

Converting Colors

HunterLab(28.3433, -0.6364,
-6.1016)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(28.3433, -0.6364,
-6.1016) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(28.3141, -0.5402,
-6.2442)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	495061
RGB	73, 80, 97
RGB Percent	29%, 31%, 38%
CMY	0.7137, 0.6863, 0.6196
CMYK	0.25, 0.18, 0.00, 0.62
HSL	222°, 14%, 33%
HSV	222°, 25%, 38%
XYZ	7.7740, 8.0169, 12.4470
YIQ	79.8450, -9.6290, 3.8030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

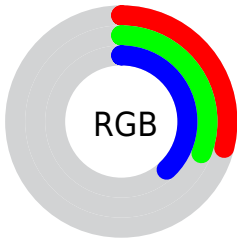
Format	Color
R_{YB}	73, 78, 97
Decimal	4804705
CIE Lab	34.02, 1.44, -10.83
CIE LCh	34, 10.923, 277.597
Yxy	8.0172, 0.2753, 0.2839
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282994785 (0xFF495061)
YUV	79.8450, 8.4574, -6.0031
Hunter-Lab	28.3141, -0.5402, -6.2442

Details

The HunterLab color $[28.3141, -0.5402, -6.2442]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[32.1478, -1.9074, 8.1503]$, and the grayscale version is $[28.2406, -1.5068, 1.5344]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[46.8788, -1.2326, -6.5696]$, and $[13.2199, -0.0820, -5.9020]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[25.9079, 0.2585, -9.9127]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[30.7966, -1.1694, -2.8168]$.

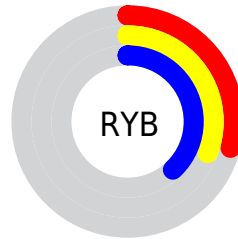
Distribution



Red (29%)

Green (31%)

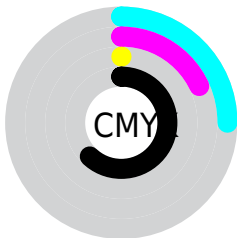
Blue (38%)



Red (29%)

Yellow (31%)

Blue (38%)

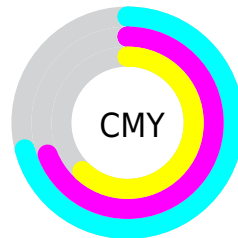


Cyan (25%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (62%)



Cyan (71%)

Magenta (69%)

Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 28.3141, -0.5402, -6.2442 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 28.3141, -0.5402, -6.2442 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 28.3141, -0.5402,
-6.2442

