

Converting Colors

HunterLab(27.7233, -4.8818,
-5.5699)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(27.7233, -4.8818,
-5.5699) contains.

HunterLab(27.8793, -4.9866, -5.4289)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(27.8793, -4.9866,
-5.4289)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3B525E
RGB	59, 82, 94
RGB Percent	23%, 32%, 37%
CMY	0.7686, 0.6784, 0.6314
CMYK	0.37, 0.13, 0.00, 0.63
HSL	201°, 23%, 30%
HSV	201°, 37%, 37%
XYZ	6.8413, 7.7726, 11.7293
YIQ	76.4910, -17.5600, -1.1440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

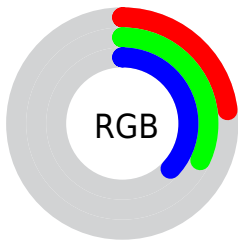
Format	Color
RYB	59, 73, 94
Decimal	3887710
CIELab	33.51, -5.40, -9.81
CIElCh	34, 11.195, 241.190
Yxy	7.7729, 0.2597, 0.2951
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282077790 (0xFF3B525E)
YUV	76.4910, 8.6319, -15.3396
Hunter-Lab	27.8793, -4.9866, -5.4289

Details

The HunterLab color $[27.8793, -4.9866, -5.4289]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 336666 . A complement of this color would be $[26.8366, 3.9779, 7.4644]$, and the grayscale version is $[27.0346, -1.4425, 1.4688]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[46.2973, -6.4749, -5.3755]$, and $[12.7362, -3.2130, -5.2258]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[26.5261, -5.3972, -7.4191]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[29.2984, -4.3687, -3.4531]$.

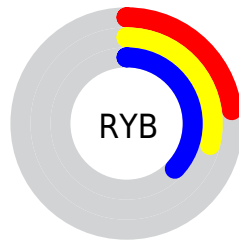
Distribution



Red (23%)

Green (32%)

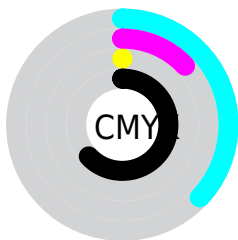
Blue (37%)



Red (23%)

Yellow (29%)

Blue (37%)

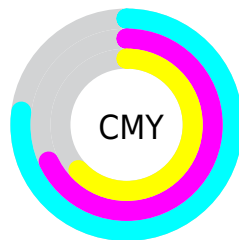


Cyan (37%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (63%)



Cyan (77%)

Magenta (68%)

Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 27.8793, -4.9866, -5.4289 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 27.8793, -4.9866, -5.4289 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 27.8793, -4.9866,
-5.4289

■ 27.8793, -4.9866,
-5.4289

■ 131.8861,
-13.0130, -3.6688

■ 19.8745, -4.1660,
-5.2983

■ 46.3810, -6.6523,
-5.4466

■ 12.8281, -3.3391,
-5.0756

■ 56.7423, -7.5061,
-5.3516

■ 6.2294, -4.1066,
-6.2576

■ 67.7776, -8.3770,
-5.1963

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 79.4479, -9.2662,
-4.9858

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 91.7203, -10.1741,
-4.7245

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 104.5668,

-11.1011, -4.4159

0.0000, NaN, NaN

117.9626,
-12.0474, -4.0631

■ 27.8793, -4.9866,
-5.4289

■ 27.8793, -4.9866,
-5.4289

■ 26.5261, -5.3972,
-7.4191

■ 29.2984, -4.3687,
-3.4531

■ 25.2414, -5.5799,
-9.4186

■ 30.7775, -3.5623,
-1.4976

■ 24.0300, -5.5166,
-11.4180

■ 32.3130, -2.5866,
0.4350

■ 22.8953, -5.1920,
-13.4065

■ 33.9010, -1.4588,
2.3434

■ 21.8397, -4.5971,
-15.3719

■ 35.5378, -0.1948,
4.2272

■ 20.8400, -3.8190,
-17.3535

■ 37.2201, 1.1913,
6.0866

■ 20.5642, -3.6039,
-17.9236

■ 38.9449, 2.6868,
7.9227

■ 40.7094, 4.2808,
9.7366

■ 42.5109, 5.9634,
11.5298

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27.8798, -7.5763, -2.4049



27.8793, -4.9866, -5.4289



27.8798, -1.3343, -6.5321

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27.8798, -4.9869, -5.4284



27.8798, 6.3514, 1.6643



27.8798, -5.2408, 6.9216

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27.8793, -4.9866, -5.4289



26.8366, 3.9779, 7.4644

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



27.8798, -1.6435, 7.7102



27.8793, -4.9866, -5.4289



27.8798, 5.1698, 4.9417

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27.8798, -4.9869, -5.4284



27.8798, 5.3387, -2.1156



27.8798, 2.1901, 7.0372



27.8798, -7.7172, 4.7193

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27.8793, -4.9866, -5.4289



27.8798, 1.2533, -5.9261



27.8798, 2.1901, 7.0372



27.8798, -4.1294, 7.3462

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27.8798, -4.9869, -5.4284



41.9146, -3.9788, -0.4714



30.6366, -13.2190, 7.2180



20.4366, -1.9995, -0.3324



71.2094, -3.7996, 3.8689



21.6712, -1.1563, 1.1774

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27.8798, -4.9869, -5.4284



35.2467, -7.1077, -9.5968



23.4514, 2.3834, -12.2809



15.8116, -1.3560, 0.0657



24.0009, -3.9485, -21.4754



54.6340, -6.8373, -53.5280

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24.7326, 12.3137, -3.6814



30.3463, 20.9098, -6.2720



31.1488, -3.4562, 11.2570



15.3956, 0.7297, 0.1984



19.3939, 35.6290, -6.1993



45.1945, 82.6964, -11.8764

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 27.8793, -4.9866, -5.4289 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 27.8793, -4.9866, -5.4289 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

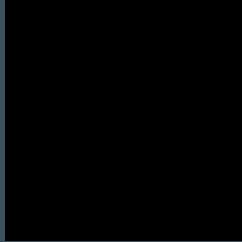
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

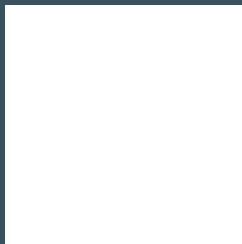
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 27.8793, -4.9866, -5.4289 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 27.8793, -4.9866, -5.4289.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 27.8793, -4.9866, -5.4289.

-5.4289.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

27.8793, -4.9866, -5.4289

Protanopia

27.8220, 0.0281, -3.9479

Deuteranopia

27.8454, 1.6646, -5.8649



Tritanopia

27.9416, -6.4707, -2.9505

Trichromacy



Original Color

27.8793, -4.9866, -5.4289

Protanomaly

27.6889, -1.6948, -4.6489

Deuteranomaly

27.8528, -0.9331, -5.8998

Tritanomaly

28.0025, -6.1266, -3.8084

Monochromacy



Original Color

27.8793, -4.9866, -5.4289

Achromatopsia

26.8834, -1.4344, 1.4606

Achromatomaly

27.1577, -2.7558, -1.1801

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 27.8793, -4.9866, -5.4289 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(59, 82, 94)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(59, 82, 94)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(59, 82, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(59, 82, 94) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 27.8793, -4.9866, -5.4289 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(59, 82, 94) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(59, 82, 94) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(59, 82, 94)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(59, 82, 94); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 82, 94);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 82, 94)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 27.8793, -4.9866, -5.4289 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(59, 82, 94) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(59, 82,  
94) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor