

Converting Colors

HunterLab(28.0520, 2.6128,
-0.5909)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(28.0520, 2.6128, -0.5909)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(27.9915, 2.7649,
-0.4694)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	574C54
RGB	87, 76, 84
RGB Percent	34%, 30%, 33%
CMY	0.6588, 0.7020, 0.6706
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.03, 0.66
HSL	316°, 7%, 32%
HSV	316°, 13%, 34%
XYZ	8.1152, 7.8352, 9.4722
YIQ	80.2010, 3.9880, 4.8200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

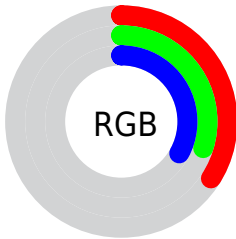
Format	Color
R_{YB}	87, 76, 84
Decimal	5721172
CIE Lab	33.64, 6.21, -3.04
CIE LCh	34, 6.916, 333.957
Yxy	7.8356, 0.3192, 0.3082
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283911252 (0xFF574C54)
YUV	80.2010, 1.8729, 5.9627
Hunter-Lab	27.9915, 2.7649, -0.4694

Details

The HunterLab color $[27.9915, 2.7649, -0.4694]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[29.8624, -5.6337, 3.6151]$, and the grayscale version is $[28.3888, -1.5148, 1.5424]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[46.5608, 2.4145, 0.4759]$, and $[12.9296, 2.7417, -0.7867]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[25.8460, 6.3220, -2.1052]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[30.2563, -0.7342, 1.2233]$.

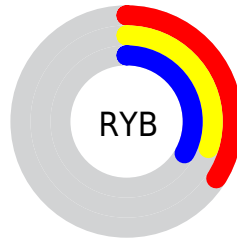
Distribution



 Red (34%)

 Green (30%)

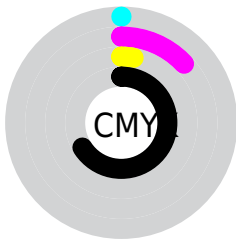
 Blue (33%)



 Red (34%)

 Yellow (30%)

 Blue (33%)

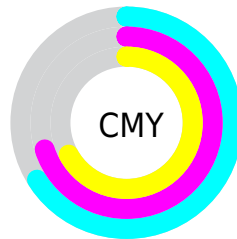


 Cyan (0%)

 Magenta (13%)

 Yellow (3%)

 Black (66%)



 Cyan (66%)

 Magenta (70%)

 Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 27.9915, 2.7649, -0.4694 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 27.9915, 2.7649, -0.4694 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 27.9915, 2.7649,
-0.4694

■ 27.9915, 2.7649,
-0.4694

■ 132.0745, -0.0421,
3.9221

■ 19.9748, 2.7669,
-0.7091

■ 46.5140, 2.5189,
0.1955

■ 12.9148, 2.6657,
-0.8734

■ 56.8845, 2.2984,
0.6057

■ 6.3463, 3.9277,
-1.6379

■ 67.9285, 2.0223,
1.0616

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 79.6070, 1.6959,
1.5595

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 91.8872, 1.3231,
2.0968

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

104.7411, 0.9074,

118.1441, 0.4516,
3.2799

■ 27.9915, 2.7649,
-0.4694

■ 27.9915, 2.7649,
-0.4694

■ 25.8460, 6.3220,
-2.1052

■ 30.2563, -0.7342,
1.2233

■ 23.8363, 9.9181,
-3.6592

■ 32.6234, -4.1654,
2.9539

■ 21.9847, 13.5093,
-5.0929

■ 35.0807, -7.5295,
4.7111

■ 20.3161, 17.0205,
-6.3534

■ 37.6181, -10.8309,
6.4875

■ 18.8579, 20.3353,
-7.3727

■ 40.2268, -14.0759,
8.2782

■ 17.6369, 23.2932,
-8.0715

■ 42.8998, -17.2716,
10.0803

■ 16.6756, 25.7057,
-8.3735

■ 45.6311, -20.4247,
11.8920

■ 15.9596, 27.4859,
-8.2727

■ 48.4157, -23.5419,
13.7121

■ 15.4537, 28.8068,
-8.1676

■ 51.2493, -26.6289,
15.5401

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27.9921, 1.1241, -2.3593



27.9915, 2.7649, -0.4694



27.9921, 3.2492, 1.8243

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27.9921, 2.7642, -0.4689



27.9921, -1.8122, 5.5515



27.9921, -5.2137, -1.0356

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27.9915, 2.7649, -0.4694



29.8624, -5.6337, 3.6151

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



27.9921, -5.9431, 1.2197



27.9915, 2.7649, -0.4694



27.9921, -4.0214, 4.9195

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27.9921, 2.7642, -0.4689



27.9921, 0.5558, 5.1811



27.9921, -5.5140, 3.3798



27.9921, -3.4886, -2.7053

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27.9915, 2.7649, -0.4694



27.9921, 2.8392, 3.2449



27.9921, -5.5140, 3.3798



27.9921, -5.5808, -0.3143

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27.9921, 2.7642, -0.4689



39.0762, -0.2850, 1.2658



27.4168, 1.0063, -2.5878



19.2247, -0.0250, 0.5684



69.0652, -3.6851, 3.7524



19.9203, -1.0629, 1.0823

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27.9921, 2.7642, -0.4689



35.7541, 4.9243, -1.2285



27.8455, 1.9813, 1.6173



14.6341, 0.7117, 0.0914



19.1845, 35.7127, -9.7636



45.2986, 84.0331, -20.7899

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27.9921, 2.7642, -0.4689



35.7541, 4.9243, -1.2285



30.0000, -4.8630, 1.6474



14.6341, 0.7117, 0.0914



19.1845, 35.7127, -9.7636



45.2986, 84.0331, -20.7899

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 27.9915, 2.7649, -0.4694 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 27.9915, 2.7649, -0.4694 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

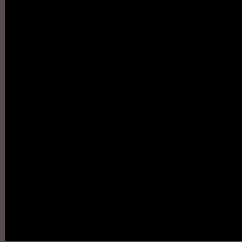
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 27.9915, 2.7649, -0.4694 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 27.9915, 2.7649, -0.4694.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 27.9915, 2.7649, -0.4694.

-0.4694.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

27.9915, 2.7649, -0.4694

Protanopia

28.1534, -0.4473, -1.2010

Deuteranopia

28.0698, 1.7537, -0.3892



Tritanopia

27.9362, 2.4703, 0.3156

Trichromacy



Original Color

27.9915, 2.7649, -0.4694

Protanomaly

28.1043, 0.6360, -0.8021

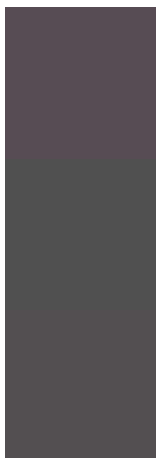
Deuteranomaly

28.1537, 2.0352, -0.2798

Tritanomaly

27.9636, 2.6167, -0.0745

Monochromacy



Original Color

27.9915, 2.7649, -0.4694

Achromatopsia

28.3231, -1.5113, 1.5388

Achromatomaly

28.3285, -0.1212, 1.1611

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 27.9915, 2.7649, -0.4694 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(87, 76, 84)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(87, 76, 84)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 76, 84) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(87, 76, 84) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 27.9915, 2.7649, -0.4694 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(87, 76, 84) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(87, 76, 84) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 76, 84) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(87, 76, 84); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 76, 84);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 76, 84)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 27.9915, 2.7649, -0.4694 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(87, 76, 84) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(87, 76,  
84) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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