

Converting Colors

HunterLab(28.2988, -5.9893,
-5.7100)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(28.2988, -5.9893,
-5.7100) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(28.3301, -6.0237,
-5.8085)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	385460
RGB	56, 84, 96
RGB Percent	22%, 33%, 38%
CMY	0.7804, 0.6706, 0.6235
CMYK	0.42, 0.12, 0.00, 0.62
HSL	198°, 26%, 30%
HSV	198°, 42%, 38%
XYZ	6.9125, 8.0259, 12.2512
YIQ	76.9960, -20.5400, -2.2040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

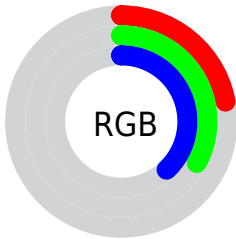
Format	Color
R_{YB}	56, 72, 96
Decimal	3691616
CIE Lab	34.04, -6.97, -10.28
CIE LCh	34, 12.422, 235.870
Yxy	8.0263, 0.2542, 0.2952
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281881696 (0xFF385460)
YUV	76.9960, 9.3690, -18.4135
Hunter-Lab	28.3301, -6.0237, -5.8085

Details

The HunterLab color **28.3301, -6.0237, -5.8085** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **26.2806, 5.6624, 7.8519**, and the grayscale version is **27.2140, -1.4521, 1.4786**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **47.0744, -7.9943, -5.8997**, and **13.1642, -4.0352, -5.5500** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27.0883, -6.4982, -7.6441**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29.6416, -5.3232, -3.9637**.

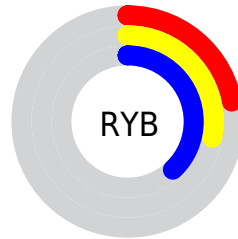
Distribution



Red (22%)

Green (33%)

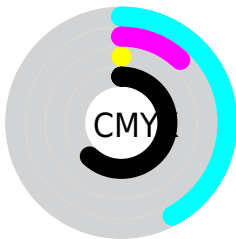
Blue (38%)



Red (22%)

Yellow (28%)

Blue (38%)

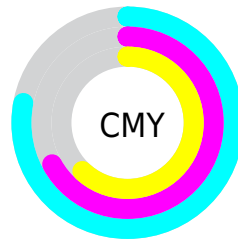


Cyan (42%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (62%)



Cyan (78%)

Magenta (67%)

Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 28.3301, -6.0237, -5.8085 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 28.3301, -6.0237, -5.8085 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 28.3301, -6.0237,
-5.8085

■ 28.3301, -6.0237,
-5.8085

■ 132.6415,
-14.7902, -4.1929

■ 20.2775, -5.0851,
-5.6607

■ 46.9147, -7.8923,
-5.8609

■ 13.1768, -4.1232,
-5.4223

■ 57.3130, -8.8362,
-5.7829

■ 6.6856, -4.8997,
-6.1948

■ 68.3830, -9.7915,
-5.6441

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 80.0861, -10.7602,
-5.4497

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 92.3898, -11.7437,
-5.2040

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 105.2661,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-12.7428, -4.9107

