

Converting Colors

HunterLab(27.5382, -4.6899,
3.6862)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(27.5382, -4.6899, 3.6862)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(27.5371, -4.6891,
3.6857)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	485048
RGB	72, 80, 72
RGB Percent	28%, 31%, 28%
CMY	0.7176, 0.6863, 0.7176
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.10, 0.69
HSL	120°, 5%, 30%
HSV	120°, 10%, 31%
XYZ	6.7108, 7.5829, 7.2409
YIQ	76.6960, -2.2000, -4.1840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

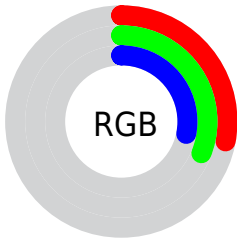
Format	Color
R_{YB}	72, 80, 80
Decimal	4739144
CIE Lab	33.10, -4.98, 3.62
CIE LCh	33, 6.157, 143.932
Yxy	7.5832, 0.3116, 0.3521
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282929224 (0xFF485048)
YUV	76.6960, -2.3151, -4.1184
Hunter-Lab	27.5371, -4.6891, 3.6857

Details

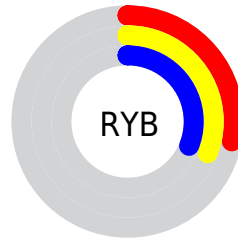
The HunterLab color $[27.5371, -4.6891, 3.6857]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[26.3051, 1.9677, -0.8633]$, and the grayscale version is $[27.1422, -1.4482, 1.4747]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[45.8799, -6.4224, 5.1955]$, and $[12.6952, -3.1035, 2.3396]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[26.8287, -7.6383, 5.6784]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[28.3237, -1.5118, 1.5392]$.

Distribution



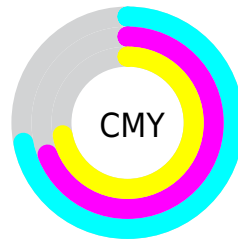
- Red (28%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (28%)



- Red (28%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (69%)



- Cyan (72%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (72%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 27.5371, -4.6891, 3.6857 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 27.5371, -4.6891, 3.6857 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 27.5371, -4.6891,
3.6857

