

Converting Colors

HunterLab(27.9173, -2.9096,
-0.7270)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(27.9173, -2.9096,
-0.7270) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(27.8480, -2.9593,
-0.7494)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	485054
RGB	72, 80, 84
RGB Percent	28%, 31%, 33%
CMY	0.7176, 0.6863, 0.6706
CMYK	0.14, 0.05, 0.00, 0.67
HSL	200°, 8%, 31%
HSV	200°, 14%, 33%
XYZ	7.1414, 7.7551, 9.5080
YIQ	78.0640, -6.0520, -0.4520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

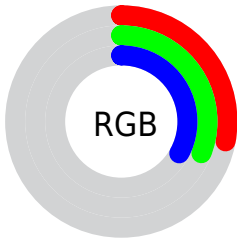
Format	Color
R_{YB}	72, 77, 84
Decimal	4739156
CIE Lab	33.47, -2.24, -3.44
CIE LCh	33, 4.105, 236.955
Yxy	7.7554, 0.2926, 0.3178
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282929236 (0xFF485054)
YUV	78.0640, 2.9264, -5.3181
Hunter-Lab	27.8480, -2.9593, -0.7494

Details

The HunterLab color $[27.8480, -2.9593, -0.7494]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[27.4254, 0.2360, 3.6491]$, and the grayscale version is $[27.6166, -1.4736, 1.5005]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[46.3238, -4.1196, 0.0709]$, and $[12.8651, -2.0352, -0.9542]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[26.5573, -3.7492, -2.4267]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[29.1876, -2.0280, 0.9117]$.

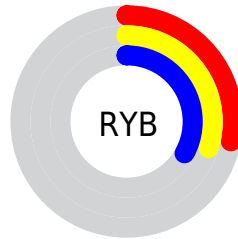
Distribution



Red (28%)

Green (31%)

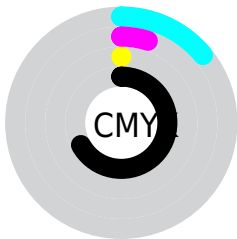
Blue (33%)



Red (28%)

Yellow (30%)

Blue (33%)

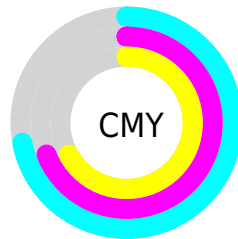


Cyan (14%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (67%)



Cyan (72%)

Magenta (69%)

Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 27.8480, -2.9593, -0.7494 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 27.8480, -2.9593, -0.7494 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 27.8480, -2.9593,
-0.7494

