

Converting Colors

HunterLab(27.6646, 0.3815,
-0.9223)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(27.6646, 0.3815, -0.9223)
contains.

HunterLab(27.6646, 0.3815, -0.9223)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(27.6646, 0.3815,
-0.9223)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	504D54
RGB	80, 77, 84
RGB Percent	31%, 30%, 33%
CMY	0.6863, 0.6980, 0.6706
CMYK	0.05, 0.08, 0.00, 0.67
HSL	266°, 4%, 32%
HSV	266°, 8%, 33%
XYZ	7.5624, 7.6533, 9.4661
YIQ	78.6950, -0.4590, 2.8130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

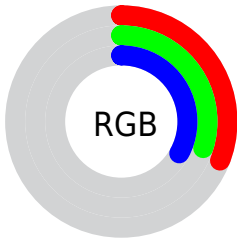
Format	Color
R_{YB}	80, 77, 84
Decimal	5262676
CIE Lab	33.25, 2.77, -3.69
CIE LCh	33, 4.608, 306.887
Yxy	7.6536, 0.3064, 0.3101
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283452756 (0xFF504D54)
YUV	78.6950, 2.6154, 1.1445
Hunter-Lab	27.6646, 0.3815, -0.9223

Details

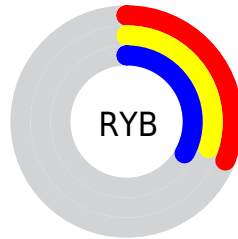
The HunterLab color $[27.6646, 0.3815, -0.9223]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[29.3700, -3.3632, 3.8642]$, and the grayscale version is $[27.8435, -1.4857, 1.5128]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[46.1327, -0.4536, -0.1002]$, and $[12.6857, 0.8430, -1.1395]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[25.2021, 2.7932, -4.1541]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[30.2036, -1.9793, 2.1118]$.

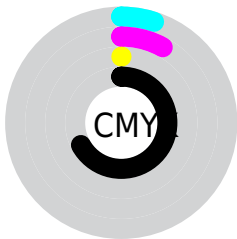
Distribution



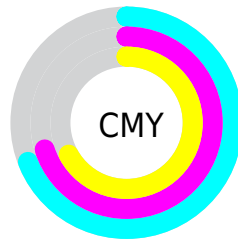
- Red (31%)
- Green (30%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (67%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 27.6646, 0.3815, -0.9223 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 27.6646, 0.3815, -0.9223 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 27.6646, 0.3815,
-0.9223

