

Converting Colors

HunterLab(27.4993, -18.1625,
4.8358)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(27.4993, -18.1625,
4.8358) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(27.4993,
-18.1625, 4.8358)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	005944
RGB	0, 89, 68
RGB Percent	0%, 35%, 27%
CMY	1.0000, 0.6510, 0.7333
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.24, 0.65
HSL	166°, 100%, 17%
HSV	166°, 100%, 35%
XYZ	4.6158, 7.5621, 6.6852
YIQ	59.9950, -46.3030, -25.3990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

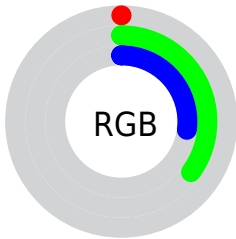
Format	Color
RYB	0, 50, 89
Decimal	22852
CIELab	33.05, -29.02, 5.67
CIELCh	33, 29.569, 168.935
Yxy	7.5624, 0.2447, 0.4009
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278212932 (0xFF005944)
YUV	59.9950, 3.9465, -52.6156
Hunter-Lab	27.4993, -18.1625, 4.8358

Details

The HunterLab color **27.4993, -18.1625, 4.8358** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **14.7586, 25.6401, 6.6921**, and the grayscale version is **21.2543, -1.1341, 1.1548**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **46.0167, -23.2080, 6.6600**, and **13.1382, -9.3588, 3.7814** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27.4998, -18.1630, 4.8363**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27.6513, -17.4514, 4.2729**.

Distribution



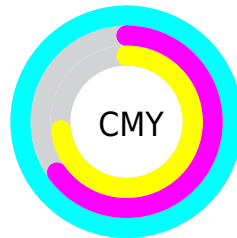
- Red (0%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (35%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Black (65%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (73%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 27.4993, -18.1625, 4.8358 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 27.4993, -18.1625, 4.8358 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 27.4993, -18.1625,
4.8358

■ 27.4993, -18.1625,
4.8358

131.2472,
-37.8119, 13.0196

■ 19.5352, -15.3987,
3.9908

■ 45.9304, -23.0950,
6.5412

■ 12.5352, -12.4639,
3.1328

■ 56.2603, -25.3733,
7.4127

■ 5.8150, -10.1762,
4.0705

■ 67.2661, -27.5680,
8.3007

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 78.9085, -29.6985,
9.2065

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 91.1544, -31.7788,
10.1309

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 103.9756,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-33.8194, 11.0744

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 117.3471,
-35.8283, 12.0373

■ 27.4993, -18.1625,
4.8358

■ 27.4993, -18.1625,
4.8358

■ 27.4998, -18.1630,
4.8363

■ 27.6513, -17.4514,
4.2729

■ 27.8249, -16.6527,
3.7167

■ 28.0580, -15.6196,
3.2130

■ 28.3556, -14.3396,
2.7713

■ 28.7211, -12.8092,
2.3990

■ 29.1565, -11.0319,
2.1017

■ 29.6631, -9.0162,
1.8834

■ 30.2409, -6.7753,
1.7464

■ 30.8895, -4.3255,
1.6913

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27.4998, -14.7252, 11.1344



27.4993, -18.1625, 4.8358



27.4998, -17.6422, -5.2564

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27.4998, -18.1627, 4.8361



27.4998, 5.1753, -22.5815



27.4998, 12.6068, 12.1602

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27.4993, -18.1625, 4.8358



14.7586, 25.6401, 6.6921

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



27.4998, 19.6026, 6.8794



27.4993, -18.1625, 4.8358



27.4998, 14.8996, -13.7590

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27.4998, -18.1627, 4.8361



27.4998, -5.1255, -23.7637



27.4998, 20.4979, -2.3219



27.4998, 2.3896, 14.2178

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27.4993, -18.1625, 4.8358



27.4998, -15.0981, -12.9636



27.4998, 20.4979, -2.3219



27.4998, 15.4730, 10.8156

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27.4998, -18.1627, 4.8361



38.7013, -12.0468, 2.4841



27.0527, -21.5497, 16.2923



19.3871, -6.4309, 1.2851



70.1359, -3.7423, 3.8106



20.7927, -1.1094, 1.1297

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27.4998, -18.1627, 4.8361



35.9217, -23.8543, 6.5956



21.6938, -6.7323, -12.5816



15.3443, -1.9843, 0.8372



33.3809, -22.1369, 6.0640



79.0268, -53.0183, 15.6748

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.7586, 25.6401, 6.6921



19.2546, 33.3869, 9.2417



16.4544, 19.0643, 10.4725



14.5831, 0.4368, 0.8182



17.8980, 31.0495, 8.4743



42.2770, 73.0612, 22.1977

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 27.4993, -18.1625, 4.8358 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 27.4993, -18.1625, 4.8358 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 27.4993, -18.1625, 4.8358.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 27.4993,

-18.1625, 4.8358.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

27.4993, -18.1625, 4.8358

Protanopia

27.6526, -1.9872, 6.9217

Deuteranopia

27.4987, 1.7162, 4.1216



Tritanopia

27.7358, -11.3234, -5.2451

Trichromacy



Original Color

27.4993, -18.1625, 4.8358

Protanomaly

26.7827, -10.6159, 5.2465

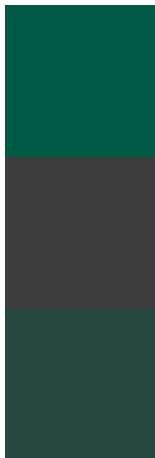
Deuteranomaly

26.4958, -8.6070, 3.2098

Tritanomaly

27.5410, -14.1192, -1.3331

Monochromacy



Original Color

27.4993, -18.1625, 4.8358

Achromatopsia

21.2570, -1.1342, 1.1549

Achromatomaly

22.9727, -9.5120, 1.8521

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 27.4993, -18.1625, 4.8358 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 89, 68)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 89, 68)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 89, 68) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 89, 68) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 27.4993, -18.1625, 4.8358 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 89, 68) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 89, 68) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 89, 68)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 89, 68); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 89, 68); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 89, 68) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 27.4993, -18.1625, 4.8358 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 89, 68) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 89,  
68) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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