■ 27.5371, -4.6891,
3.6857

131.3110,
-12.5149, 10.9333

■ 19.5690, -3.9003,
2.9953

■ 45.9753, -6.3004,
5.1299

■ 12.5643, -3.1090,
2.3179

■ 56.3084, -7.1299,
5.8870

■ 5.8577, -4.0148,
2.8838

■ 67.3171, -7.9779,
6.6684

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 78.9623, -8.8454,
7.4739

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 91.2109, -9.7327,
8.3036

0.0000, NaN, NaN

104.0345,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-10.6400, 9.1570

0.0000, NaN, NaN

117.4085,
-11.5674, 10.0337

■ 27.5371, -4.6891,
3.6857

■ 27.5371, -4.6891,
3.6857

■ 26.8287, -7.6383,
5.6784

■ 28.3237, -1.5118,
1.5392

■ 26.1991, -10.3274,
7.4957

■ 29.1838, 1.8650,
-0.7415

■ 25.6503, -12.7290,
9.1189

■ 30.1148, 5.4114,
-3.1363

■ 25.1832, -14.8189,
10.5318

■ 31.1131, 9.1001,
-5.6267

■ 24.7971, -16.5795,
11.7221

■ 32.1750, 12.9064,
-8.1959

■ 24.4903, -18.0013,
12.6834

■ 33.2970, 16.8088,
-10.8292

■ 24.2594, -19.0849,
13.4162

■ 34.4753, 20.7884,
-13.5141

■ 24.0972, -19.8531,
13.9357

■ 35.7066, 24.8295,
-16.2399

■ 23.9533, -20.5399,
14.4001

■ 36.9875, 28.9189,
-18.9976

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27.5377, -3.1054, 4.8137



27.5371, -4.6891, 3.6857



27.5377, -5.4091, 1.9058

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27.5377, -4.6897, 3.6861



27.5377, -1.9005, -2.6436



27.5377, 2.3559, 3.0264

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27.5371, -4.6891, 3.6857



26.3051, 1.9677, -0.8633

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



27.5377, 2.7021, 1.0858



27.5371, -4.6891, 3.6857



27.5377, 0.2028, -2.2871

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27.5377, -4.6897, 3.6861



27.5377, -3.8304, -1.8241



27.5377, 1.9031, -0.8837



27.5377, 0.9710, 4.4534

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27.5371, -4.6891, 3.6857



27.5377, -5.3175, 0.5486



27.5377, 1.9031, -0.8837



27.5377, 2.5993, 2.4166

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27.5377, -4.6897, 3.6861



37.0811, -3.3314, 2.9347



28.1266, -2.5955, 4.3621



18.8513, -1.8299, 1.5846



67.9972, -3.6282, 3.6944



19.0543, -1.0167, 1.0353

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27.5377, -4.6897, 3.6861



36.1387, -7.1723, 5.5295



27.6354, -4.1438, 2.2864



14.4639, -2.2523, 1.7926



31.6413, -27.1323, 19.0220



75.9878, -65.1594, 45.6824

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.3051, 1.9677, -0.8633



34.1200, 3.7337, -1.9232



26.1958, 1.3816, 0.6898



13.8989, 0.7991, -0.2926



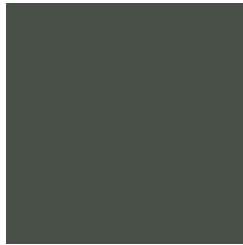
19.9667, 39.2549, -26.3327



47.9507, 94.2721, -63.2385

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 27.5371, -4.6891, 3.6857 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

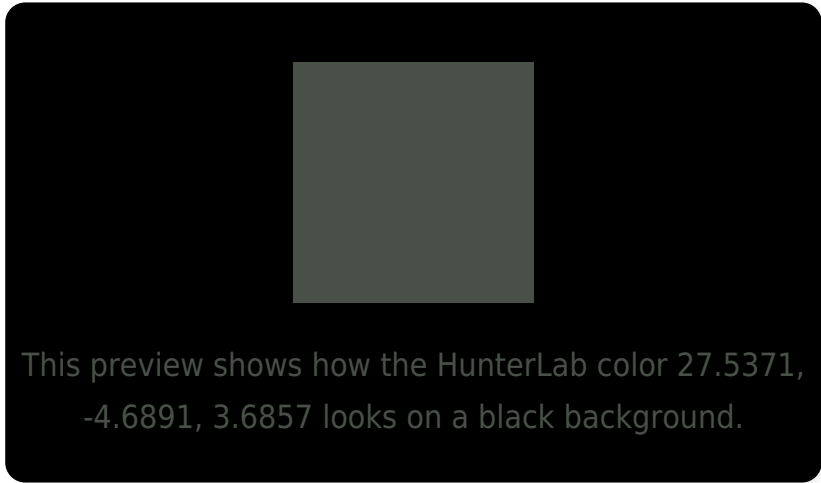
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

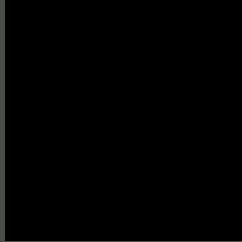
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 27.5371, -4.6891, 3.6857 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 27.5371, -4.6891, 3.6857.



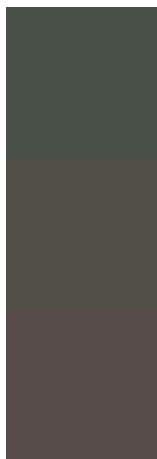
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 27.5371, -4.6891, 3.6857.

3.6857.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

27.5371, -4.6891, 3.6857

Protanopia

27.4081, -1.1734, 3.9726

Deuteranopia

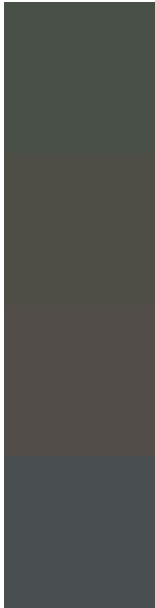
27.4580, 1.6743, 3.3381



Tritanopia

27.4676, -1.6124, -1.2075

Trichromacy



Original Color

27.5371, -4.6891, 3.6857

Protanomaly

27.4288, -2.4228, 3.9733

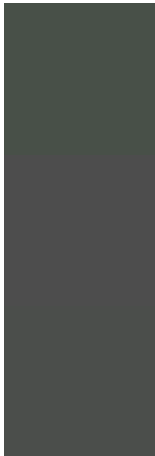
Deuteranomaly

27.5366, -0.6340, 3.3849

Tritanomaly

27.5456, -2.8982, 0.5871

Monochromacy



Original Color

27.5371, -4.6891, 3.6857

Achromatopsia

27.2422, -1.4536, 1.4801

Achromatomaly

27.2995, -2.6839, 2.3178

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 27.5371, -4.6891, 3.6857 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(72, 80, 72)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(72, 80, 72)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(72, 80, 72) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(72, 80, 72) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 27.5371, -4.6891, 3.6857 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(72, 80, 72) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(72, 80, 72) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(72, 80, 72) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(72, 80, 72); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(72, 80, 72);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(72, 80, 72)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 27.5371, -4.6891, 3.6857 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(72, 80, 72) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(72, 80,  
72) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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