

Converting Colors

HunterLab(28.3675, -10.5582,
8.3023)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(28.3675, -10.5582,
8.3023) contains.

HunterLab(28.3524, -10.6251, 8.3449)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(28.3524,
-10.6251, 8.3449)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3F563C
RGB	63, 86, 60
RGB Percent	25%, 34%, 24%
CMY	0.7529, 0.6627, 0.7647
CMYK	0.27, 0.00, 0.30, 0.66
HSL	113°, 18%, 29%
HSV	113°, 30%, 34%
XYZ	6.1933, 8.0386, 5.5001
YIQ	76.1590, -5.3620, -12.9620

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

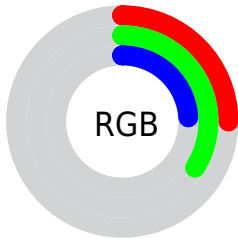
Format	Color
RYB	60, 86, 83
Decimal	4150844
CIELab	34.06, -14.59, 12.38
CIELCh	34, 19.136, 139.673
Yxy	8.0389, 0.3139, 0.4074
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282340924 (0xFF3F563C)
YUV	76.1590, -7.9664, -11.5404
Hunter-Lab	28.3524, -10.6251, 8.3449

Details

The HunterLab color $28.3524, -10.6251, 8.3449$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 336633 . A complement of this color would be $23.9642, 9.1838, -6.8559$, and the grayscale version is $26.9700, -1.4391, 1.4653$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $46.9567, -13.6981, 11.1313$, and $13.2966, -7.5533, 5.5093$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $27.7882, -13.0971, 10.1119$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $28.9922, -7.8867, 6.3451$.

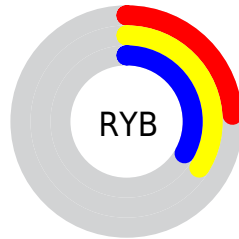
Distribution



Red (25%)

Green (34%)

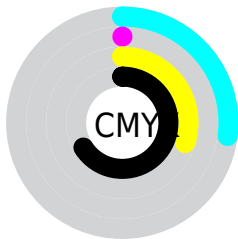
Blue (24%)



Red (24%)

Yellow (34%)

Blue (33%)

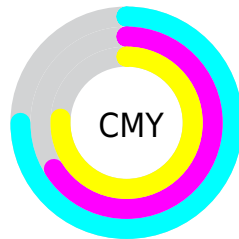


Cyan (27%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (30%)

Black (66%)



Cyan (75%)

Magenta (66%)

Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 28.3524, -10.6251, 8.3449 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 28.3524, -10.6251, 8.3449 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 28.3524, -10.6251,
8.3449

■ 28.3524, -10.6251,
8.3449

132.6789,
-23.0136, 19.7350

■ 20.2975, -9.0950,
6.9644

■ 46.9412, -13.5000,
10.9521

■ 13.1941, -7.4457,
5.5085

■ 57.3413, -14.8860,
12.2169

■ 6.7074, -9.8357,
4.6952

■ 68.4130, -16.2538,
13.4702

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 80.1177, -17.6106,
14.7184

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 92.4230, -18.9616,
15.9661

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 105.3007,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-20.3106, 17.2166

