

Converting Colors

HunterLab(28.1781, -0.4544,
7.5216)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(28.1781, -0.4544, 7.5216)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(28.1629, -0.2191,
7.4498)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	594E3F
RGB	89, 78, 63
RGB Percent	35%, 31%, 25%
CMY	0.6510, 0.6941, 0.7529
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.29, 0.65
HSL	35°, 17%, 30%
HSV	35°, 29%, 35%
XYZ	7.7414, 7.9315, 5.8255
YIQ	79.5790, 11.3710, -2.3330

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

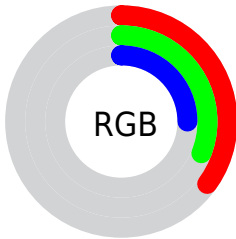
Format	Color
R_YB	82, 89, 63
Decimal	5852735
CIE Lab	33.84, 1.91, 10.57
CIE LCh	34, 10.740, 79.768
Yxy	7.9319, 0.3601, 0.3689
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284042815 (0xFF594E3F)
YUV	79.5790, -8.1734, 8.2622
Hunter-Lab	28.1629, -0.2191, 7.4498

Details

The HunterLab color **28.1629, -0.2191, 7.4498** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **25.8368, -1.6769, -5.7974**, and the grayscale version is **28.1972, -1.5045, 1.5320**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **46.7070, -1.0761, 9.6713**, and **13.0835, 0.3468, 4.8530** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27.0564, 0.4999, 9.0057**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29.3086, -0.8251, 5.6772**.

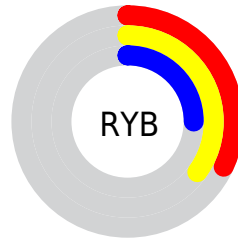
Distribution



 Red (35%)

 Green (31%)

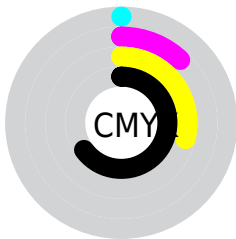
 Blue (25%)



 Red (32%)

 Yellow (35%)

 Blue (25%)

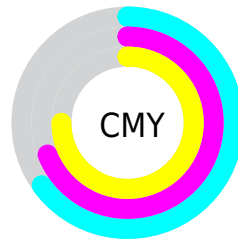


 Cyan (0%)


 Magenta (12%)

 Yellow (29%)

 Black (65%)



 Cyan (65%)

 Magenta (69%)

 Yellow (75%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 28.1629, -0.2191, 7.4498 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 28.1629, -0.2191, 7.4498 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 28.1629, -0.2191,
7.4498

