

Converting Colors

HunterLab(28.6839, -2.0181,
0.6549)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(28.6839, -2.0181, 0.6549)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(28.5861, -1.7685,
0.6102)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4F5153
RGB	79, 81, 83
RGB Percent	31%, 32%, 33%
CMY	0.6902, 0.6823, 0.6745
CMYK	0.05, 0.02, 0.00, 0.67
HSL	210°, 2%, 32%
HSV	210°, 5%, 33%
XYZ	7.7282, 8.1717, 9.3536
YIQ	80.6300, -1.8340, 0.1980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

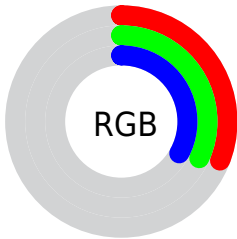
Format	Color
RYB	79, 80, 83
Decimal	5198163
CIELab	34.34, -0.36, -1.46
CIElCh	34, 1.502, 256.054
Yxy	8.1720, 0.3060, 0.3236
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283388243 (0xFF4F5153)
YUV	80.6300, 1.1684, -1.4295
Hunter-Lab	28.5861, -1.7685, 0.6102

Details

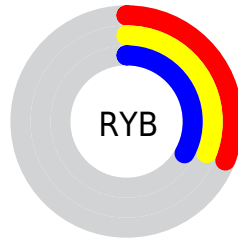
The HunterLab color $28.5861, -1.7685, 0.6102$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $28.7894, -1.2696, 2.4834$, and the grayscale version is $28.5479, -1.5232, 1.5511$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $47.1385, -2.7837, 1.5407$, and $13.4922, -1.0604, 0.2372$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $26.9079, -2.1005, -1.4886$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $30.3080, -1.3278, 2.6431$.

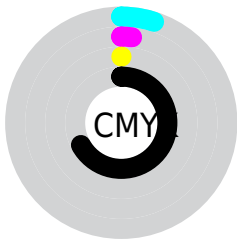
Distribution



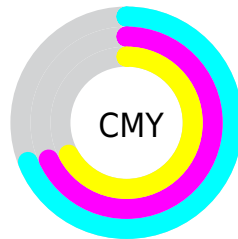
- Red (31%)
- Green (32%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (67%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 28.5861, -1.7685, 0.6102 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 28.5861, -1.7685, 0.6102 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 28.5861, -1.7685,
0.6102

