

Converting Colors

HunterLab(27.5560, -5.5843,
0.4221)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(27.5560, -5.5843, 0.4221)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(27.5461, -5.6293,
0.5398)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	415150
RGB	65, 81, 80
RGB Percent	25%, 32%, 31%
CMY	0.7451, 0.6823, 0.6863
CMYK	0.20, 0.00, 0.01, 0.68
HSL	176°, 11%, 29%
HSV	176°, 20%, 32%
XYZ	6.5704, 7.5879, 8.7077
YIQ	76.1020, -9.2150, -3.7030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

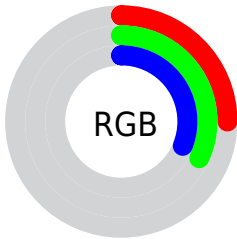
Format	Color
RYB	65, 73, 81
Decimal	4280656
CIELab	33.11, -6.47, -1.50
CIELCh	33, 6.645, 193.009
Yxy	7.5882, 0.2873, 0.3318
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282470736 (0xFF415150)
YUV	76.1020, 1.9217, -9.7365
Hunter-Lab	27.5461, -5.6293, 0.5398

Details

The HunterLab color $27.5461, -5.6293, 0.5398$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $24.3382, 3.3733, 2.4991$, and the grayscale version is $26.9162, -1.4362, 1.4624$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $45.8922, -7.3624, 1.3175$, and $12.4888, -3.5579, -0.2906$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $27.0626, -7.4310, 0.1325$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $28.0932, -3.6397, 1.0216$.

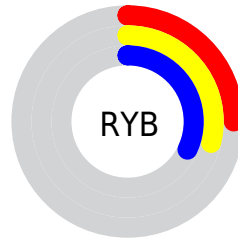
Distribution



Red (25%)

Green (32%)

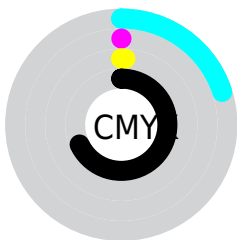
Blue (31%)



Red (25%)

Yellow (29%)

Blue (32%)

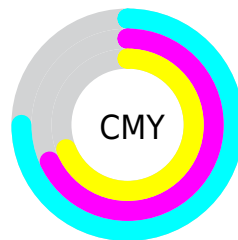


Cyan (20%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (68%)



Cyan (75%)

Magenta (68%)

Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 27.5461, -5.6293, 0.5398 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 27.5461, -5.6293, 0.5398 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 27.5461, -5.6293,
0.5398

■ 27.5461, -5.6293,
0.5398

■ 131.3261,
-14.1540, 5.5523

■ 19.5770, -4.7274,
0.2058

■ 45.9860, -7.4335,
1.3710

■ 12.5712, -3.8056,
-0.0632

■ 56.3198, -8.3481,
1.8563

■ 5.8678, -5.1214,
-0.7373

■ 67.3292, -9.2758,
2.3830

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 78.9750, -10.2182,
2.9482

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 91.2243, -11.1767,
3.5496

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 104.0485,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-12.1519, 4.1852