0.0000, NaN, NaN

118.7265,
-21.6606, 18.4723

■ 28.3524, -10.6251,
8.3449

■ 28.3524, -10.6251,
8.3449

■ 27.7882, -13.0971,
10.1119

■ 28.9922, -7.8867,
6.3451

■ 27.2984, -15.2797,
11.6313

■ 29.7043, -4.9044,
4.1290

■ 26.8835, -17.1569,
12.8940

■ 30.4872, -1.7047,
1.7159

■ 26.5423, -18.7185,
13.8965

■ 31.3386, 1.6860,
-0.8738

■ 26.2727, -19.9621,
14.6429

■ 32.2556, 5.2425,
-3.6202

■ 26.0706, -20.8964,
15.1502

■ 33.2353, 8.9408,
-6.5037

■ 25.9228, -21.5940,
15.5955

■ 34.2746, 12.7587,
-9.5065

■ 35.3703, 16.6768,
-12.6118

■ 36.5195, 20.6776,
-15.8048

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28.3530, -5.6952, 10.7798



28.3524, -10.6251, 8.3449



28.3530, -13.0377, 3.6401

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.3530, -10.6257, 8.3452



28.3530, -3.7722, -13.2349



28.3530, 11.5699, 5.3433

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.3524, -10.6251, 8.3449



23.9642, 9.1838, -6.8559

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



28.3530, 12.2057, -0.7269



28.3524, -10.6251, 8.3449



28.3530, 2.9237, -12.4790

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.3530, -10.6257, 8.3452



28.3530, -9.3298, -9.3942



28.3530, 8.9160, -7.5191



28.3530, 7.2516, 9.3438

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.3524, -10.6251, 8.3449



28.3530, -13.0588, -0.5792



28.3530, 8.9160, -7.5191



28.3530, 12.2357, 3.5135

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.3530, -10.6257, 8.3452



39.3615, -6.1024, 5.1728



29.1316, -3.5273, 9.1881



19.3965, -3.2029, 2.6964



69.0652, -3.6851, 3.7524



19.9203, -1.0629, 1.0823

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.3530, -10.6257, 8.3452



36.9508, -16.3685, 12.6976



28.3873, -10.0886, 5.2244



15.3015, -2.2864, 1.9462



32.5838, -27.3036, 19.6000



77.0855, -65.3210, 46.3562

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23.9642, 9.1838, -6.8559



29.9059, 15.5248, -11.8072



23.9429, 8.4941, -2.0453



14.6266, 0.7452, -0.3756



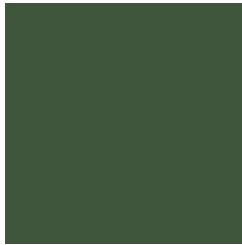
18.6624, 37.6591, -32.1203



43.9517, 88.8628, -76.9795

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 28.3524, -10.6251, 8.3449 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

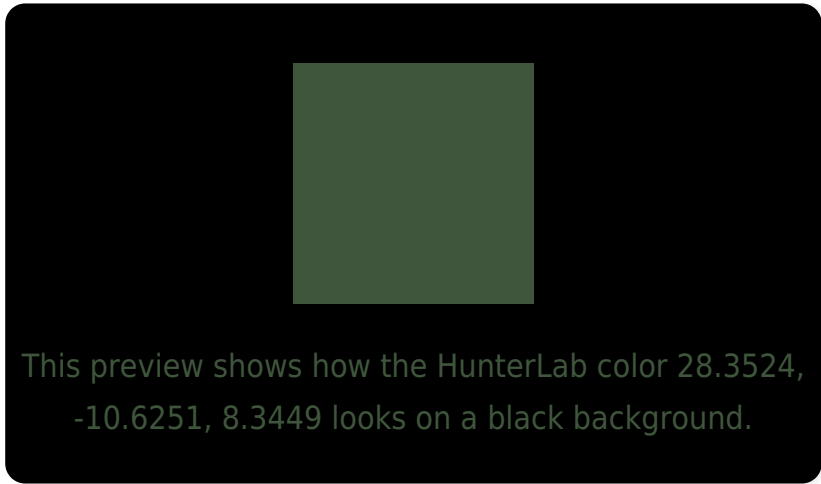
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

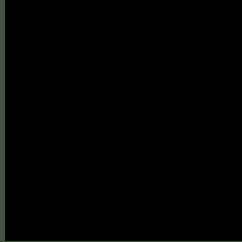
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 28.3524, -10.6251, 8.3449 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 28.3524, -10.6251, 8.3449.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 28.3524, -10.6251, 8.3449.

-10.6251, 8.3449.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

28.3524, -10.6251, 8.3449

Protanopia

28.3040, -2.5803, 9.2870

Deuteranopia

28.3465, 1.6485, 7.9634



Tritanopia

28.2574, -3.9410, -2.4875

Trichromacy



Original Color

28.3524, -10.6251, 8.3449

Protanomaly

28.2131, -5.5727, 8.8749

Deuteranomaly

28.1305, -3.0448, 7.9754

Tritanomaly

28.0977, -6.5107, 1.9904

Monochromacy



Original Color

28.3524, -10.6251, 8.3449

Achromatopsia

26.8834, -1.4344, 1.4606

Achromatomaly

27.4210, -5.2011, 4.2770

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 28.3524, -10.6251, 8.3449 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(63, 86, 60)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(63, 86, 60)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(63, 86, 60) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(63, 86, 60) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 28.3524, -10.6251, 8.3449 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(63, 86, 60) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(63, 86, 60) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(63, 86, 60)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(63, 86, 60); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 86, 60);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 86, 60)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 28.3524, -10.6251, 8.3449 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(63, 86, 60) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(63, 86,  
60) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor