

Converting Colors

HunterLab(27.4401, -2.2493,
1.8285)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(27.4401, -2.2493, 1.8285)
contains.

HunterLab(27.4246, -2.1426, 1.6821)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(27.4246, -2.1426,
1.6821)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4C4E4D
RGB	76, 78, 77
RGB Percent	30%, 31%, 30%
CMY	0.7020, 0.6941, 0.6980
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.01, 0.69
HSL	150°, 1%, 30%
HSV	150°, 3%, 31%
XYZ	7.0444, 7.5211, 8.1016
YIQ	77.2880, -0.8710, -0.7350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

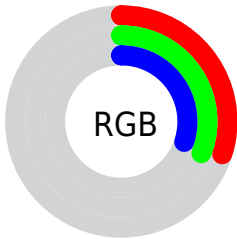
Format	Color
R_{YB}	76, 77, 78
Decimal	5000781
CIE Lab	32.97, -1.03, 0.30
CIE LCh	33, 1.074, 163.639
Yxy	7.5214, 0.3108, 0.3318
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283190861 (0xFF4C4E4D)
YUV	77.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296
Hunter-Lab	27.4246, -2.1426, 1.6821

Details

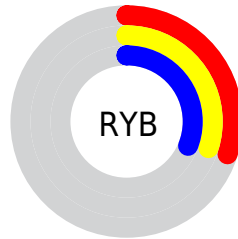
The HunterLab color $[27.4246, -2.1426, 1.6821]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[27.0640, -0.7573, 1.2812]$, and the grayscale version is $[27.3468, -1.4592, 1.4858]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[45.8749, -3.1895, 2.7013]$, and $[12.4937, -1.2591, 0.8484]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[26.7723, -4.6587, 2.4182]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[28.1377, 0.5225, 0.9845]$.

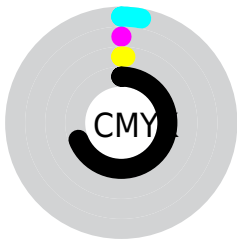
Distribution



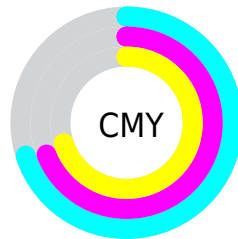
- Red (30%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (30%)



- Red (30%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (69%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (70%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 27.4246, -2.1426, 1.6821 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 27.4246, -2.1426, 1.6821 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 27.4246, -2.1426,
1.6821

■ 27.4246, -2.1426,
1.6821

■ 131.1215, -8.1499,
7.4576

■ 19.4686, -1.6443,
1.2288

■ 45.8418, -3.2547,
2.7207

■ 12.4778, -1.1865,
0.8247

■ 56.1655, -3.8630,
3.2985

■ 5.7298, -1.0900,
0.5308

■ 67.1655, -4.5038,
3.9121

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 78.8024, -5.1758,
4.5596

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 91.0431, -5.8775,
5.2393

0.0000, NaN, NaN

103.8592, -6.6077,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

117.2260, -7.3655,
6.6895

■ 27.4246, -2.1426,
1.6821

■ 27.4246, -2.1426,
1.6821

■ 26.7723, -4.6587,
2.4182

■ 28.1377, 0.5225,
0.9845

■ 26.1808, -7.0047,
3.1871

■ 28.9079, 3.3193,
0.3271

■ 25.6519, -9.1626,
3.9838

■ 29.7334, 6.2291,
-0.2875

■ 25.1864, -11.1153,
4.8018

■ 30.6117, 9.2346,
-0.8584

■ 24.7844, -12.8485,
5.6333

■ 31.5404, 12.3206,
-1.3851

■ 24.4452, -14.3517,
6.4699

■ 32.5170, 15.4732,
-1.8681

■ 24.1670, -15.6193,
7.3023

■ 33.5389, 18.6803,
-2.3084

■ 23.9474, -16.6520,
8.1209

■ 34.6036, 21.9315,
-2.7072

■ 23.7756, -17.4859,
8.9099

■ 35.7088, 25.2181,
-3.0663

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27.4252, -1.9534, 1.9775



27.4246, -2.1426, 1.6821



27.4252, -2.1519, 1.3330

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27.4252, -2.1432, 1.6825



27.4252, -1.2971, 0.8278



27.4252, -0.9487, 1.9552

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27.4246, -2.1426, 1.6821



27.0640, -0.7573, 1.2812

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



27.4252, -0.7709, 1.6517



27.4246, -2.1426, 1.6821



27.4252, -0.9727, 0.9992

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27.4252, -2.1432, 1.6825



27.4252, -1.6647, 0.8364



27.4252, -0.7797, 1.3018



27.4252, -1.2644, 2.1335

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27.4246, -2.1426, 1.6821



27.4252, -2.0538, 1.1158



27.4252, -0.7797, 1.3018



27.4252, -0.8708, 1.8646

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27.4252, -2.1432, 1.6825



36.3559, -2.3044, 2.0777



27.4774, -2.0114, 2.1423



18.1523, -1.1309, 1.0318



66.9319, -3.5713, 3.6365



18.1947, -0.9708, 0.9886

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27.4252, -2.1432, 1.6825



36.1680, -3.0169, 2.2737



27.4503, -2.0051, 1.3244



13.8819, -1.2037, 0.8859



31.2114, -24.0328, 12.8684



75.8593, -59.2583, 33.1042

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27.0640, -0.7573, 1.2812



35.5898, -0.7986, 1.6313



27.0389, -0.8942, 1.6390



13.6355, -0.2583, 0.6121



17.5044, 31.3438, 0.7150



42.3957, 75.5135, 4.8405

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 27.4246, -2.1426, 1.6821 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

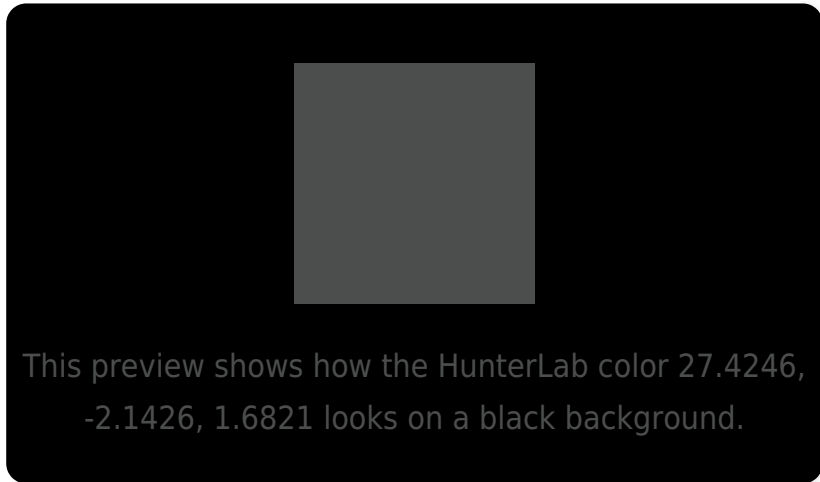
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

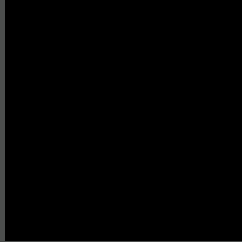
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

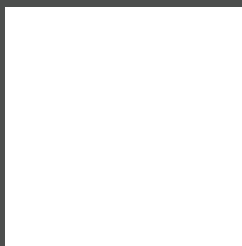
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 27.4246, -2.1426, 1.6821 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 27.4246, -2.1426, 1.6821.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 27.4246, -2.1426, 1.6821.

1.6821.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

27.4246, -2.1426, 1.6821

Protanopia

27.3712, -1.0571, 2.0365

Deuteranopia

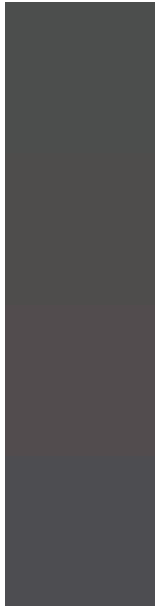
27.4108, 1.7671, 1.3309



Tritanopia

27.4045, -0.5669, -0.8288

Trichromacy



Original Color

27.4246, -2.1426, 1.6821

Protanomaly

27.2933, -1.3271, 1.9416

Deuteranomaly

27.4094, 0.4806, 1.3068

Tritanomaly

27.3489, -0.8701, -0.0393

Monochromacy



Original Color

27.4246, -2.1426, 1.6821

Achromatopsia

27.2422, -1.4536, 1.4801

Achromatomaly

27.2422, -1.4536, 1.4801

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 27.4246, -2.1426, 1.6821 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(76, 78, 77)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(76, 78, 77)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(76, 78, 77) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(76, 78, 77) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 27.4246, -2.1426, 1.6821 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(76, 78, 77) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(76, 78, 77) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(76, 78, 77)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(76, 78, 77); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 78, 77);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 78, 77)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 27.4246, -2.1426, 1.6821 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(76, 78, 77) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(76, 78,  
77) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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