

Converting Colors

HunterLab(28.4820, 50.0673,
-140.5745)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(28.4820, 50.0673,
-140.5745) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(28.4597, 50.1197,
-140.6331)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1530E8
RGB	21, 48, 232
RGB Percent	8%, 19%, 91%
CMY	0.9175, 0.8118, 0.0902
CMYK	0.91, 0.79, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	232°, 83%, 50%
HSV	232°, 91%, 91%
XYZ	15.9317, 8.0995, 77.0677
YIQ	60.9030, -75.1560, 51.5000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

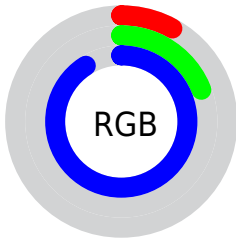
Format	Color
R _Y B	21, 45, 232
Decimal	1388776
CIE Lab	34.19, 59.35, -91.70
CIE LCh	34, 109.237, 302.912
Yxy	8.0996, 0.1576, 0.0801
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279578856 (0xFF1530E8)
YUV	60.9030, 84.3508, -34.9949
Hunter-Lab	28.4597, 50.1197, -140.6331

Details

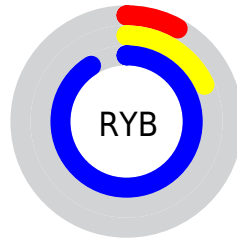
The HunterLab color **28.4597, 50.1197, -140.6331** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3333FF**. The color can be described as dark washed blue. A complement of this color would be **78.0336, -10.1626, 47.3656**, and the grayscale version is **21.3082, -1.1370, 1.1577**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **44.1389, 42.1664, -99.1465**, and **17.5930, 47.7211, -125.0059** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25.9558, 57.8776, -157.3836**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32.4487, 40.5579, -118.7910**.

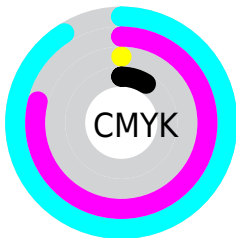
Distribution



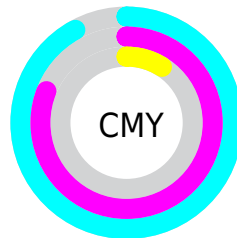
- Red (8%)
- Green (19%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (8%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (91%)
- Magenta (79%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (92%)
- Magenta (81%)
- Yellow (9%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 28.4597, 50.1197, -140.6331 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 28.4597, 50.1197, -140.6331 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 28.4597, 50.1197,
-140.6331

■ 28.4597, 50.1197,
-140.6331

■ 132.8575, 66.0626,
-132.1148

■ 20.3930, 48.0509,
-150.8541

■ 47.0675, 54.3078,
-132.0827

■ 13.2769, 46.3104,
-171.2698

■ 57.4763, 56.2851,
-130.5060

■ 6.8103, 50.5881,
-235.1740

■ 68.5562, 58.1615,
-129.8267

0.0000, INF, -NF

■ 80.2687, 59.9348,
-129.7263

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 92.5813, 61.6072,
-130.0103

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 105.4660, 63.1829,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-130.5541

0.0000, NaN, NaN

118.8986, 64.6664,
-131.2745

■ 28.4597, 50.1197,
-140.6331

■ 28.4597, 50.1197,
-140.6331

■ 25.9558, 57.8776,
-157.3836

■ 32.4487, 40.5579,
-118.7910

■ 37.5383, 31.4957,
-96.9001

■ 43.4806, 23.5893,
-76.8974

■ 50.0765, 16.8989,
-59.2382

■ 57.1813, 11.2592,
-43.7277

■ 64.6930, 6.4638,
-29.9915

■ 72.5392, 2.3291,
-17.6610

■ 80.6673, -1.2914,
-6.4284

■ 89.0386, -4.5102,
3.9492

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28.4598, 2.2919, -192.3637



28.4597, 50.1197, -140.6331



28.4598, 97.2618, -51.8365

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.4598, 50.1232, -140.6330



28.4598, 40.0314, 19.9219



28.4598, -43.9232, -2.2171

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.4597, 50.1197, -140.6331



78.0336, -10.1626, 47.3656

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



28.4598, -41.7518, 18.5811



28.4597, 50.1197, -140.6331



28.4598, -5.1414, 19.9219

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.4598, 50.1232, -140.6330



28.4598, 89.5915, 19.9219



28.4598, -31.3558, 19.9219



28.4598, -40.5727, -68.1165

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.4597, 50.1197, -140.6331



28.4598, 113.5099, -8.4433



28.4598, -31.3558, 19.9219



28.4598, -43.8083, 8.8669

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.4598, 50.1232, -140.6330



75.2895, 5.3727, -28.0159



78.8840, -47.4200, 4.9013



33.4613, 3.2467, -15.2053

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.4598, 50.1232, -140.6330



28.7836, 64.8671, -176.0065



29.9705, 66.1541, -131.4048



37.6596, -0.8240, -2.2258



19.5954, 42.1246, -115.4273



6.1685, 8.5437, -26.1533

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.3166, 69.7072, 23.3783



46.2250, 79.3943, 28.0667



80.4372, -46.5804, 48.2253



37.9445, 1.5809, 2.6348



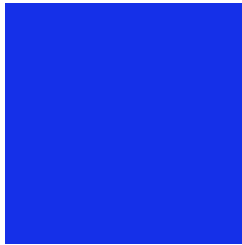
30.9602, 53.2177, 18.4758



8.4740, 14.6806, 4.1692

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 28.4597, 50.1197, -140.6331 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

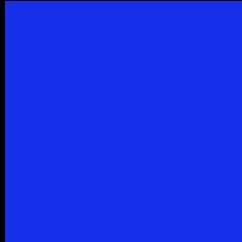
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 28.4597, 50.1197, -140.6331 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 28.4597, 50.1197, -140.6331 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 28.4597, 50.1197, -140.6331.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 28.4597, 50.1197, -140.6331.

-140.6331.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

28.4597, 50.1197, -140.6331

Protanopia

28.1361, 8.9725, -54.5368

Deuteranopia

28.0013, -0.9839, -32.8753



Tritanopia

28.1693, -14.1392, -4.6867

Trichromacy



Original Color

28.4597, 50.1197, -140.6331

Protanomaly

27.4516, 23.6025, -84.2115

Deuteranomaly

27.2222, 16.2060, -67.9488

Tritanomaly

26.3871, 5.1187, -42.9373

Monochromacy



Original Color

28.4597, 50.1197, -140.6331

Achromatopsia

21.6021, -1.1526, 1.1737

Achromatomaly

21.9983, 11.1301, -36.7551

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 28.4597, 50.1197, -140.6331 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(21, 48, 232)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(21, 48, 232)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(21, 48, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(21, 48, 232) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 28.4597, 50.1197, -140.6331 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(21, 48, 232) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(21, 48, 232) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(21, 48, 232)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(21, 48, 232); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(21, 48, 232);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(21, 48,  
232) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 28.4597, 50.1197, -140.6331 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(21, 48, 232) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(21, 48,  
232) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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