

Converting Colors

HunterLab(28.0221, -1.4974,
1.5215)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(28.0221, -1.4974, 1.5215)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(27.9620, -1.4920,
1.5192)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4F4F4F
RGB	79, 79, 79
RGB Percent	31%, 31%, 31%
CMY	0.6902, 0.6902, 0.6902
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.69
HSL	127°, 0%, 31%
HSV	127°, 0%, 31%
XYZ	7.4317, 7.8187, 8.5146
YIQ	79.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _Y B	79, 79, 79
Decimal	5197647
CIE Lab	33.60, 0.00, -0.00
CIE LCh	34, 0.004, 288.499
Yxy	7.8191, 0.3127, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283387727 (0xFF4F4F4F)
YUV	79.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000
Hunter-Lab	27.9620, -1.4920, 1.5192

Details

The HunterLab color $[27.9620, -1.4920, 1.5192]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[27.9623, -1.4914, 1.5189]$, and the grayscale version is $[27.9625, -1.4920, 1.5193]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[46.4608, -2.4790, 2.5243]$, and $[12.9643, -0.6917, 0.7044]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[27.2095, -4.5040, 3.3267]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[28.7847, 1.6982, -0.3666]$.

Distribution



Red (31%)

Green (31%)

Blue (31%)



Red (31%)

Yellow (31%)

Blue (31%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (69%)



Cyan (69%)

Magenta (69%)

Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 27.9620, -1.4920, 1.5192 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 27.9620, -1.4920, 1.5192 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 27.9620, -1.4920,
1.5192

■ 27.9620, -1.4920,
1.5192

■ 132.0250, -7.0502,
7.1824

■ 19.9484, -1.0647,
1.0837

■ 46.4790, -2.4815,
2.5271

■ 12.8920, -0.6879,
0.6999

■ 56.8472, -3.0352,
3.0913

■ 6.3158, -0.3364,
0.3413

■ 67.8888, -3.6249,
3.6921

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 79.5652, -4.2484,
4.3275

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 91.8434, -4.9042,
4.9957

0.0000, NaN, NaN

104.6953, -5.5906,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

118.0964, -6.3063,
6.4244

■ 27.9620, -1.4920,
1.5192

■ 27.9620, -1.4920,
1.5192

■ 27.2095, -4.5040,
3.3267

■ 28.7847, 1.6982,
-0.3666

■ 26.5280, -7.3087,
5.0386

■ 29.6727, 5.0424,
-2.3171

■ 25.9202, -9.8800,
6.6391

■ 30.6237, 8.5158,
-4.3185

■ 25.3876, -12.1926,
8.1119

■ 31.6342, 12.0964,
-6.3590

■ 24.9307, -14.2244,
9.4420

■ 32.7010, 15.7647,
-8.4284

■ 24.5493, -15.9586,
10.6163

■ 33.8208, 19.5039,
-10.5183

■ 24.2418, -17.3852,
11.6251

■ 34.9905, 23.2995,
-12.6216

■ 24.0055, -18.5025,
12.4623

■ 36.2070, 27.1397,
-14.7327

■ 23.8343, -19.3265,
13.1257

■ 37.4674, 31.0145,
-16.8471

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27.9626, -1.4940, 1.5196



27.9620, -1.4920, 1.5192



27.9626, -1.4915, 1.5204

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27.9626, -1.4927, 1.5196



27.9626, -1.4917, 1.5240



27.9626, -1.4962, 1.5226

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27.9620, -1.4920, 1.5192



27.9623, -1.4914, 1.5189

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



27.9626, -1.4955, 1.5238



27.9620, -1.4920, 1.5192



27.9626, -1.4930, 1.5246

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27.9626, -1.4927, 1.5196



27.9626, -1.4910, 1.5229



27.9626, -1.4944, 1.5245



27.9626, -1.4961, 1.5213

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27.9620, -1.4920, 1.5192



27.9626, -1.4910, 1.5211



27.9626, -1.4944, 1.5245



27.9626, -1.4960, 1.5230

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27.9626, -1.4927, 1.5196



36.4511, -1.9449, 1.9805



27.9627, -1.4923, 1.5199



18.1947, -0.9708, 0.9886



66.9319, -3.5713, 3.6365

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27.9626, -1.4927, 1.5196



36.4511, -1.9449, 1.9805



27.9626, -1.4925, 1.5194



14.0024, -0.7471, 0.7608



30.8682, -26.1718, 17.9149



75.0942, -64.0334, 44.3684

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27.9623, -1.4914, 1.5189



36.4511, -1.9449, 1.9805



27.9623, -1.4915, 1.5192



14.0024, -0.7471, 0.7608



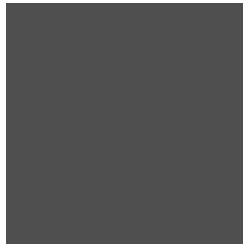
18.8908, 36.2887, -18.3163



45.8955, 88.0177, -43.3675

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 27.9620, -1.4920, 1.5192 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

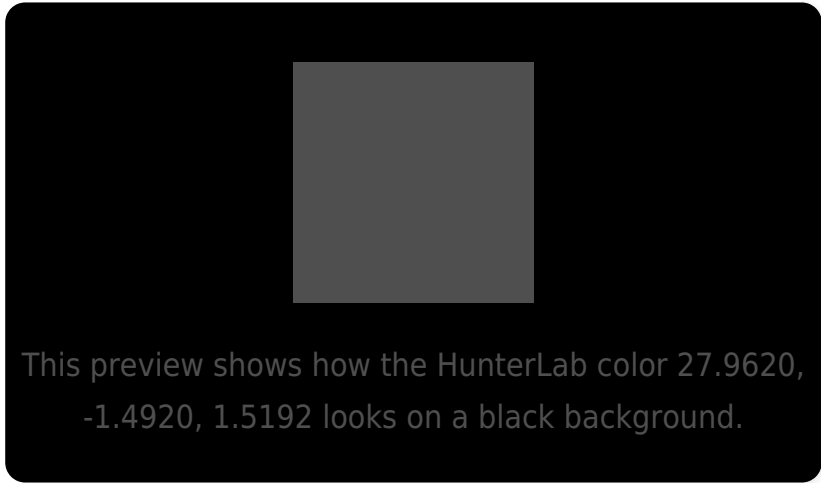
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

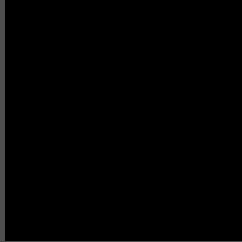
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

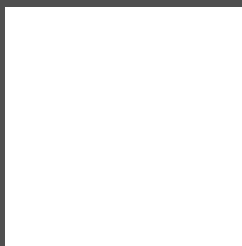
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 27.9620, -1.4920, 1.5192 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 27.9620, -1.4920, 1.5192.

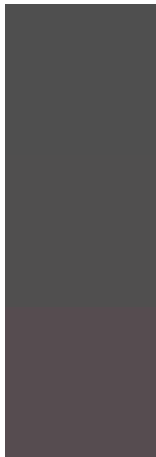


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 27.9620, -1.4920,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

27.9620, -1.4920, 1.5192

Protanopia

28.0392, -1.2240, 1.6146

Deuteranopia

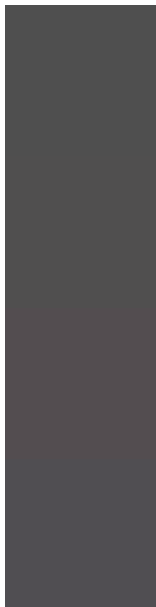
27.7966, 1.8954, 0.9731



Tritanopia

27.9184, -0.0552, -0.6103

Trichromacy



Original Color

27.9620, -1.4920, 1.5192

Protanomaly

28.0392, -1.2240, 1.6146

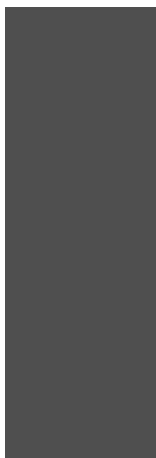
Deuteranomaly

27.7956, 0.6080, 0.9494

Tritanomaly

27.8630, -0.3561, 0.1764

Monochromacy



Original Color

27.9620, -1.4920, 1.5192

Achromatopsia

27.9620, -1.4920, 1.5192

Achromatomaly

27.9620, -1.4920, 1.5192

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 27.9620, -1.4920, 1.5192 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(79, 79, 79)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(79, 79, 79)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(79, 79, 79) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(79, 79, 79) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 27.9620, -1.4920, 1.5192 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(79, 79, 79) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(79, 79, 79) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(79, 79, 79)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(79, 79, 79); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 79, 79);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 79, 79)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 27.9620, -1.4920, 1.5192 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(79, 79, 79) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(79, 79,  
79) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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