

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(28.4717, 35.2347,  
13.8681)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(28.4717, 35.2347,  
13.8681) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(28.5229, 35.1181,  
13.8297)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	952929
RGB	149, 41, 41
RGB Percent	58%, 16%, 16%
CMY	0.4157, 0.8392, 0.8392
CMYK	0.00, 0.72, 0.72, 0.42
HSL	0°, 57%, 37%
HSV	0°, 72%, 58%
XYZ	13.5876, 8.1356, 2.9520
YIQ	73.2920, 64.3680, 22.8960

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

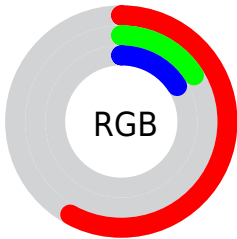
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	149, 41, 41
Decimal	9775401
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	34.26, 44.78, 26.58
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	34, 52.077, 30.690
Yxy	8.1360, 0.5506, 0.3297
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287965481 (0xFF952929)
YUV	73.2920, -15.9200, 66.3959
Hunter-Lab	28.5229, 35.1181, 13.8297

# Details

The HunterLab color **28.5229, 35.1181, 13.8297** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993333**. A complement of this color would be **49.1264, -23.8908, -4.4630**, and the grayscale version is **25.9560, -1.3849, 1.4102**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **47.1515, 38.5391, 18.6586**, and **14.9136, 25.5399, 9.6368** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.8480, 39.1393, 15.0576**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30.8114, 30.1725, 12.3390**.

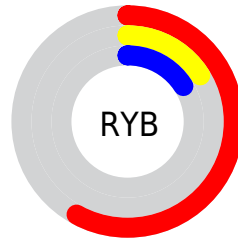
# Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (16%)

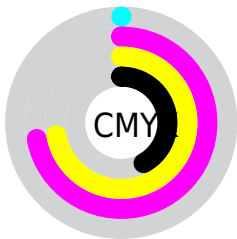
Blue (16%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (16%)

Blue (16%)

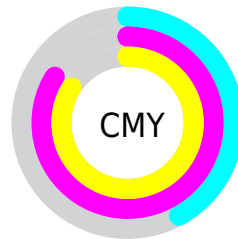


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (72%)

Yellow (72%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (42%)

Magenta (84%)

Yellow (84%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 28.5229, 35.1181, 13.8297 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 28.5229, 35.1181, 13.8297 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 28.5229, 35.1181,  
13.8297

■ 28.5229, 35.1181,  
13.8297

■ 132.9643, 46.8320,  
32.5434

■ 20.4502, 33.2924,  
11.2122

■ 47.1431, 38.4668,  
18.5243

■ 13.3265, 31.4820,  
9.3285

■ 57.5571, 39.9669,  
20.6939

■ 6.8711, 33.5428,  
4.8098

■ 68.6419, 41.3537,  
22.7838

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 80.3590, 42.6342,  
24.8125

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 92.6760, 43.8156,  
26.7936

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 105.5650, 44.9049,

28.7375

0.0000, NaN, NaN

119.0016, 45.9085,  
30.6520

28.5229, 35.1181,  
13.8297

28.5229, 35.1181,  
13.8297

26.8480, 39.1393,  
15.0576

30.8114, 30.1725,  
12.3390

25.8038, 41.8531,  
15.8913

33.6507, 24.7430,  
10.7243

25.2779, 43.2871,  
16.3339

36.9664, 19.1658,  
9.0944

40.6840, 13.6527,  
7.5149

44.7385, 8.3113,  
6.0172

■ 49.0759, 3.1812,  
4.6107

■ 53.6526, -1.7358,  
3.2929

■ 58.4342, -6.4561,  
2.0557

■ 63.3933, -11.0033,  
0.8893

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28.5237, 42.4284, 1.9493



28.5229, 35.1181, 13.8297



28.5237, 17.6485, 17.9805

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.5237, 35.1153, 13.8302



28.5237, -26.0200, 13.4915



28.5237, -1.1022, -55.5800

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.5229, 35.1181, 13.8297



49.1264, -23.8908, -4.4630

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



28.5237, -16.6752, -45.2096



28.5229, 35.1181, 13.8297



28.5237, -28.7023, 1.1502

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.5237, 35.1153, 13.8302



28.5237, -17.2383, 17.8885



28.5237, -25.7567, -21.1175



28.5237, 18.5613, -44.2860



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.5229, 35.1181, 13.8297



28.5237, 4.3444, 18.8497



28.5237, -25.7567, -21.1175



28.5237, -6.9523, -54.4710

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.5237, 35.1153, 13.8302



59.8911, 11.0971, 8.0455



31.8518, 48.5631, -32.4502



27.5626, 6.0212, 4.0091



86.5109, -4.6160, 4.7003



34.5370, -1.8428, 1.8765



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.5237, 35.1153, 13.8302



34.9542, 54.8868, 20.9208



38.3850, 11.3543, 20.6110



24.1152, 0.7359, 1.9883



23.1903, 39.7120, 14.9850



2.5658, 4.3927, 1.6579



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.1264, -23.8908, -4.4630



65.2573, -33.8751, -6.6467



32.9026, -0.9876, -30.9798



25.6168, -3.2709, 0.7535



44.6260, -23.6567, -4.7105



4.9372, -2.6174, -0.5209



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 28.5229, 35.1181, 13.8297 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

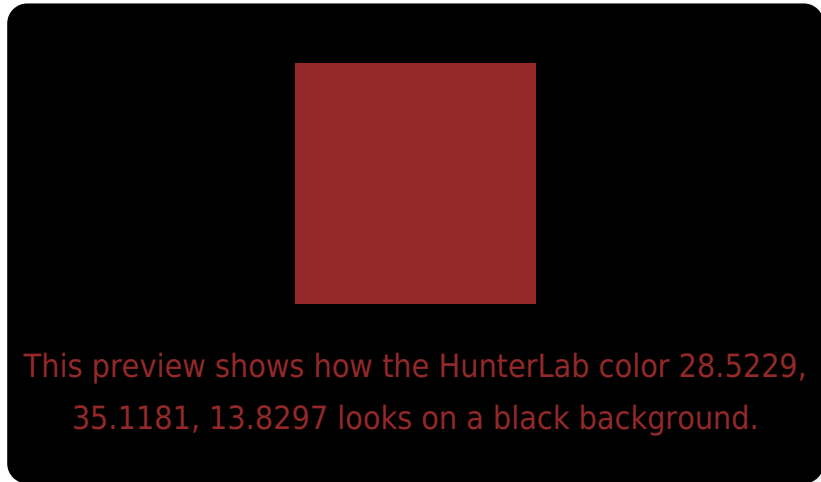
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 28.5229, 35.1181, 13.8297 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 28.5229, 35.1181, 13.8297.



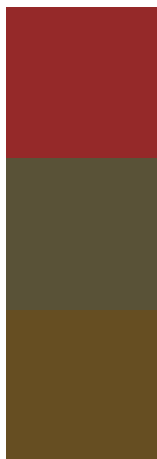
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 28.5229, 35.1181, 13.8297.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

28.5229, 35.1181, 13.8297

### Protanopia

29.0418, -2.7178, 10.4689

### Deuteranopia

28.9639, 1.6520, 14.7784



## Tritanopia

28.5352, 35.1701, 13.6476

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

28.5229, 35.1181, 13.8297

## Protanomaly

27.6118, 10.7559, 10.7229

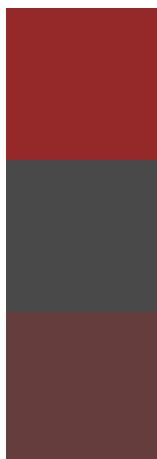
## Deuteranomaly

27.9930, 13.7066, 13.7820

## Tritanomaly

28.5352, 35.1701, 13.6476

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

28.5229, 35.1181, 13.8297

## Achromatopsia

25.8120, -1.3773, 1.4024

## Achromatomaly

25.3793, 10.9935, 5.5173

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 28.5229, 35.1181, 13.8297 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(149, 41, 41)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(149, 41, 41)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 41, 41) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(149, 41, 41) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 28.5229, 35.1181, 13.8297 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(149, 41, 41) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(149, 41, 41) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(149, 41, 41)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(149, 41, 41); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 41, 41);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 41,  
41) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 28.5229, 35.1181, 13.8297 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(149, 41, 41) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(149, 41,  
41) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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