

Converting Colors

HunterLab(28.0342, -3.2153,
0.5039)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(28.0342, -3.2153, 0.5039)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(28.1257, -3.4420,
0.4429)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	495152
RGB	73, 81, 82
RGB Percent	29%, 32%, 32%
CMY	0.7137, 0.6823, 0.6784
CMYK	0.11, 0.01, 0.00, 0.68
HSL	187°, 6%, 30%
HSV	187°, 11%, 32%
XYZ	7.2131, 7.9106, 9.1294
YIQ	78.7220, -5.0890, -1.3850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

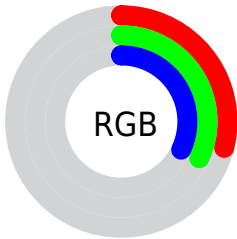
Format	Color
R_{YB}	73, 77, 82
Decimal	4804946
CIE Lab	33.80, -2.95, -1.68
CIE LCh	34, 3.395, 209.682
Yxy	7.9109, 0.2974, 0.3262
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282995026 (0xFF495152)
YUV	78.7220, 1.6161, -5.0182
Hunter-Lab	28.1257, -3.4420, 0.4429

Details

The HunterLab color **28.1257, -3.4420, 0.4429** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **26.7814, 0.6621, 2.5592**, and the grayscale version is **27.8580, -1.4864, 1.5136**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **46.6278, -4.6314, 1.3469**, and **13.1069, -2.4792, 0.1156** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27.3442, -4.9953, -0.5470**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **28.9633, -1.7256, 1.4755**.

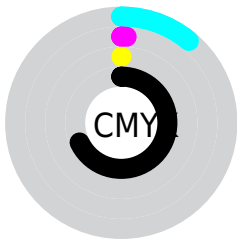
Distribution



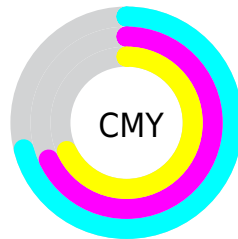
- Red (29%)
- Green (32%)
- Blue (32%)



- Red (29%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (32%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (68%)



- Cyan (71%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (68%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 28.1257, -3.4420, 0.4429 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 28.1257, -3.4420, 0.4429 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 28.1257, -3.4420,
0.4429