■ 28.1629, -0.2191,
7.4498

■ 132.3618, -4.9307,
17.9563

■ 20.1280, 0.0757,
6.2179

■ 46.7170, -0.9789,
9.8074

■ 13.0474, 0.3027,
4.9096

■ 57.1016, -1.4299,
10.9636

■ 6.5205, 0.9266,
4.5644

■ 68.1588, -1.9230,
12.1162

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 79.8497, -2.4553,
13.2701

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 92.1419, -3.0241,
14.4289

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 105.0071, -3.6275,

15.5951

0.0000, NaN, NaN

118.4209, -4.2635,
16.7705

■ 28.1629, -0.2191,
7.4498

■ 28.1629, -0.2191,
7.4498

■ 27.0564, 0.4999,
9.0057

■ 29.3086, -0.8251,
5.6772

■ 25.9896, 1.3398,
10.3282

■ 30.4893, -1.3209,
3.7023

■ 24.9655, 2.3035,
11.4027

■ 31.7035, -1.7138,
1.5406

■ 23.9867, 3.3927,
12.2164

■ 32.9492, -2.0100,
-0.7936

■ 23.0554, 4.6068,
12.7598

■ 34.2245, -2.2156,
-3.2871

■ 22.1738, 5.9409,
13.0302

■ 35.5277, -2.3368,
-5.9275

■ 21.3312, 7.3229,
13.2164

■ 36.8572, -2.3792,
-8.7037

■ 21.2661, 7.4313,
13.2342

■ 38.2114, -2.3482,
-11.6053

■ 39.5891, -2.2491,
-14.6231

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28.1635, 3.2752, 6.2565



28.1629, -0.2191, 7.4498



28.1635, -3.8872, 7.2232

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.1635, -0.2200, 7.4502



28.1635, -7.9356, -0.8714



28.1635, 4.1780, -3.2348

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.1629, -0.2191, 7.4498



25.8368, -1.6769, -5.7974

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



28.1635, 0.9606, -5.6661



28.1629, -0.2191, 7.4498



28.1635, -5.9848, -4.1835

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.1635, -0.2200, 7.4502



28.1635, -8.2150, 2.7172



28.1635, -2.7659, -6.0343



28.1635, 5.9004, 0.2951

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.1629, -0.2191, 7.4498



28.1635, -5.9432, 6.2855



28.1635, -2.7659, -6.0343



28.1635, 3.2279, -4.2261

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.1635, -0.2200, 7.4502



39.8376, -1.7223, 4.8580



24.8535, 7.8039, -0.1167



19.9739, -0.8376, 2.5798



70.1359, -3.7423, 3.8106



20.7927, -1.1094, 1.1297

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.1635, -0.2200, 7.4502



35.8065, 0.3442, 11.1697



30.8914, -5.3773, 9.9150



15.1314, -0.6645, 1.7861



25.6031, 9.4843, 15.9425



59.1810, 25.6577, 36.9162

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.8368, -1.6769, -5.7974



32.0818, -1.9497, -10.1017



23.2188, 3.5188, -9.7651



14.7786, -0.8908, -0.2139



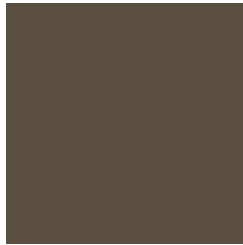
17.2152, 7.2952, -37.2658



38.6568, 22.0322, -95.8788

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 28.1629, -0.2191, 7.4498 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 28.1629, -0.2191, 7.4498 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

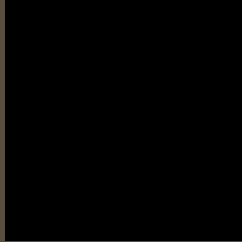
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 28.1629, -0.2191, 7.4498 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 28.1629, -0.2191, 7.4498.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 28.1629, -0.2191,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

28.1629, -0.2191, 7.4498

Protanopia

28.3527, -2.1454, 7.2901

Deuteranopia

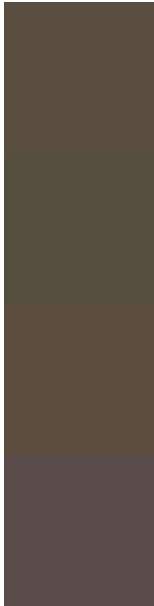
28.0266, 1.8785, 7.3544



Tritanopia

28.0185, 3.9449, 0.8610

Trichromacy



Original Color

28.1629, -0.2191, 7.4498

Protanomaly

28.1790, -1.4298, 7.1331

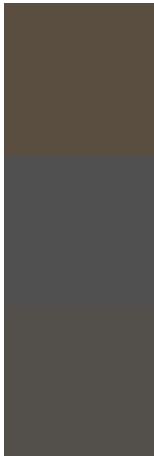
Deuteranomaly

28.1815, 1.1306, 7.4914

Tritanomaly

27.9946, 2.2548, 3.5686

Monochromacy



Original Color

28.1629, -0.2191, 7.4498

Achromatopsia

28.3231, -1.5113, 1.5388

Achromatomaly

28.1520, -1.0822, 3.6839

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 28.1629, -0.2191, 7.4498 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(89, 78, 63)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(89, 78, 63)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 78, 63) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(89, 78, 63) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 28.1629, -0.2191, 7.4498 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(89, 78, 63) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(89, 78, 63) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 78, 63) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(89, 78, 63); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 78, 63);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 78, 63)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 28.1629, -0.2191, 7.4498 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(89, 78, 63) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(89, 78,  
63) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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