

Converting Colors

HunterLab(28.2464, -2.6913,
1.6107)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(28.2464, -2.6913, 1.6107)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(28.3581, -2.7266,
1.5588)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4D5150
RGB	77, 81, 80
RGB Percent	30%, 32%, 31%
CMY	0.6980, 0.6823, 0.6863
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.01, 0.68
HSL	165°, 3%, 31%
HSV	165°, 5%, 32%
XYZ	7.4510, 8.0418, 8.7489
YIQ	79.6900, -2.0630, -1.1590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

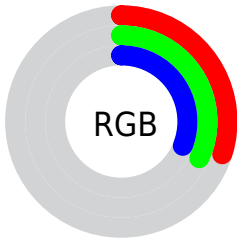
Format	Color
RYB	77, 79, 81
Decimal	5067088
CIELab	34.07, -1.83, 0.02
CIElCh	34, 1.829, 179.231
Yxy	8.0422, 0.3074, 0.3317
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283257168 (0xFF4D5150)
YUV	79.6900, 0.1528, -2.3591
Hunter-Lab	28.3581, -2.7266, 1.5588

Details

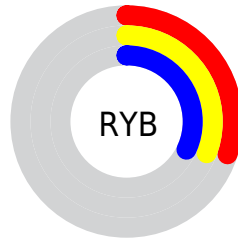
The HunterLab color $[28.3581, -2.7266, 1.5588]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[27.5815, -0.2300, 1.4967]$, and the grayscale version is $[28.2116, -1.5053, 1.5328]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[46.8891, -3.8278, 2.5641]$, and $[13.3186, -1.7672, 0.7458]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[27.7424, -5.0286, 1.6134]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[29.0358, -0.2666, 1.5755]$.

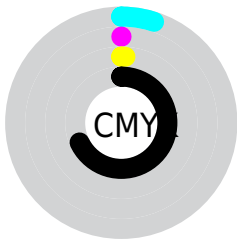
Distribution



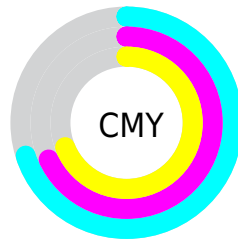
- Red (30%)
- Green (32%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (30%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (32%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (68%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 28.3581, -2.7266, 1.5588 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 28.3581, -2.7266, 1.5588 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 28.3581, -2.7266,
1.5588

■ 28.3581, -2.7266,
1.5588

■ 132.6885, -9.1262,
7.2487

■ 20.3026, -2.1668,
1.1191

■ 46.9479, -3.9454,
2.5740

■ 13.1985, -1.6393,
0.7305

■ 57.3485, -4.6013,
3.1414

■ 6.7129, -1.5455,
0.3806

■ 68.4206, -5.2869,
3.7452

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 80.1258, -6.0011,
4.3835

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 92.4314, -6.7430,
5.0544

0.0000, NaN, NaN

105.3095, -7.5117,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

118.7357, -8.3064,
6.4883

■ 28.3581, -2.7266,
1.5588

■ 28.3581, -2.7266,
1.5588

■ 27.7424, -5.0286,
1.6134

■ 29.0358, -0.2666,
1.5755

■ 27.1882, -7.1539,
1.7390

■ 29.7721, 2.3358,
1.6603

■ 26.6969, -9.0876,
1.9356

■ 30.5655, 5.0629,
1.8111

■ 26.2687, -10.8164,
2.2017

■ 31.4139, 7.8982,
2.0248

■ 25.9032, -12.3302,
2.5346

■ 32.3148, 10.8263,
2.2979

■ 25.5989, -13.6232,
2.9298

■ 33.2659, 13.8331,
2.6266

■ 25.3537, -14.6944,
3.3815

■ 34.2646, 16.9061,
3.0072

■ 25.1643, -15.5493,
3.8825

■ 35.3087, 20.0340,
3.4360

■ 25.0134, -16.2519,
4.4099

■ 36.3957, 23.2073,
3.9091

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28.3587, -2.5579, 2.1324



28.3581, -2.7266, 1.5588



28.3587, -2.5740, 0.9696

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.3587, -2.7272, 1.5592



28.3587, -0.9150, 0.5095



28.3587, -0.8863, 2.5252

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.3581, -2.7266, 1.5588



27.5815, -0.2300, 1.4967

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



28.3587, -0.4395, 2.1059



28.3581, -2.7266, 1.5588



28.3587, -0.4562, 0.9420

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.3587, -2.7272, 1.5592



28.3587, -1.5311, 0.3555



28.3587, -0.2814, 1.5280



28.3587, -1.4983, 2.6825

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.3581, -2.7266, 1.5588



28.3587, -2.3089, 0.6483



28.3587, -0.2814, 1.5280



28.3587, -0.7116, 2.4107

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.3587, -2.7272, 1.5592



37.3237, -2.3272, 2.0311



28.3612, -2.8715, 2.7474



19.0126, -1.1682, 1.0345



67.9972, -3.6282, 3.6944



19.0543, -1.0167, 1.0353

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.3587, -2.7272, 1.5592



36.8818, -3.9493, 2.0375



28.1412, -2.1846, 0.9002



14.6180, -1.5533, 0.8073



32.5073, -21.7740, 6.3724



77.9719, -52.8744, 16.6827

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27.5815, -0.2300, 1.4967



35.6097, 0.1384, 1.9353



27.7934, -0.7734, 2.1344



14.1216, 0.0418, 0.7674



17.4683, 30.3463, 7.9445



41.7977, 72.3127, 21.3278

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 28.3581, -2.7266, 1.5588 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 28.3581, -2.7266, 1.5588 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

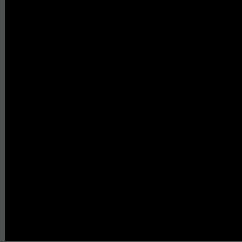
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

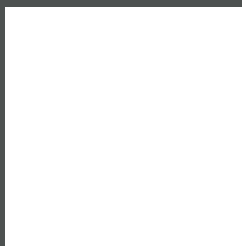
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 28.3581, -2.7266, 1.5588 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 28.3581, -2.7266, 1.5588.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 28.3581, -2.7266,

1.5588.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

28.3581, -2.7266, 1.5588

Protanopia

28.4529, -1.1124, 2.0990

Deuteranopia

28.4062, 1.4402, 1.2808



Tritanopia

28.3353, -1.1416, -0.9819

Trichromacy



Original Color

28.3581, -2.7266, 1.5588

Protanomaly

28.2972, -1.6533, 1.9087

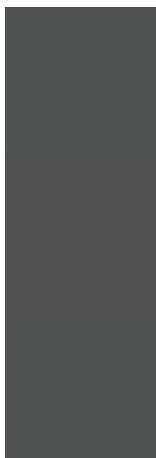
Deuteranomaly

28.3285, -0.1212, 1.1611

Tritanomaly

28.2792, -1.4488, -0.1851

Monochromacy



Original Color

28.3581, -2.7266, 1.5588

Achromatopsia

28.3231, -1.5113, 1.5388

Achromatomaly

28.2467, -1.7773, 1.4442

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 28.3581, -2.7266, 1.5588 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(77, 81, 80)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(77, 81, 80)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(77, 81, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(77, 81, 80) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 28.3581, -2.7266, 1.5588 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(77, 81, 80) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(77, 81, 80) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(77, 81, 80)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(77, 81, 80); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 81, 80);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 81, 80)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 28.3581, -2.7266, 1.5588 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(77, 81, 80) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(77, 81,  
80) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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