

Converting Colors

HunterLab(28.2750, 4.5512,
2.9578)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(28.2750, 4.5512, 2.9578)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(28.2858, 4.6128,
2.7932)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5F4B4D
RGB	95, 75, 77
RGB Percent	37%, 29%, 30%
CMY	0.6274, 0.7059, 0.6980
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.19, 0.63
HSL	354°, 12%, 33%
HSV	354°, 21%, 37%
XYZ	8.5749, 8.0009, 8.1136
YIQ	81.2080, 11.2780, 4.8620

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

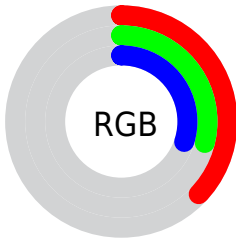
Format	Color
RYB	95, 75, 77
Decimal	6245197
CIELab	33.99, 8.80, 2.02
CIElCh	34, 9.027, 12.928
Yxy	8.0012, 0.3473, 0.3241
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284435277 (0xFF5F4B4D)
YUV	81.2080, -2.0745, 12.0956
Hunter-Lab	28.2858, 4.6128, 2.7932

Details

The HunterLab color $[28.2858, 4.6128, 2.7932]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[32.3586, -7.1465, 0.8382]$, and the grayscale version is $[28.7653, -1.5348, 1.5629]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[46.9390, 4.6659, 4.0728]$, and $[13.1078, 4.0711, 1.6400]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[25.8734, 7.8147, 3.3822]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[30.8489, 1.5078, 2.2958]$.

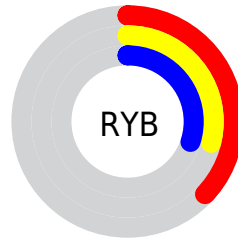
Distribution



Red (37%)

Green (29%)

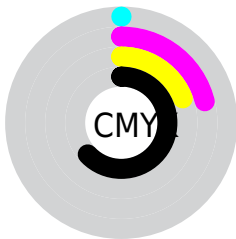
Blue (30%)



Red (37%)

Yellow (29%)

Blue (30%)

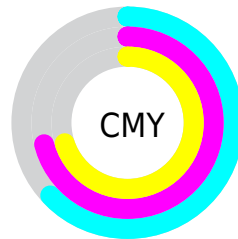


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (19%)

Black (63%)



Cyan (63%)

Magenta (71%)

Yellow (70%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 28.2858, 4.6128, 2.7932 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 28.2858, 4.6128, 2.7932 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 28.2858, 4.6128,
2.7932

■ 28.2858, 4.6128,
2.7932

■ 132.5676, 2.9025,
9.3465

■ 20.2379, 4.4505,
2.2165

■ 46.8624, 4.6587,
4.0447

■ 13.1425, 4.1687,
1.6714

■ 57.2571, 4.5704,
4.7170

■ 6.6424, 5.4171,
1.6219

■ 68.3237, 4.4195,
5.4193

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 80.0236, 4.2120,
6.1505

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 92.3243, 3.9528,
6.9096

0.0000, NaN, NaN

105.1976, 3.6461,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

118.6192, 3.2950,
8.5085

■ 28.2858, 4.6128,
2.7932

■ 28.2858, 4.6128,
2.7932

■ 25.8734, 7.8147,
3.3822

■ 30.8489, 1.5078,
2.2958

■ 23.6361, 11.0973,
4.0703

■ 33.5392, -1.4952,
1.8777

■ 21.6067, 14.4110,
4.8610

■ 36.3401, -4.4037,
1.5284

■ 19.8220, 17.6612,
5.7454

■ 39.2377, -7.2278,
1.2380

■ 18.3219, 20.6938,
6.6943

■ 42.2207, -9.9787,
0.9978

■ 17.1430, 23.2984,
7.6527

■ 45.2799, -12.6674,
0.8004

■ 16.3046, 25.2639,
8.5390

■ 48.4079, -15.3036,
0.6398

■ 15.6643, 26.9585,
9.0925

■ 51.5984, -17.8962,
0.5107

■ 54.8460, -20.4528,
0.4088

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28.2864, 4.4897, -0.1972



28.2858, 4.6128, 2.7932



28.2864, 3.0429, 5.1758

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.2864, 4.6118, 2.7937



28.2864, -5.5031, 5.4273



28.2864, -3.2600, -4.5133

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.2858, 4.6128, 2.7932



32.3586, -7.1465, 0.8382

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



28.2864, -5.7935, -2.6540



28.2858, 4.6128, 2.7932



28.2864, -7.0494, 3.1730

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.2864, 4.6118, 2.7937



28.2864, -2.8478, 6.5810



28.2864, -7.1533, 0.2256



28.2864, -0.1485, -4.6435

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.2858, 4.6128, 2.7932



28.2864, 1.2872, 6.1875



28.2864, -7.1533, 0.2256



28.2864, -4.2041, -4.0613

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.2864, 4.6118, 2.7937



42.0680, 0.0422, 2.7258



28.6110, 6.6798, -4.6887



20.5311, 0.0895, 1.3439



71.2094, -3.7996, 3.8689



21.6712, -1.1563, 1.1774

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.2864, 4.6118, 2.7937



35.5108, 7.9865, 4.0018



30.2121, 0.7922, 5.5662



16.1058, 0.4376, 1.1276



18.6615, 32.0906, 11.0346



43.0564, 73.8881, 26.6384

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28.2864, 4.6118, 2.7937



35.5108, 7.9865, 4.0018



30.2304, -3.4475, -2.6663



16.1058, 0.4376, 1.1276



18.6615, 32.0906, 11.0346



43.0564, 73.8881, 26.6384

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 28.2858, 4.6128, 2.7932 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

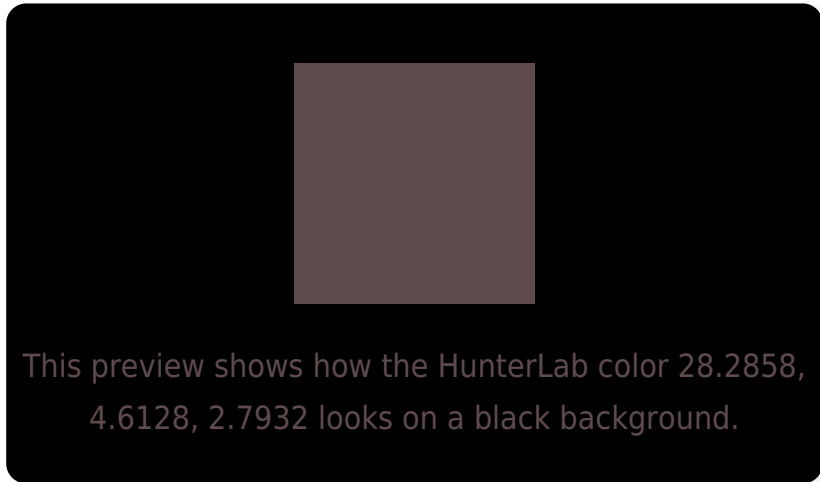
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

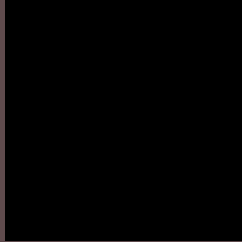
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 28.2858, 4.6128, 2.7932 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 28.2858, 4.6128, 2.7932.

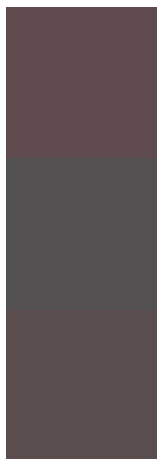


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 28.2858, 4.6128,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

28.2858, 4.6128, 2.7932

Protanopia

28.4787, -0.9716, 1.7309

Deuteranopia

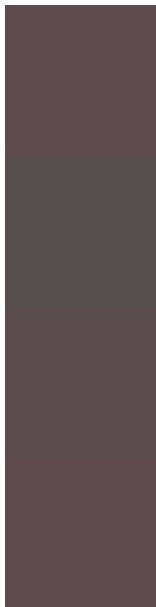
28.2266, 1.9101, 2.6786



Tritanopia

28.1241, 5.4679, 1.4260

Trichromacy



Original Color

28.2858, 4.6128, 2.7932

Protanomaly

28.3541, 1.1600, 2.0241

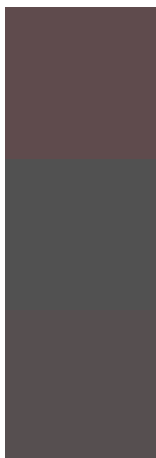
Deuteranomaly

28.1582, 2.9477, 2.6188

Tritanomaly

28.0980, 5.3313, 1.7984

Monochromacy



Original Color

28.2858, 4.6128, 2.7932

Achromatopsia

28.6850, -1.5306, 1.5585

Achromatomaly

28.5475, 0.5747, 1.8385

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 28.2858, 4.6128, 2.7932 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(95, 75, 77)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(95, 75, 77)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 75, 77) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(95, 75, 77) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 28.2858, 4.6128, 2.7932 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(95, 75, 77) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(95, 75, 77) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 75, 77) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(95, 75, 77); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 75, 77);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 75, 77)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 28.2858, 4.6128, 2.7932 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(95, 75, 77) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(95, 75,  
77) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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