0.0000, NaN, NaN

118.6905,
-13.7582, -4.5728

■ 28.3301, -6.0237,
-5.8085

■ 28.3301, -6.0237,
-5.8085

■ 27.0883, -6.4982,
-7.6441

■ 29.6416, -5.3232,
-3.9637

■ 25.9180, -6.7280,
-9.4629

■ 31.0172, -4.4149,
-2.1184

■ 24.8229, -6.6985,
-11.2541

■ 32.4537, -3.3182,
-0.2777

■ 23.8048, -6.3998,
-13.0066

■ 33.9472, -2.0512,
1.5542

■ 22.8625, -5.8366,
-14.7135

■ 35.4941, -0.6310,
3.3746

■ 22.0974, -5.3043,
-16.1693

■ 37.0908, 0.9268,
5.1816

■ 38.7342, 2.6081,
6.9742

■ 40.4213, 4.4004,
8.7521

■ 42.1493, 6.2926,
10.5155

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28.3307, -8.6054, -2.1262



28.3301, -6.0237, -5.8085



28.3307, -2.1088, -7.5236

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.3307, -6.0239, -5.8080



28.3307, 7.2553, 0.9672



28.3307, -5.0467, 7.7695

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.3301, -6.0237, -5.8085



26.2806, 5.6624, 7.8519

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



28.3307, -0.9126, 8.3445



28.3301, -6.0237, -5.8085



28.3307, 6.3536, 4.7773

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.3307, -6.0239, -5.8080



28.3307, 5.6945, -3.2583



28.3307, 3.2988, 7.3333



28.3307, -8.0653, 5.6263

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.3301, -6.0237, -5.8085



28.3307, 0.7939, -7.1582



28.3307, 3.2988, 7.3333



28.3307, -3.7487, 8.1375

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.3307, -6.0239, -5.8080



42.8177, -4.5009, -0.5378



31.0096, -14.9104, 8.5929



21.2600, -2.3033, -0.3633



72.2857, -3.8570, 3.9274



22.5557, -1.2035, 1.2255

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.3307, -6.0239, -5.8080



35.8749, -8.5937, -10.0823



23.2980, 2.2381, -13.7673



16.6633, -1.5124, 0.1177



25.8852, -6.0009, -19.4001



58.4833, -11.8543, -47.5089

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24.4038, 14.6274, -5.0850



29.8300, 24.4579, -8.4061



31.0532, -2.7639, 11.9426



16.1761, 0.8162, 0.1261



20.0393, 37.1017, -8.6305



46.1436, 85.1324, -17.5476

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 28.3301, -6.0237, -5.8085 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 28.3301, -6.0237, -5.8085 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

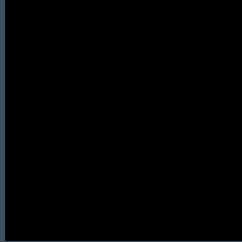
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

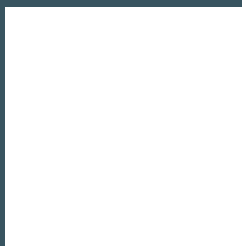
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 28.3301, -6.0237, -5.8085 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 28.3301, -6.0237, -5.8085.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 28.3301, -6.0237, -5.8085.

-5.8085.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

28.3301, -6.0237, -5.8085

Protanopia

28.2136, 0.1794, -4.3745

Deuteranopia

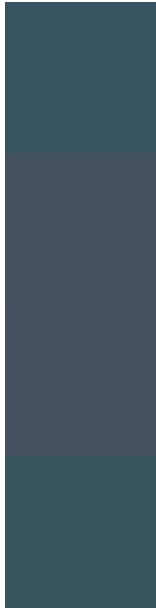
28.2385, 1.8252, -6.3128



Tritanopia

28.4287, -7.3315, -3.7275

Trichromacy



Original Color

28.3301, -6.0237, -5.8085

Protanomaly

28.2103, -2.4369, -4.9161

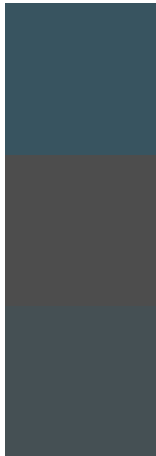
Deuteranomaly

28.1780, -1.0100, -6.4507

Tritanomaly

28.4597, -7.1557, -4.1630

Monochromacy



Original Color

28.3301, -6.0237, -5.8085

Achromatopsia

27.2422, -1.4536, 1.4801

Achromatomaly

27.6453, -3.6780, -1.0179

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 28.3301, -6.0237, -5.8085 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(56, 84, 96)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(56, 84, 96)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(56, 84, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(56, 84, 96) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 28.3301, -6.0237, -5.8085 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(56, 84, 96) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(56, 84, 96) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(56, 84, 96)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(56, 84, 96); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 84, 96);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 84, 96)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 28.3301, -6.0237, -5.8085 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(56, 84, 96) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(56, 84,  
96) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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