■ 28.5861, -1.7685,
0.6102

■ 133.0695, -7.5124,
5.6817

■ 20.5066, -1.3121,
0.2664

■ 47.2175, -2.8085,
1.4580

■ 13.3754, -0.9023,
-0.0140

■ 57.6367, -3.3847,
1.9504

■ 6.9304, -0.5977,
-0.4945

■ 68.7263, -3.9955,
2.4838

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 80.4479, -4.6392,
3.0553

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 92.7692, -5.3139,
3.6627

0.0000, NaN, NaN

105.6623, -6.0185,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

119.1029, -6.7517,
4.9774

■ 28.5861, -1.7685,
0.6102

■ 28.5861, -1.7685,
0.6102

■ 26.9079, -2.1005,
-1.4886

■ 30.3080, -1.3278,
2.6431

■ 25.2755, -2.3069,
-3.6627

■ 32.0684, -0.7894,
4.6161

■ 23.6940, -2.3706,
-5.9197

■ 33.8649, -0.1654,
6.5367

■ 22.1686, -2.2718,
-8.2670

■ 35.6949, 0.5350,
8.4111

■ 20.7050, -1.9883,
-10.7110

■ 37.5561, 1.3034,
10.2450

■ 19.3099, -1.4962,
-13.2552

■ 39.4464, 2.1329,
12.0435

■ 17.9903, -0.7712,
-15.8988

■ 41.3641, 3.0175,
13.8109

■ 16.7536, 0.2084,
-18.6345

■ 43.3076, 3.9519,
15.5513

■ 15.5881, 1.3941,
-21.4975

■ 45.2755, 4.9317,
17.2680

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28.5867, -2.2223, 0.8577



28.5861, -1.7685, 0.6102



28.5867, -1.2478, 0.6201

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.5867, -1.7691, 0.6107



28.5867, -0.5527, 1.8197



28.5867, -2.2483, 2.2129

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.5861, -1.7685, 0.6102



28.7894, -1.2696, 2.4834

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



28.5867, -1.8048, 2.4614



28.5861, -1.7685, 0.6102



28.5867, -0.8247, 2.2372

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.5867, -1.7691, 0.6107



28.5867, -0.5430, 1.3242



28.5867, -1.2838, 2.4702



28.5867, -2.4976, 1.7860

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.5861, -1.7685, 0.6102



28.5867, -0.9318, 0.7707



28.5867, -1.2838, 2.4702



28.5867, -2.1171, 2.3197

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.5867, -1.7691, 0.6107



38.1503, -2.1066, 1.8107



29.0551, -2.9238, 1.9936



18.9511, -1.0428, 0.9131



67.9972, -3.6282, 3.6944



19.0543, -1.0167, 1.0353

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.5867, -1.7691, 0.6107



36.9999, -2.3775, 0.4236



28.0865, -0.9351, 0.0148



14.3016, -0.9163, 0.1753



18.6943, 3.2704, -30.4262



42.8316, 11.8567, -79.1310

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28.3288, -0.1210, 1.1605



36.5697, 0.3876, 1.3550



29.2915, -2.1017, 3.0395



14.1384, 0.1326, 0.5284



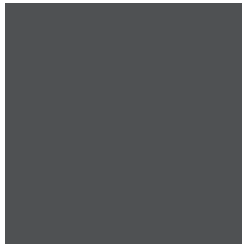
17.9634, 32.1589, 0.7862



42.9275, 76.4580, 4.9224

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 28.5861, -1.7685, 0.6102 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 28.5861, -1.7685, 0.6102 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

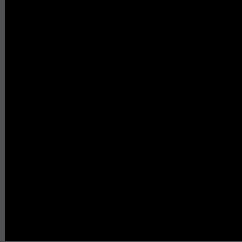
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

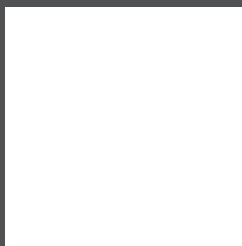
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 28.5861, -1.7685, 0.6102 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 28.5861, -1.7685, 0.6102.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 28.5861, -1.7685,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

28.5861, -1.7685, 0.6102

Protanopia

28.5582, -0.5382, 0.5979

Deuteranopia

28.4870, 1.8742, 0.1295



Tritanopia

28.5148, -0.4649, -1.1859

Trichromacy



Original Color

28.5861, -1.7685, 0.6102

Protanomaly

28.4801, -0.8073, 0.4985

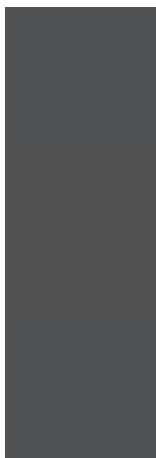
Deuteranomaly

28.4901, 0.5930, 0.1109

Tritanomaly

28.4863, -0.6199, -0.7822

Monochromacy



Original Color

28.5861, -1.7685, 0.6102

Achromatopsia

28.6850, -1.5306, 1.5585

Achromatomaly

28.6348, -1.6523, 1.0872

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 28.5861, -1.7685, 0.6102 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(79, 81, 83)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(79, 81, 83)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(79, 81, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(79, 81, 83) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 28.5861, -1.7685, 0.6102 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(79, 81, 83) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(79, 81, 83) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(79, 81, 83)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(79, 81, 83); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 81, 83);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 81, 83)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 28.5861, -1.7685, 0.6102 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(79, 81, 83) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(79, 81,  
83) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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