■ 27.8480, -2.9593,
-0.7494

■ 131.8336, -9.5305,
3.4701

■ 19.8466, -2.3717,
-0.9632

■ 46.3439, -4.2254,
-0.1306

■ 12.8040, -1.8122,
-1.0987

■ 56.7027, -4.9022,
0.2588

■ 6.1964, -1.9050,
-1.9645

■ 67.7355, -5.6073,
0.6951

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 79.4035, -6.3400,
1.1745

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 91.6738, -7.0994,
1.6939

0.0000, NaN, NaN

104.5182, -7.8847,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

2.2510

0.0000, NaN, NaN

117.9120, -8.6953,
2.8437

■ 27.8480, -2.9593,
-0.7494

■ 27.8480, -2.9593,
-0.7494

■ 26.5573, -3.7492,
-2.4267

■ 29.1876, -2.0280,
0.9117

■ 25.3172, -4.3806,
-4.1191

■ 30.5712, -0.9681,
2.5540

■ 24.1318, -4.8377,
-5.8224

■ 31.9964, 0.2068,
4.1773

■ 23.0046, -5.1039,
-7.5314

■ 33.4605, 1.4850,
5.7819

■ 21.9391, -5.1634,
-9.2388

■ 34.9608, 2.8562,
7.3681

■ 20.9383, -5.0025,
-10.9362

■ 36.4951, 4.3110,
8.9370

■ 20.0045, -4.6117,
-12.6135

■ 38.0612, 5.8415,
10.4896

■ 19.1255, -4.0357,
-14.2875

■ 39.6573, 7.4403,
12.0269

■ 18.6261, -3.7033,
-15.2867

■ 41.2815, 9.1014,
13.5503

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27.8486, -3.8782, 0.3134



27.8480, -2.9593, -0.7494



27.8486, -1.6322, -1.2028

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27.8486, -2.9598, -0.7489



27.8486, 1.2901, 1.3776



27.8486, -2.7135, 3.7318

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27.8480, -2.9593, -0.7494



27.4254, 0.2360, 3.6491

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



27.8486, -1.3423, 3.9854



27.8480, -2.9593, -0.7494



27.8486, 0.9868, 2.6670

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27.8486, -2.9598, -0.7489



27.8486, 0.8370, 0.0629



27.8486, 0.0162, 3.6051



27.8486, -3.7380, 2.8945

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27.8480, -2.9593, -0.7494



27.8486, -0.6872, -1.0831



27.8486, 0.0162, 3.6051



27.8486, -2.2787, 3.8862

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27.8486, -2.9598, -0.7489



38.6036, -2.6611, 1.2370



28.7010, -5.8180, 3.5338



19.4923, -1.3823, 0.5677



69.0652, -3.6851, 3.7524



19.9203, -1.0629, 1.0823

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27.8486, -2.9598, -0.7489



36.2364, -4.2784, -1.7201



26.3482, -0.4819, -2.6470



14.2372, -1.2222, 0.0913



23.1407, -4.2508, -19.7476



54.0184, -7.7975, -50.6858

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.6437, 3.0948, -0.4175



34.2994, 5.5439, -1.1491



28.9089, -2.2550, 5.1998



13.8655, 0.6195, 0.1824



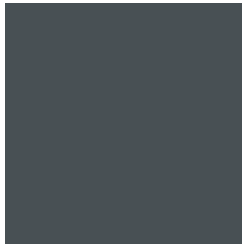
18.4787, 34.0186, -6.4562



44.1831, 81.0000, -12.8067

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 27.8480, -2.9593, -0.7494 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 27.8480, -2.9593, -0.7494 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

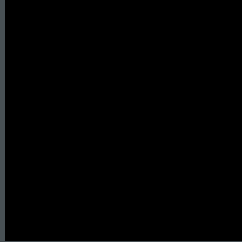
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

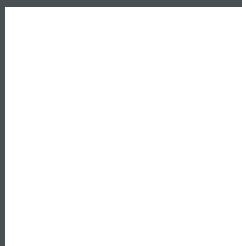
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 27.8480, -2.9593, -0.7494 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 27.8480, -2.9593, -0.7494.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 27.8480, -2.9593, -0.7494.

-0.7494.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

27.8480, -2.9593, -0.7494

Protanopia

27.8129, -0.4732, -0.3155

Deuteranopia

27.6835, 1.7920, -1.3167



Tritanopia

27.9051, -2.6443, -1.5574

Trichromacy



Original Color

27.8480, -2.9593, -0.7494

Protanomaly

27.8442, -1.6871, -0.2978

Deuteranomaly

27.6150, 0.2692, -1.4312

Tritanomaly

27.8764, -2.8027, -1.1510

Monochromacy



Original Color

27.8480, -2.9593, -0.7494

Achromatopsia

27.6017, -1.4728, 1.4997

Achromatomaly

27.7627, -2.1351, 0.8619

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 27.8480, -2.9593, -0.7494 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(72, 80, 84)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(72, 80, 84)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(72, 80, 84) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(72, 80, 84) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 27.8480, -2.9593, -0.7494 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(72, 80, 84) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(72, 80, 84) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(72, 80, 84)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(72, 80, 84); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(72, 80, 84);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(72, 80, 84)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 27.8480, -2.9593, -0.7494 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(72, 80, 84) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(72, 80,  
84) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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