■ 28.3141, -0.5402,
-6.2442

■ 132.6148, -5.4643,
-4.8242

■ 20.2632, -0.2117,
-6.0717

■ 46.8958, -1.3573,
-6.3450

■ 13.1644, 0.0530,
-5.8102

■ 57.2928, -1.8341,
-6.2902

■ 6.6700, 0.5871,
-6.6086

■ 68.3616, -2.3516,
-6.1738

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 80.0635, -2.9068,
-6.0011

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 92.3661, -3.4975,
-5.7763

0.0000, NaN, NaN

105.2413, -4.1217,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-5.5033

0.0000, NaN, NaN

118.6647, -4.7778,
-5.1850

■ 28.3141, -0.5402,
-6.2442

■ 28.3141, -0.5402,
-6.2442

■ 25.9079, 0.2585,
-9.9127

■ 30.7966, -1.1694,
-2.8168

■ 23.5868, 1.2633,
-13.8723

■ 33.3450, -1.6565,
0.4090

■ 21.3649, 2.5164,
-18.1759

■ 35.9531, -2.0251,
3.4684

■ 19.2594, 4.0673,
-22.8773

■ 38.6153, -2.2936,
6.3899

■ 17.2921, 5.9687,
-28.0171

■ 41.3269, -2.4772,
9.1969

■ 15.4904, 8.2652,
-33.5972

■ 44.0840, -2.5880,
11.9086

■ 13.8712, 10.9283,
-39.6016

■ 46.8833, -2.6360,
14.5409

■ 13.0678, 12.3729,
-43.0431

■ 49.7220, -2.6293,
17.1068

■ 52.5977, -2.5749,
19.6170

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28.3147, -4.2416, -5.6612



28.3141, -0.5402, -6.2442



28.3147, 3.0812, -4.5325

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.3147, -0.5406, -6.2437



28.3147, 4.5079, 5.4596



28.3147, -7.9512, 4.0626

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.3141, -0.5402, -6.2442



32.1478, -1.9074, 8.1503

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



28.3147, -5.8305, 6.5105



28.3141, -0.5402, -6.2442



28.3147, 1.3244, 7.2399

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.3147, -0.5406, -6.2437



28.3147, 6.0943, 2.4441



28.3147, -2.4711, 7.5976



28.3147, -8.3921, 0.6076

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.3141, -0.5402, -6.2442



28.3147, 4.9195, -2.4389



28.3147, -2.4711, 7.5976



28.3147, -7.4168, 5.0162

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.3147, -0.5406, -6.2437



42.8273, -2.0272, -0.4825



32.7121, -8.9026, 2.5498



21.2900, -1.0012, -0.3031



72.2857, -3.8570, 3.9274



22.5557, -1.2035, 1.2255

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.3147, -0.5406, -6.2437



35.1261, -0.0955, -11.0780



26.9066, 3.7698, -8.2752



16.1928, -0.7377, -0.4528



14.9902, 15.1128, -51.3607



32.6251, 40.6711, -128.5759

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28.0818, 6.5423, 1.3938



34.8390, 11.3747, 1.8329



33.6396, -6.2785, 9.5086



16.1278, 0.5561, 0.8140



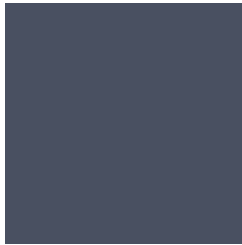
18.8843, 32.9134, 7.7573



43.4902, 75.4928, 20.2383

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 28.3141, -0.5402, -6.2442 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 28.3141, -0.5402, -6.2442 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

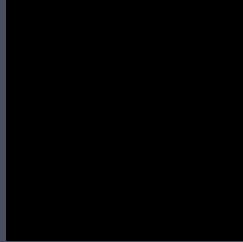
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

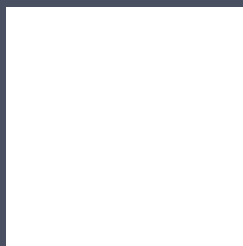
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 28.3141, -0.5402, -6.2442 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 28.3141, -0.5402, -6.2442.



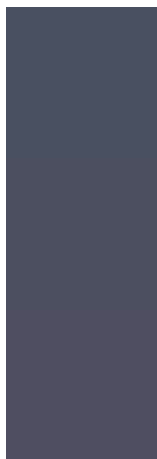
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 28.3141, -0.5402, -6.2442.

-6.2442.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

28.3141, -0.5402, -6.2442

Protanopia

28.2365, 0.4497, -5.8296

Deuteranopia

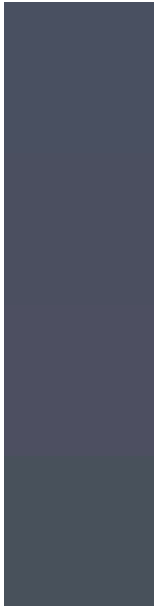
28.2385, 1.8252, -6.3128



Tritanopia

28.4232, -3.4106, -1.8043

Trichromacy



Original Color

28.3141, -0.5402, -6.2442

Protanomaly

28.1644, 0.2037, -5.9378

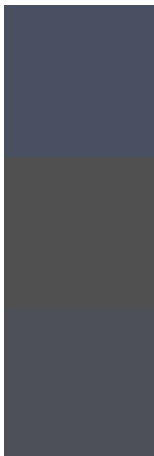
Deuteranomaly

28.3422, 0.8749, -6.1786

Tritanomaly

28.3159, -2.2533, -3.3155

Monochromacy



Original Color

28.3141, -0.5402, -6.2442

Achromatopsia

28.3231, -1.5113, 1.5388

Achromatomaly

28.2613, -1.3986, -1.0804

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 28.3141, -0.5402, -6.2442 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(73, 80, 97)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(73, 80, 97)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(73, 80, 97) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(73, 80, 97) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 28.3141, -0.5402, -6.2442 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(73, 80, 97) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(73, 80, 97) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(73, 80, 97)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(73, 80, 97); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 80, 97);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 80, 97)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 28.3141, -0.5402, -6.2442 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(73, 80, 97) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(73, 80,  
97) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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