■ 27.6646, 0.3815,
-0.9223

■ 131.5255, -3.9260,
3.1890

■ 19.6828, 0.6133,
-1.1196

■ 46.1265, -0.2681,
-0.3325

■ 12.6625, 0.7687,
-1.2369

■ 56.4701, -0.6702,
0.0438

■ 5.9991, 1.6885,
-2.2199

■ 67.4888, -1.1173,
0.4678

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 79.1433, -1.6060,
0.9354

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 91.4009, -2.1335,
1.4437

0.0000, NaN, NaN

104.2330, -2.6972,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

1.9901

0.0000, NaN, NaN

117.6151, -3.2953,
2.5725

■ 27.6646, 0.3815,
-0.9223

■ 27.6646, 0.3815,
-0.9223

■ 25.2021, 2.7932,
-4.1541

■ 30.2036, -1.9793,
2.1118

■ 22.8254, 5.2674,
-7.6299

■ 32.8087, -4.2972,
4.9838

■ 20.5494, 7.8112,
-11.4010

■ 35.4734, -6.5812,
7.7244

■ 18.3927, 10.4258,
-15.5218

■ 38.1922, -8.8391,
10.3581

■ 16.3797, 13.0961,
-20.0384

■ 40.9604, -11.0771,
12.9047

■ 14.5422, 15.7729,
-24.9600

■ 43.7741, -13.3005,
15.3800

■ 12.9204, 18.3447,
-30.2069

■ 46.6302, -15.5134,
17.7970

■ 11.5613, 20.6055,
-35.5295

■ 49.5257, -17.7196,
20.1661

■ 10.2959, 23.0894,
-41.5522

■ 52.4583, -19.9219,
22.4959

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27.6652, -1.1102, -1.5387



27.6646, 0.3815, -0.9223



27.6652, 1.3898, 0.3402

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27.6652, 0.3809, -0.9218



27.6652, -0.2677, 4.0486



27.6652, -4.4469, 1.1550

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27.6646, 0.3815, -0.9223



29.3700, -3.3632, 3.8642

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



27.6652, -4.2328, 2.6230



27.6646, 0.3815, -0.9223



27.6652, -1.8432, 4.2395

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27.6652, 0.3809, -0.9218



27.6652, 1.0095, 3.1948



27.6652, -3.2883, 3.7318



27.6652, -3.8799, -0.2967

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27.6646, 0.3815, -0.9223



27.6652, 1.6407, 1.3476



27.6652, -3.2883, 3.7318



27.6652, -4.4637, 1.6633

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27.6652, 0.3809, -0.9218



38.6551, -1.4573, 1.3199



28.4875, -2.1716, 0.0591



19.6011, -0.7695, 0.7088



69.0652, -3.6851, 3.7524



19.9203, -1.0629, 1.0823

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27.6652, 0.3809, -0.9218



35.9007, 1.1398, -2.0562



27.9395, 1.3120, -0.5600



13.7314, 0.2316, -0.5140



12.5062, 29.4985, -54.5638



29.1653, 69.9320, -136.0794

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27.9051, 1.0310, 0.6725



36.2982, 2.2081, 0.5969



29.1184, -4.2578, 3.5710



13.8561, 0.5691, 0.3155



18.1651, 32.8897, -2.0718



43.4132, 78.2228, -1.9962

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 27.6646, 0.3815, -0.9223 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 27.6646, 0.3815, -0.9223 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

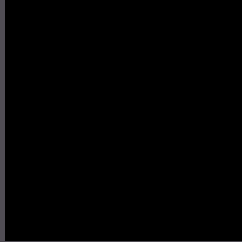
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 27.6646, 0.3815, -0.9223 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 27.6646, 0.3815, -0.9223.



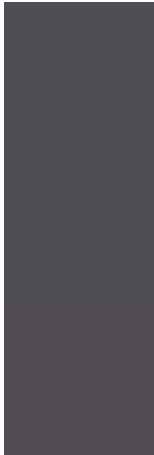
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 27.6646, 0.3815, -0.9223.

-0.9223.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

27.6646, 0.3815, -0.9223

Protanopia

27.7643, -0.5845, -0.8133

Deuteranopia

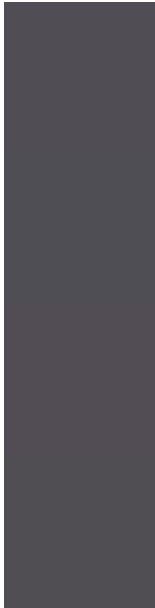
27.6550, 1.6391, -0.9126



Tritanopia

27.6365, 0.2291, -0.5232

Trichromacy



Original Color

27.6646, 0.3815, -0.9223

Protanomaly

27.8409, -0.3211, -0.7123

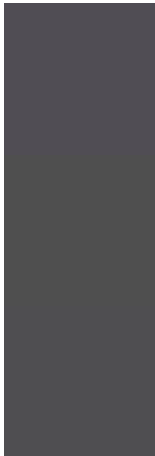
Deuteranomaly

27.5732, 1.3634, -1.0211

Tritanomaly

27.6365, 0.2291, -0.5232

Monochromacy



Original Color

27.6646, 0.3815, -0.9223

Achromatopsia

27.9620, -1.4920, 1.5192

Achromatomaly

27.7581, -0.7717, 0.4634

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 27.6646, 0.3815, -0.9223 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(80, 77, 84)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(80, 77, 84)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 77, 84) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(80, 77, 84) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 27.6646, 0.3815, -0.9223 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(80, 77, 84) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(80, 77, 84) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(80, 77, 84)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(80, 77, 84); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 77, 84);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 77, 84)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 27.6646, 0.3815, -0.9223 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(80, 77, 84) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(80, 77,  
84) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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