3617



21.0018, 41.2901, -27.6996



49.1461, 96.6228, -64.8195

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 27.3821, 8.6660, -5.3991 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 27.3821, 8.6660, -5.3991 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

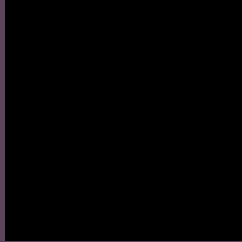
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 27.3821, 8.6660, -5.3991 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 27.3821, 8.6660, -5.3991.



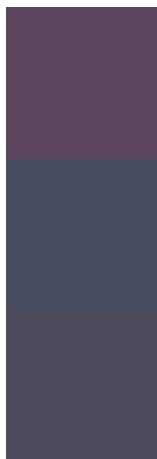
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 27.3821, 8.6660, -5.3991.

-5.3991.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

27.3821, 8.6660, -5.3991

Protanopia

27.5088, 0.7270, -7.9418

Deuteranopia

27.4978, 1.5908, -4.8598



Tritanopia

27.4578, 4.4246, 1.4331

Trichromacy



Original Color

27.3821, 8.6660, -5.3991

Protanomaly

27.2902, 3.7076, -7.1614

Deuteranomaly

27.4030, 3.8158, -4.9548

Tritanomaly

27.4492, 5.8884, -0.6594

Monochromacy



Original Color

27.3821, 8.6660, -5.3991

Achromatopsia

28.3231, -1.5113, 1.5388

Achromatomaly

27.8497, 2.3489, -1.0947

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 27.3821, 8.6660, -5.3991 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(93, 70, 93)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(93, 70, 93)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 70, 93) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(93, 70, 93) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 27.3821, 8.6660, -5.3991 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(93, 70, 93) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(93, 70, 93) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(93, 70, 93)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(93, 70, 93); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 70, 93);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 70, 93)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 27.3821, 8.6660, -5.3991 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(93, 70, 93) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(93, 70,  
93) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor