

Converting Colors

HunterLab(28.2758, -3.8827,
-4.5138)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(28.2758, -3.8827,
-4.5138) contains.

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Color

HunterLab(28.1935, -3.9242,
-4.4742)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	41525D
RGB	65, 82, 93
RGB Percent	25%, 32%, 36%
CMY	0.7451, 0.6784, 0.6353
CMYK	0.30, 0.12, 0.00, 0.64
HSL	204°, 18%, 31%
HSV	204°, 30%, 36%
XYZ	7.1731, 7.9487, 11.5121
YIQ	78.1710, -13.6630, -0.1830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

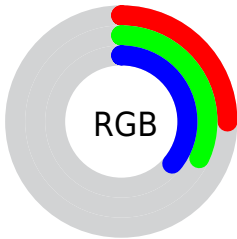
Format	Color
RYB	65, 76, 93
Decimal	4280925
CIELab	33.88, -3.69, -8.58
CIElCh	34, 9.337, 246.745
Yxy	7.9491, 0.2693, 0.2984
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282471005 (0xFF41525D)
YUV	78.1710, 7.3107, -11.5510
Hunter-Lab	28.1935, -3.9242, -4.4742

Details

The HunterLab color **28.1935, -3.9242, -4.4742** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **28.0673, 2.0961, 6.7670**, and the grayscale version is **27.6419, -1.4749, 1.5018**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **46.6832, -5.1704, -4.3289**, and **12.9915, -2.3466, -4.3091** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.6851, -4.2947, -6.6415**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29.7637, -3.3684, -2.3482**.

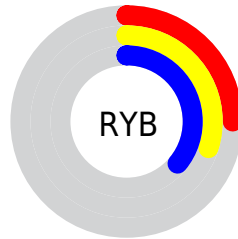
Distribution



Red (25%)

Green (32%)

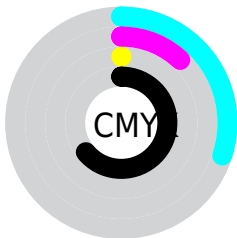
Blue (36%)



Red (25%)

Yellow (30%)

Blue (36%)

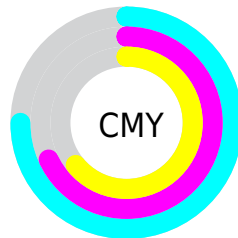


Cyan (30%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (64%)



Cyan (75%)

Magenta (68%)

Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 28.1935, -3.9242, -4.4742 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 28.1935, -3.9242, -4.4742 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 28.1935, -3.9242,
-4.4742

■ 28.1935, -3.9242,
-4.4742

■ 132.4129,
-11.1679, -2.2425

■ 20.1553, -3.2298,
-4.4062

■ 46.7531, -5.3741,
-4.3723

■ 13.0710, -2.5486,
-4.2452

■ 57.1402, -6.1326,
-4.2211

■ 6.5510, -2.8019,
-5.1047

■ 68.1997, -6.9144,
-4.0118

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 79.8929, -7.7194,
-3.7495

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 92.1872, -8.5476,
-3.4382

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 105.0544, -9.3987,

-3.0814

0.0000, NaN, NaN

118.4702,
-10.2722, -2.6820

■ 28.1935, -3.9242,
-4.4742

■ 28.1935, -3.9242,
-4.4742

■ 26.6851, -4.2947,
-6.6415

■ 29.7637, -3.3684,
-2.3482

■ 25.2417, -4.4577,
-8.8495

■ 31.3895, -2.6460,
-0.2653

■ 23.8691, -4.3921,
-11.0930

■ 33.0671, -1.7754,
1.7760

■ 22.5723, -4.0770,
-13.3644

■ 34.7927, -0.7725,
3.7778

■ 21.3561, -3.4950,
-15.6528

■ 36.5628, 0.3484,
5.7426

■ 20.2238, -2.6362,
-17.9452

■ 38.3742, 1.5749,
7.6730

■ 19.1422, -1.6749,
-20.3104

■ 40.2242, 2.8959,
9.5719

■ 42.1102, 4.3020,
11.4423

■ 44.0299, 5.7849,
13.2870

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28.1941, -6.3280, -2.2475



28.1935, -3.9242, -4.4742



28.1941, -0.7701, -5.0105

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.1941, -3.9246, -4.4737



28.1941, 4.9540, 2.2222



28.1941, -5.1384, 5.8840

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.1935, -3.9242, -4.4742



28.0673, 2.0961, 6.7670

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



28.1941, -2.2342, 6.8102



28.1935, -3.9242, -4.4742



28.1941, 3.6639, 4.8561

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.1941, -3.9246, -4.4737



28.1941, 4.4516, -0.9078



28.1941, 0.9972, 6.4563



28.1941, -7.0064, 3.7765

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.1935, -3.9242, -4.4742



28.1941, 1.3540, -4.2896



28.1941, 0.9972, 6.4563



28.1941, -4.2561, 6.3323

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.1941, -3.9246, -4.4737



41.2424, -3.3735, -0.1222



30.7747, -10.9934, 5.6908



20.5397, -1.7432, -0.1997



71.2094, -3.7996, 3.8689



21.6712, -1.1563, 1.1774

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.1941, -3.9246, -4.4737



35.4948, -5.4992, -7.8265



24.6595, 2.0091, -9.6693



15.7572, -1.2672, 0.0003



22.5441, -1.6245, -24.6714



51.0561, -0.9653, -61.7319

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.9175, 9.2444, -2.1302



31.9782, 15.4944, -3.7672



31.5854, -3.8349, 10.0077



15.3899, 0.6994, 0.2786



19.2166, 34.9915, -3.7255



44.7702, 81.1673, -5.9304

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 28.1935, -3.9242, -4.4742 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 28.1935, -3.9242, -4.4742 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

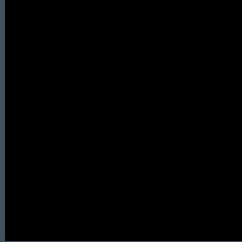
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 28.1935, -3.9242, -4.4742 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 28.1935, -3.9242, -4.4742.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 28.1935, -3.9242, -4.4742.

-4.4742.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

28.1935, -3.9242, -4.4742

Protanopia

28.1515, -0.1573, -3.5011

Deuteranopia

28.2177, 1.5609, -4.8357



Tritanopia

28.2803, -5.2399, -2.4800

Trichromacy



Original Color

28.1935, -3.9242, -4.4742

Protanomaly

28.1540, -1.4138, -3.9992

Deuteranomaly

28.0998, -0.1470, -5.0316

Tritanomaly

28.3102, -5.0723, -2.9020

Monochromacy



Original Color

28.1935, -3.9242, -4.4742

Achromatopsia

27.6017, -1.4728, 1.4997

Achromatomaly

27.6278, -2.4443, -0.5809

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 28.1935, -3.9242, -4.4742 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(65, 82, 93)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(65, 82, 93)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(65, 82, 93) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(65, 82, 93) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 28.1935, -3.9242, -4.4742 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(65, 82, 93) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(65, 82, 93) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(65, 82, 93)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(65, 82, 93); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(65, 82, 93);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(65, 82, 93)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 28.1935, -3.9242, -4.4742 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(65, 82, 93) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(65, 82,  
93) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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