■ 28.1257, -3.4420,
0.4429

■ 132.2994,
-10.3462, 5.4018

■ 20.0947, -2.8018,
0.1167

■ 46.6729, -4.7991,
1.2600

■ 13.0186, -2.1824,
-0.1437

■ 57.0545, -5.5163,
1.7388

■ 6.4831, -2.3287,
-0.7220

■ 68.1087, -6.2594,
2.2594

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 79.7970, -7.0279,
2.8188

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 92.0866, -7.8214,
3.4146

0.0000, NaN, NaN

104.9493, -8.6393,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

4.0448

0.0000, NaN, NaN

118.3608, -9.4811,
4.7077

■ 28.1257, -3.4420,
0.4429

■ 28.1257, -3.4420,
0.4429

■ 27.3442, -4.9953,
-0.5470

■ 28.9633, -1.7256,
1.4755

■ 26.6189, -6.3698,
-1.4896

■ 29.8534, 0.1410,
2.5438

■ 25.9518, -7.5534,
-2.3786

■ 30.7942, 2.1432,
3.6430

■ 25.3436, -8.5351,
-3.2081

■ 31.7835, 4.2670,
4.7682

■ 24.7947, -9.3069,
-3.9733

■ 32.8190, 6.4995,
5.9152

■ 24.3044, -9.8649,
-4.6702

■ 33.8984, 8.8288,
7.0803

■ 23.8713, -10.2103,
-5.2966

■ 35.0193, 11.2439,
8.2602

■ 23.4896, -10.3610,
-5.8566

■ 36.1796, 13.7351,
9.4522

■ 23.1547, -10.4624,
-6.3561

■ 37.3772, 16.2934,
10.6541

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28.1263, -3.7309, 1.5429



28.1257, -3.4420, 0.4429



28.1263, -2.6362, -0.3926

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.1263, -3.4425, 0.4433



28.1263, 0.4792, 0.4218



28.1263, -1.4897, 3.6009

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.1257, -3.4420, 0.4429



26.7814, 0.6621, 2.5592

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



28.1263, -0.3501, 3.3276



28.1257, -3.4420, 0.4429



28.1263, 0.7980, 1.5190

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.1263, -3.4425, 0.4433



28.1263, -0.3722, -0.4054



28.1263, 0.4921, 2.5769



28.1263, -2.6148, 3.3388

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.1257, -3.4420, 0.4429



28.1263, -1.9067, -0.6717



28.1263, 0.4921, 2.5769



28.1263, -1.0955, 3.5688

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.1263, -3.4425, 0.4433



38.0288, -2.7808, 1.6548



28.1856, -5.0078, 3.6890



18.8451, -1.4503, 0.7801



67.9972, -3.6282, 3.6944



19.0543, -1.0167, 1.0353

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.1263, -3.4425, 0.4433



36.9007, -5.0797, 0.2551



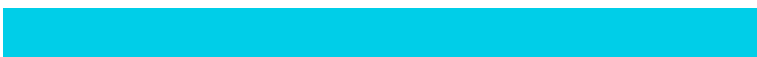
26.9773, -1.5768, -0.9487



14.4498, -1.5660, 0.3436



29.7160, -13.3393, -8.3466



70.7932, -31.3102, -20.8956

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.7454, 2.2338, -0.7385



34.6745, 4.0994, -1.6708



27.8941, -1.2347, 3.7684



13.8876, 0.7387, -0.1328



19.4049, 37.2994, -18.9953



46.5135, 89.2675, -44.4526

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 28.1257, -3.4420, 0.4429 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

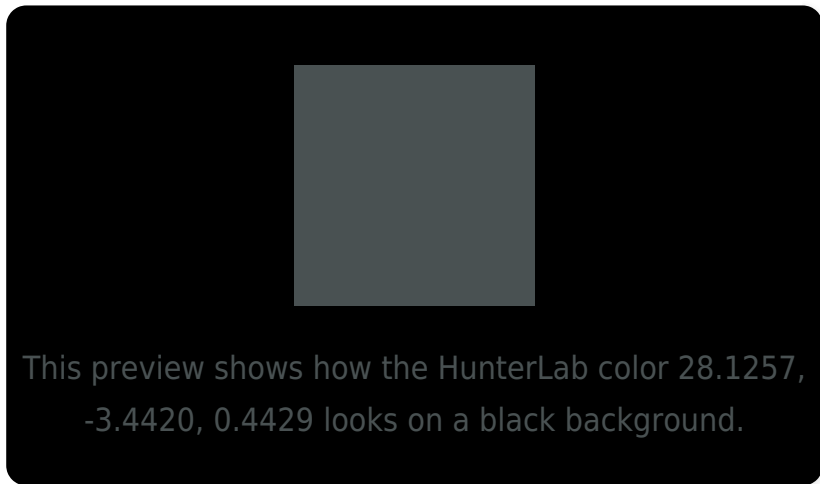
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

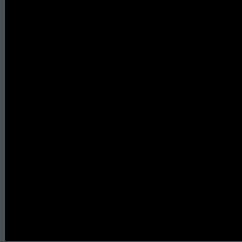
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 28.1257, -3.4420, 0.4429 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 28.1257, -3.4420, 0.4429.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 28.1257, -3.4420,

0.4429.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

28.1257, -3.4420, 0.4429

Protanopia

28.0918, -0.9362, 0.8637

Deuteranopia

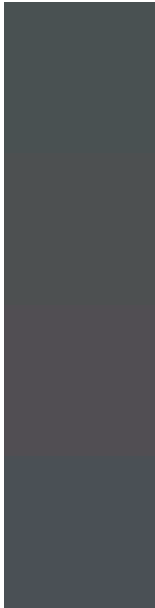
28.0421, 1.6049, 0.0047



Tritanopia

28.0736, -1.9949, -1.7791

Trichromacy



Original Color

28.1257, -3.4420, 0.4429

Protanomaly

28.1233, -2.1559, 0.8801

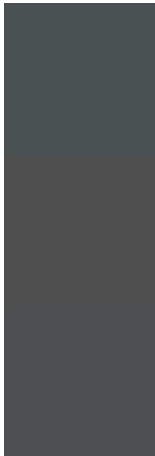
Deuteranomaly

27.9690, 0.0626, -0.1126

Tritanomaly

28.0161, -2.3112, -0.9650

Monochromacy



Original Color

28.1257, -3.4420, 0.4429

Achromatopsia

27.9620, -1.4920, 1.5192

Achromatomaly

28.0968, -2.3017, 1.2576

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 28.1257, -3.4420, 0.4429 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(73, 81, 82)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(73, 81, 82)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(73, 81, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(73, 81, 82) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 28.1257, -3.4420, 0.4429 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(73, 81, 82) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(73, 81, 82) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(73, 81, 82)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(73, 81, 82); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 81, 82);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 81, 82)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 28.1257, -3.4420, 0.4429 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(73, 81, 82) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(73, 81,  
82) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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