

Converting Colors

HunterLab(28.0253, -0.7667,
1.9018)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(28.0253, -0.7667, 1.9018)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(28.0916, -1.0939,
2.0781)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	514F4E
RGB	81, 79, 78
RGB Percent	32%, 31%, 31%
CMY	0.6824, 0.6902, 0.6941
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.04, 0.68
HSL	20°, 2%, 31%
HSV	20°, 4%, 32%
XYZ	7.5645, 7.8914, 8.3323
YIQ	79.4840, 1.5130, 0.1130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	81, 80, 78
Decimal	5328718
CIE Lab	33.76, 0.61, 0.88
CIE LCh	34, 1.065, 55.256
Yxy	7.8917, 0.3180, 0.3317
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283518798 (0xFF514F4E)
YUV	79.4840, -0.7316, 1.3295
Hunter-Lab	28.0916, -1.0939, 2.0781

Details

The HunterLab color $[28.0916, -1.0939, 2.0781]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[28.1976, -1.8950, 0.9734]$, and the grayscale version is $[28.1394, -1.5015, 1.5289]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[46.6009, -2.0485, 3.1335]$, and $[13.0800, -0.3359, 1.1941]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[26.5244, 0.1401, 3.4313]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[29.7078, -2.2470, 0.6529]$.

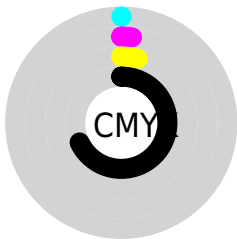
Distribution



- Red (32%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (32%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (68%)



- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 28.0916, -1.0939, 2.0781 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 28.0916, -1.0939, 2.0781 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 28.0916, -1.0939,
2.0781

