

Converting Colors

HunterLab(27.9285, 0.3844,
2.1459)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(27.9285, 0.3844, 2.1459)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(27.8000, 0.4670,
2.1641)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	544D4D
RGB	84, 77, 77
RGB Percent	33%, 30%, 30%
CMY	0.6706, 0.6980, 0.6980
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.08, 0.67
HSL	0°, 4%, 32%
HSV	0°, 8%, 33%
XYZ	7.6496, 7.7284, 8.1097
YIQ	79.0930, 4.1720, 1.4840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	84, 77, 77
Decimal	5524813
CIE Lab	33.41, 2.90, 1.04
CIE LCh	33, 3.079, 19.803
Yxy	7.7287, 0.3257, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283714893 (0xFF544D4D)
YUV	79.0930, -1.0318, 4.3034
Hunter-Lab	27.8000, 0.4670, 2.1641

Details

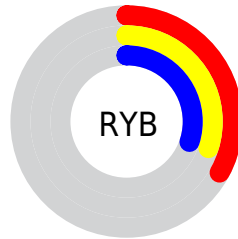
The HunterLab color $[27.8000, 0.4670, 2.1641]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[29.2547, -3.4136, 0.9678]$, and the grayscale version is $[27.9986, -1.4939, 1.5212]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[46.3642, -0.0640, 3.3267]$, and $[12.7627, 0.8134, 1.1943]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[25.5289, 3.0233, 2.8582]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[30.1783, -1.9920, 1.5116]$.

Distribution



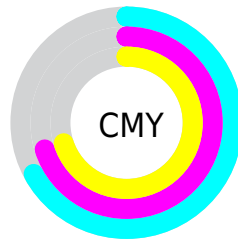
- Red (33%)
- Green (30%)
- Blue (30%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (30%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (67%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (70%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 27.8000, 0.4670, 2.1641 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 27.8000, 0.4670, 2.1641 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 27.8000, 0.4670,
2.1641