0.0000, NaN, NaN

117.4230,
-13.1442, 4.8532

■ 27.5461, -5.6293,
0.5398

■ 27.5461, -5.6293,
0.5398

■ 27.0626, -7.4310,
0.1325

■ 28.0932, -3.6397,
1.0216

■ 26.6411, -9.0313,
-0.1989

■ 28.7014, -1.4753,
1.5729

■ 26.2819, -10.4213,
-0.4521

■ 29.3698, 0.8477,
2.1897

■ 25.9838, -11.5958,
-0.6271

■ 30.0970, 3.3132,
2.8671

■ 25.7448, -12.5540,
-0.7252

■ 30.8808, 5.9049,
3.5999

■ 25.5619, -13.3007,
-0.7498

■ 31.7192, 8.6071,
4.3832

■ 25.4300, -13.8508,
-0.7074

■ 32.6099, 11.4050,
5.2119

■ 25.3130, -14.3442,
-0.6456

■ 33.5504, 14.2852,
6.0813

■ 25.3101, -14.3564,
-0.6440

■ 34.5385, 17.2353,
6.9869

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27.5467, -5.5553, 2.6951



27.5461, -5.6293, 0.5398



27.5467, -4.6164, -1.5120

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27.5467, -5.6298, 0.5402



27.5467, 1.5956, -1.7412



27.5467, -0.1733, 5.2105

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27.5461, -5.6293, 0.5398



24.3382, 3.3733, 2.4991

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



27.5467, 1.8215, 4.2052



27.5461, -5.6293, 0.5398



27.5467, 2.8655, 0.2477

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27.5467, -5.6298, 0.5402



27.5467, -0.4735, -2.8998



27.5467, 2.9495, 2.4254



27.5467, -2.4551, 5.2748

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27.5461, -5.6293, 0.5398



27.5467, -3.4405, -2.4983



27.5467, 2.9495, 2.4254



27.5467, 0.5548, 4.9754

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27.5467, -5.6298, 0.5402



36.9141, -3.7708, 1.5774



27.2533, -7.4254, 5.7832



18.7874, -1.9632, 0.7925



67.9972, -3.6282, 3.6944



19.0543, -1.0167, 1.0353

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27.5467, -5.6298, 0.5402



35.5985, -8.5662, 0.4226



25.7383, -2.6082, -2.1190



14.5505, -1.7707, 0.5556



33.0056, -18.7624, -0.7516



79.2331, -45.2454, -1.3626

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24.3382, 3.3733, 2.4991



30.3790, 6.1136, 3.6227



25.9949, 0.2468, 4.6155



13.8076, 0.3077, 1.0067



17.2928, 29.6974, 10.5316



41.4696, 71.0979, 26.1773

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 27.5461, -5.6293, 0.5398 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 27.5461, -5.6293, 0.5398 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

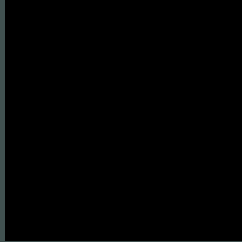
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 27.5461, -5.6293, 0.5398 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 27.5461, -5.6293, 0.5398.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 27.5461, -5.6293,

0.5398.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

27.5461, -5.6293, 0.5398

Protanopia

27.4228, -0.7756, 1.3006

Deuteranopia

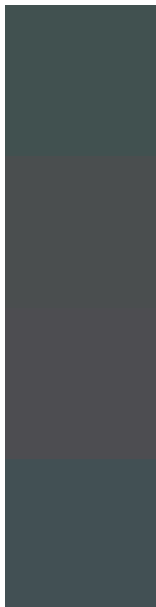
27.4063, 1.9126, 0.0802



Tritanopia

27.5090, -4.0486, -2.0954

Trichromacy



Original Color

27.5461, -5.6293, 0.5398

Protanomaly

27.3297, -2.3707, 0.7514

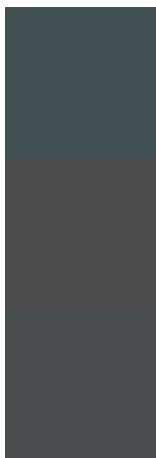
Deuteranomaly

27.3489, -0.8701, -0.0393

Tritanomaly

27.4512, -4.3713, -1.2769

Monochromacy



Original Color

27.5461, -5.6293, 0.5398

Achromatopsia

26.8834, -1.4344, 1.4606

Achromatomaly

27.1336, -3.1678, 1.3221

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 27.5461, -5.6293, 0.5398 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(65, 81, 80)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(65, 81, 80)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(65, 81, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(65, 81, 80) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 27.5461, -5.6293, 0.5398 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(65, 81, 80) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(65, 81, 80) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(65, 81, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(65, 81, 80); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(65, 81, 80);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(65, 81, 80)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 27.5461, -5.6293, 0.5398 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(65, 81, 80) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(65, 81,  
80) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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