

Converting Colors

HunterLab(28.5582, -9.6143,
-1.1358)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(28.5582, -9.6143,
-1.1358) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(28.6502, -9.6797,
-1.1752)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	335757
RGB	51, 87, 87
RGB Percent	20%, 34%, 34%
CMY	0.8000, 0.6588, 0.6588
CMYK	0.41, 0.00, 0.00, 0.66
HSL	180°, 26%, 27%
HSV	180°, 41%, 34%
XYZ	6.4937, 8.2083, 10.2590
YIQ	76.2360, -21.4560, -7.6320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

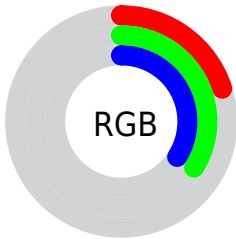
Format	Color
R_{YB}	51, 69, 87
Decimal	3364695
CIE _{Lab}	34.41, -12.89, -4.09
CIE _{LCh}	34, 13.527, 197.591
Yxy	8.2087, 0.2602, 0.3288
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281554775 (0xFF335757)
YUV	76.2360, 5.3067, -22.1320
Hunter-Lab	28.6502, -9.6797, -1.1752

Details

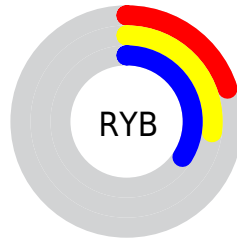
The HunterLab color **28.6502, -9.6797, -1.1752** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **21.5248, 9.7012, 4.8054**, and the grayscale version is **26.9557, -1.4383, 1.4646**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **47.3358, -12.2589, -0.6903**, and **13.2889, -6.6548, -1.7011** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28.2903, -11.0457, -1.6584**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29.0796, -8.0794, -0.6075**.

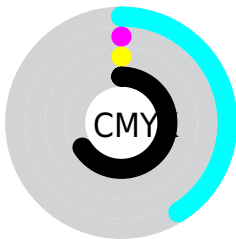
Distribution



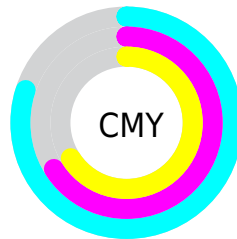
- Red (20%)
- Green (34%)
- Blue (34%)



- Red (20%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Blue (34%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (66%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (66%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 28.6502, -9.6797, -1.1752 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 28.6502, -9.6797, -1.1752 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 28.6502, -9.6797,
-1.1752

■ 28.6502, -9.6797,
-1.1752

■ 133.1764,
-21.2486, 2.8199

■ 20.5639, -8.2864,
-1.3570

■ 47.2932, -12.3240,
-0.6149

■ 13.4251, -6.7986,
-1.4583

■ 57.7176, -13.6097,
-0.2523

■ 6.9902, -8.4112,
-2.0436

■ 68.8121, -14.8842,
0.1583

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 80.5383, -16.1535,
0.6132

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 92.8641, -17.4219,
1.1092

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 105.7614,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-18.6924, 1.6438

0.0000, NaN, NaN

119.2060,
-19.9674, 2.2146

■ 28.6502, -9.6797,
-1.1752

■ 28.6502, -9.6797,
-1.1752

■ 28.2903, -11.0457,
-1.6584

■ 29.0796, -8.0794,
-0.6075

■ 27.9967, -12.1725,
-2.0572

■ 29.5775, -6.2524,
0.0407

■ 27.7673, -13.0621,
-2.3717

■ 30.1444, -4.2112,
0.7656

■ 27.5984, -13.7222,
-2.6050

■ 30.7797, -1.9709,
1.5622

■ 27.4831, -14.1757,
-2.7652

■ 31.4820, 0.4518,
2.4248

■ 27.3949, -14.5239,
-2.8882

■ 32.2497, 3.0390,
3.3472

■ 33.0805, 5.7727,
4.3234

■ 33.9723, 8.6355,
5.3471

■ 34.9224, 11.6105,
6.4128

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28.6508, -9.8676, 3.3538



28.6502, -9.6797, -1.1752



28.6508, -7.3989, -5.5768

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.6508, -9.6800, -1.1748



28.6508, 5.4848, -4.8968



28.6508, 0.4466, 8.7761

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.6502, -9.6797, -1.1752



21.5248, 9.7012, 4.8054

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



28.6508, 4.8524, 7.2307



28.6502, -9.6797, -1.1752



28.6508, 7.8850, -0.3589

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.6508, -9.6800, -1.1748



28.6508, 1.2650, -7.9533



28.6508, 7.6463, 4.0484



28.6508, -4.2223, 8.6302

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.6502, -9.6797, -1.1752



28.6508, -4.9093, -7.6271



28.6508, 7.6463, 4.0484



28.6508, 2.0130, 8.4491

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.6508, -9.6800, -1.1748



39.2997, -5.7819, 0.9004



27.8841, -14.2185, 10.2733



19.3880, -2.9405, 0.4147



69.0652, -3.6851, 3.7524



19.9203, -1.0629, 1.0823

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.6508, -9.6800, -1.1748



36.9465, -14.4666, -2.1797



23.9221, -2.6819, -7.6552



15.3686, -1.8491, 0.4901



34.0585, -18.0568, -3.5907



80.7233, -42.7972, -8.5102

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.5248, 9.7012, 4.8054



25.6563, 16.6247, 7.4241



25.3936, 2.0934, 8.3710



14.5595, 0.3094, 1.1551



17.6975, 30.3075, 11.4354



41.9454, 71.8328, 27.1038

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 28.6502, -9.6797, -1.1752 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 28.6502, -9.6797, -1.1752 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

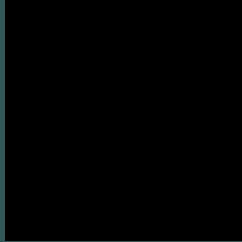
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 28.6502, -9.6797, -1.1752 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 28.6502, -9.6797, -1.1752.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 28.6502, -9.6797, -1.1752.

-1.1752.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

28.6502, -9.6797, -1.1752

Protanopia

28.4801, -0.8073, 0.4985

Deuteranopia

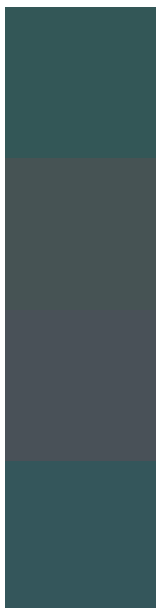
28.4629, 2.0782, -2.1124



Tritanopia

28.6405, -7.9162, -3.9287

Trichromacy



Original Color

28.6502, -9.6797, -1.1752

Protanomaly

28.5109, -4.6958, 0.0438

Deuteranomaly

28.2947, -2.5070, -1.9551

Tritanomaly

28.5324, -8.4398, -3.1332

Monochromacy



Original Color

28.6502, -9.6797, -1.1752

Achromatopsia

26.8834, -1.4344, 1.4606

Achromatomaly

27.4040, -4.7627, 0.3828

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 28.6502, -9.6797, -1.1752 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(51, 87, 87)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(51, 87, 87)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(51, 87, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(51, 87, 87) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 28.6502, -9.6797, -1.1752 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(51, 87, 87) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(51, 87, 87) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(51, 87, 87)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(51, 87, 87); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 87, 87);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 87, 87)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 28.6502, -9.6797, -1.1752 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(51, 87, 87) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(51, 87,  
87) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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