■ 27.8000, 0.4670,
2.1641

■ 131.7530, -3.7883,
8.2744

■ 19.8037, 0.6908,
1.6578

■ 46.2871, -0.1687,
3.2942

■ 12.7670, 0.8373,
1.1932

■ 56.6419, -0.5645,
3.9127

■ 6.1455, 1.7260,
1.0382

■ 67.6710, -1.0056,
4.5645

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 79.3355, -1.4887,
5.2480

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 91.6025, -2.0107,
5.9619

0.0000, NaN, NaN

104.4436, -2.5693,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

117.8344, -3.1624,
7.4761

■ 27.8000, 0.4670,
2.1641

■ 27.8000, 0.4670,
2.1641

■ 25.5289, 3.0233,
2.8582

■ 30.1783, -1.9920,
1.5116

■ 23.3807, 5.6833,
3.5953

■ 32.6482, -4.3606,
0.8952

■ 21.3772, 8.4397,
4.3749

■ 35.1988, -6.6507,
0.3109

■ 19.5446, 11.2652,
5.1899

■ 37.8211, -8.8732,
-0.2455

■ 17.9135, 14.0991,
6.0221

■ 40.5076, -11.0383,
-0.7782

■ 16.5179, 16.8329,
6.8374

■ 43.2522, -13.1551,
-1.2905

■ 15.3909, 19.3043,
7.5840

■ 46.0496, -15.2314,
-1.7854

■ 14.5583, 21.3167,
8.1978

■ 48.8956, -17.2741,
-2.2656

■ 13.8518, 23.1721,
8.7690

■ 51.7865, -19.2889,
-2.7332

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27.8006, 0.5574, 1.1665



27.8000, 0.4670, 2.1641



27.8006, -0.1521, 2.9591

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27.8006, 0.4662, 2.1646



27.8006, -3.0303, 2.7402



27.8006, -1.8461, -0.4711

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27.8000, 0.4670, 2.1641



29.2547, -3.4136, 0.9678

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



27.8006, -2.7930, -0.0147



27.8000, 0.4670, 2.1641



27.8006, -3.4698, 1.8556

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27.8006, 0.4662, 2.1646



27.8006, -2.1746, 3.2827



27.8006, -3.3836, 0.8458



27.8006, -0.7884, -0.3807

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27.8000, 0.4670, 2.1641



27.8006, -0.7750, 3.2785



27.8006, -3.3836, 0.8458



27.8006, -2.1876, -0.3758

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27.8006, 0.4662, 2.1646



38.6973, -1.4335, 2.3143



27.9871, 1.4744, -0.4976



19.6203, -0.7587, 1.1627



69.0652, -3.6851, 3.7524



19.9203, -1.0629, 1.0823

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27.8006, 0.4662, 2.1646



36.1276, 1.2858, 3.0410



28.6907, -1.0511, 3.1510



13.8021, 0.2760, 1.0896



17.2528, 29.5382, 11.1482



41.4311, 70.9447, 26.7716

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.2547, -3.4136, 0.9678



38.5085, -5.0694, 1.0807



28.3351, -1.9218, -0.1243



14.5563, -1.7367, 0.4688



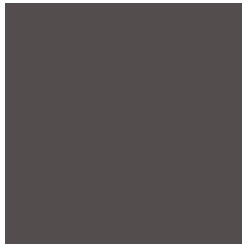
33.1926, -17.5922, -3.5112



79.7120, -42.2470, -8.4340

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 27.8000, 0.4670, 2.1641 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

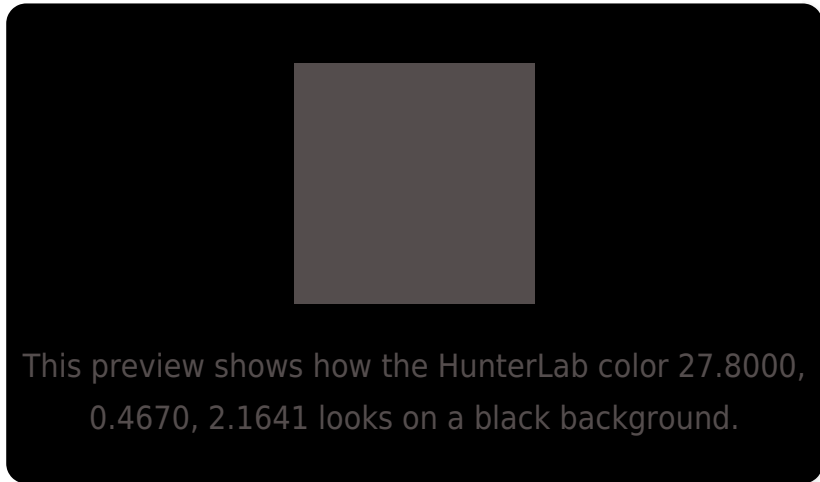
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

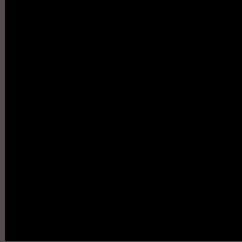
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 27.8000, 0.4670, 2.1641 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 27.8000, 0.4670, 2.1641.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 27.8000, 0.4670,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

27.8000, 0.4670, 2.1641

Protanopia

27.7566, -0.9353, 1.6910

Deuteranopia

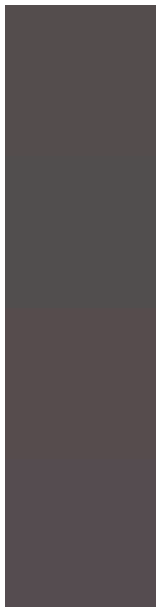
27.8046, 1.7662, 2.1921



Tritanopia

27.7658, 1.8999, 0.0965

Trichromacy



Original Color

27.8000, 0.4670, 2.1641

Protanomaly

27.8355, -0.6629, 1.7880

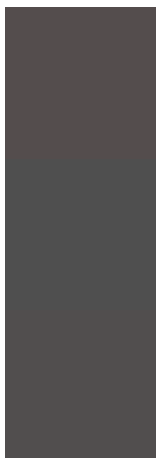
Deuteranomaly

27.7185, 1.4764, 2.0875

Tritanomaly

27.7117, 1.6099, 0.8662

Monochromacy



Original Color

27.8000, 0.4670, 2.1641

Achromatopsia

27.9620, -1.4920, 1.5192

Achromatomaly

27.8355, -0.6629, 1.7880

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 27.8000, 0.4670, 2.1641 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(84, 77, 77)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(84, 77, 77)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(84, 77, 77) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(84, 77, 77) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 27.8000, 0.4670, 2.1641 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(84, 77, 77) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(84, 77, 77) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(84, 77, 77) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(84, 77, 77); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 77, 77);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 77, 77)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 27.8000, 0.4670, 2.1641 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(84, 77, 77) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(84, 77,  
77) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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