

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(28.3157, -7.0136,  
-19.9143)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(28.3157, -7.0136,  
-19.9143) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(28.3390, -7.0421,  
-19.8373)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	035678
RGB	3, 86, 120
RGB Percent	1%, 34%, 47%
CMY	0.9882, 0.6627, 0.5294
CMYK	0.97, 0.28, 0.00, 0.53
HSL	197°, 95%, 24%
HSV	197°, 97%, 47%
XYZ	6.7555, 8.0310, 18.9634
YIQ	65.0590, -60.3820, -7.0220

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

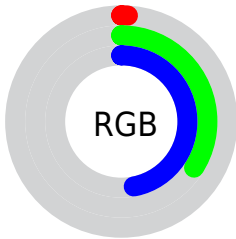
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	3, 52, 120
Decimal	218744
CIE Lab	34.05, -8.61, -25.40
CIE LCh	34, 26.820, 251.282
Yxy	8.0313, 0.2002, 0.2380
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278408824 (0xFF035678)
YUV	65.0590, 27.0859, -54.4257
Hunter-Lab	28.3390, -7.0421, -19.8373

# Details

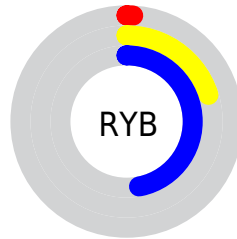
The HunterLab color **28.3390, -7.0421, -19.8373** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006699**. A complement of this color would be **23.0732, 24.7945, 14.4292**, and the grayscale version is **22.9373, -1.2239, 1.2462**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **47.0355, -9.3302, -20.3787**, and **14.2857, -0.8812, -15.9536** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28.0584, -6.8061, -20.3782**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29.4688, -7.9545, -17.7322**.

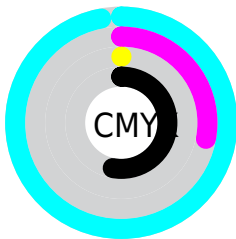
# Distribution



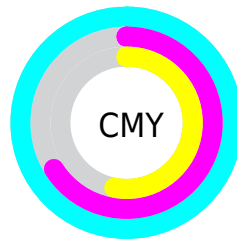
- Red (1%)
- Green (34%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (1%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (97%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (53%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 28.3390, -7.0421, -19.8373 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 28.3390, -7.0421, -19.8373 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 28.3390, -7.0421,  
-19.8373

■ 28.3390, -7.0421,  
-19.8373

■ 132.6563,  
-16.5752, -22.7489

■ 20.2854, -5.9788,  
-19.3172

■ 46.9252, -9.1222,  
-20.8619

■ 13.1836, -4.8734,  
-18.9425

■ 57.3242, -10.1596,  
-21.3041

■ 6.6942, -5.9598,  
-21.3083

■ 68.3948, -11.2022,  
-21.6879

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 80.0986, -12.2533,  
-22.0124

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 92.4029, -13.3148,  
-22.2786

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 105.2798,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-14.3883, -22.4885

0.0000, NaN, NaN

118.7047,  
-15.4749, -22.6445

28.3390, -7.0421,  
-19.8373

28.3390, -7.0421,  
-19.8373

28.0584, -6.8061,  
-20.3782

29.4688, -7.9545,  
-17.7322

30.6819, -8.5776,  
-15.5820

31.9973, -8.8409,  
-13.3644

33.4145, -8.7483,  
-11.0931

34.9304, -8.3145,  
-8.7830

■ 36.5412, -7.5605,  
-6.4477

■ 38.2419, -6.5109,  
-4.0992

■ 40.0275, -5.1917,  
-1.7468

■ 41.8927, -3.6283,  
0.6018

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28.3395, -13.7697, -12.1780



28.3390, -7.0421, -19.8373



28.3395, 2.0808, -20.8038

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.3395, -7.0418, -19.8367



28.3395, 18.3037, 4.6812



28.3395, -12.4011, 11.6008

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.3390, -7.0421, -19.8373



23.0732, 24.7945, 14.4292

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



28.3395, -4.9374, 13.6907



28.3390, -7.0421, -19.8373



28.3395, 13.2604, 10.6473

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.3395, -7.0418, -19.8367



28.3395, 17.5489, -4.4958



28.3395, 4.4737, 13.4098



28.3395, -16.5765, 6.4890



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.3390, -7.0421, -19.8373



28.3395, 8.4120, -17.2516



28.3395, 4.4737, 13.4098



28.3395, -10.2371, 12.5918

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.3395, -7.0418, -19.8367



50.2051, -8.9763, -6.1294



36.8522, -30.2217, 19.4731



24.0555, -4.6130, -3.5133



78.7982, -4.2045, 4.2813



27.9800, -1.4929, 1.5202



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.3395, -7.0418, -19.8367



36.8931, -8.5563, -27.6425



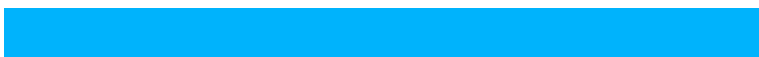
14.9107, 20.0173, -61.1190



20.7966, -1.9470, 0.1134



29.2638, -7.0460, -21.3668



62.7131, -13.6048, -49.0171



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.7496, 39.5627, -9.9061



28.5594, 52.8768, -12.3048



34.8165, -0.3116, 21.3009



20.1460, 1.1356, 0.0872



22.5197, 41.7413, -10.0653



49.0281, 90.6069, -19.8289



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 28.3390, -7.0421, -19.8373 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 28.3390, -7.0421, -19.8373 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

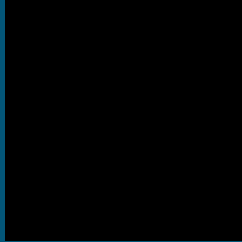
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 28.3390, -7.0421, -19.8373 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 28.3390, -7.0421, -19.8373.



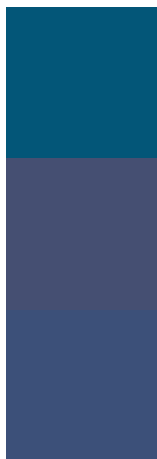
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 28.3390, -7.0421, -19.8373.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

28.3390, -7.0421, -19.8373

### Protanopia

28.4114, 2.3478, -15.6735

### Deuteranopia

28.4226, 1.6534, -20.1914



## Tritanopia

28.2653, -13.5709, -6.0336

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

28.3390, -7.0421, -19.8373

## Protanomaly

28.0240, -2.8508, -17.7392

## Deuteranomaly

28.0114, -2.4684, -21.0709

## Tritanomaly

28.2946, -11.3354, -10.7684

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

28.3390, -7.0421, -19.8373

## Achromatopsia

22.9914, -1.2268, 1.2492

## Achromatomaly

24.3171, -6.0205, -6.0761

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 28.3390, -7.0421, -19.8373 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(3, 86, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(3, 86, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(3, 86, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(3, 86, 120) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 28.3390, -7.0421, -19.8373 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(3, 86, 120) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(3, 86, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(3, 86, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(3, 86, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(3, 86, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(3, 86, 120)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 28.3390, -7.0421, -19.8373 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(3, 86, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(3, 86,  
120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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