■ 28.0916, -1.0939,
2.0781

■ 132.2423, -6.3843,
8.1252

■ 20.0642, -0.7086,
1.5820

■ 46.6325, -2.0105,
3.1908

■ 12.9922, -0.3795,
1.1292

■ 57.0113, -2.5318,
3.8016

■ 6.4487, 0.0657,
0.9136

■ 68.0630, -3.0909,
4.4461

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 79.7488, -3.6856,
5.1229

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 92.0360, -4.3139,
5.8303

0.0000, NaN, NaN

104.8965, -4.9741,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

118.3058, -5.6646,
7.3325

■ 28.0916, -1.0939,
2.0781

■ 28.0916, -1.0939,
2.0781

■ 26.5244, 0.1401,
3.4313

■ 29.7078, -2.2470,
0.6529

■ 25.0094, 1.4648,
4.6999

■ 31.3668, -3.3246,
-0.8364

■ 23.5529, 2.8864,
5.8708

■ 33.0656, -4.3348,
-2.3816

■ 22.1615, 4.4107,
6.9277

■ 34.8009, -5.2843,
-3.9764

■ 20.8425, 6.0405,
7.8519

■ 36.5700, -6.1792,
-5.6157

■ 19.6046, 7.7738,
8.6219

■ 38.3703, -7.0252,
-7.2950

■ 18.4568, 9.6014,
9.2148

■ 40.1996, -7.8272,
-9.0107

■ 17.4090, 11.5035,
9.6087

■ 42.0562, -8.5896,
-10.7598

■ 16.4665, 13.4256,
9.8543

■ 43.9383, -9.3165,
-12.5396

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28.0922, -0.8553, 1.8158



28.0916, -1.0939, 2.0781



28.0922, -1.4417, 2.1940

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.0922, -1.0946, 2.0785



28.0922, -2.2046, 1.5849



28.0922, -1.1968, 0.9113

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.0916, -1.0939, 2.0781



28.1976, -1.8950, 0.9734

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



28.0922, -1.5591, 0.8476



28.0916, -1.0939, 2.0781



28.0922, -2.1398, 1.2394

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.0922, -1.0946, 2.0785



28.0922, -2.0815, 1.9114



28.0922, -1.9040, 0.9684



28.0922, -0.9146, 1.1414

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.0916, -1.0939, 2.0781



28.0922, -1.6870, 2.1730



28.0922, -1.9040, 0.9684



28.0922, -1.3133, 0.8696

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.0922, -1.0946, 2.0785



37.1977, -1.8390, 2.2235



27.8881, -0.3784, 1.0425



18.9550, -0.9447, 1.1226



67.9972, -3.6282, 3.6944



19.0543, -1.0167, 1.0353

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.0922, -1.0946, 2.0785



36.5510, -1.3601, 2.7897



28.4787, -1.7380, 2.5119



14.4651, -0.5249, 1.1218



20.4266, 19.9285, 12.9357



47.4739, 52.2104, 30.1672

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28.1976, -1.8950, 0.9734



36.7045, -2.5259, 1.1800



27.8101, -1.2523, 0.5179



14.5292, -1.0122, 0.4489



23.1234, -4.2244, -19.7831



53.9747, -7.7287, -50.7795

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 28.0916, -1.0939, 2.0781 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

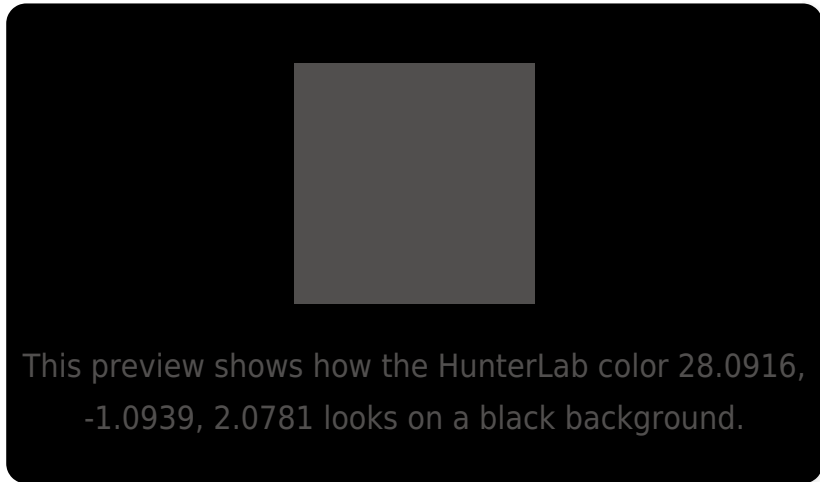
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

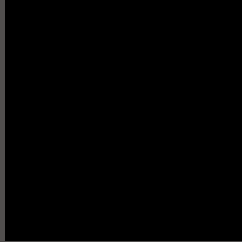
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 28.0916, -1.0939, 2.0781 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 28.0916, -1.0939, 2.0781.

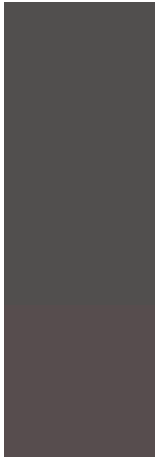


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 28.0916, -1.0939,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

28.0916, -1.0939, 2.0781

Protanopia

28.0916, -1.0939, 2.0781

Deuteranopia

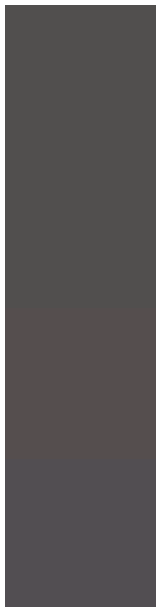
28.0785, 1.4624, 2.1078



Tritanopia

28.0762, 0.4841, -0.4035

Trichromacy



Original Color

28.0916, -1.0939, 2.0781

Protanomaly

28.0916, -1.0939, 2.0781

Deuteranomaly

28.1605, 0.4514, 2.1849

Tritanomaly

28.0211, 0.1860, 0.3792

Monochromacy



Original Color

28.0916, -1.0939, 2.0781

Achromatopsia

27.9620, -1.4920, 1.5192

Achromatomaly

28.0392, -1.2240, 1.6146

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 28.0916, -1.0939, 2.0781 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(81, 79, 78)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(81, 79, 78)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(81, 79, 78) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(81, 79, 78) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 28.0916, -1.0939, 2.0781 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(81, 79, 78) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(81, 79, 78) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(81, 79, 78)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(81, 79, 78); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 79, 78);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 79, 78)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 28.0916, -1.0939, 2.0781 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(81, 79, 78) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(81, 79,  
78) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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