

Converting Colors

HunterLab(28.8116, 70.0785,
-142.1383)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(28.8116, 70.0785,
-142.1383) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(28.8536, 70.2003,
-142.4975)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | 5D00EB |
| RGB | 93, 0, 235 |
| RGB Percent | 36%, 0%, 92% |
| CMY | 0.6353, 1.0000, 0.0784 |
| CMYK | 0.60, 1.00, 0.00, 0.08 |
| HSL | 264°, 100%, 46% |
| HSV | 264°, 100%, 92% |
| XYZ | 19.5096, 8.3253, 79.1759 |
| YIQ | 54.5970, -20.0070, 92.8010 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

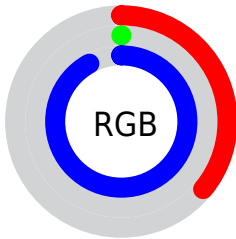
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 93, 0, 235 |
| Decimal | 6095083 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 34.65, 76.62, -92.52 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 35, 120.125, 309.630 |
| Yxy | 8.3257, 0.1823, 0.0778 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4284285163 (0xFF5D00EB) |
| YUV | 54.5970, 88.9387, 33.6794 |
| Hunter-Lab | 28.8536, 70.2003, -142.4975 |

Details

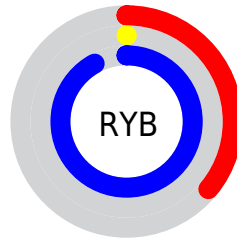
The HunterLab color **28.8536, 70.2003, -142.4975** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6600FF**. The color can be described as dark washed blue. A complement of this color would be **80.7261, -50.9162, 48.8516**, and the grayscale version is **19.1227, -1.0203, 1.0390**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **44.4520, 62.4828, -97.7026**, and **17.8166, 48.3276, -126.5947** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28.8543, 70.2011, -142.4936**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31.2564, 67.5137, -128.6487**.

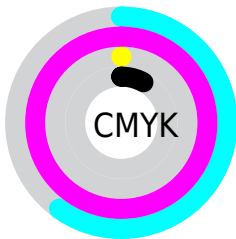
Distribution



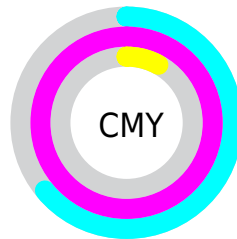
- Red (36%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (92%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (92%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (8%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 28.8536, 70.2003, -142.4975 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 28.8536, 70.2003, -142.4975 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 28.8536, 70.2003,
-142.4975

■ 28.8536, 70.2003,
-142.4975

■ 133.5159, 90.0642,
-133.8060

■ 20.7462, 68.1964,
-152.7157

■ 47.5337, 74.9299,
-133.8777

■ 13.5833, 67.1129,
-172.9807

■ 57.9746, 77.3254,
-132.2716

■ 7.1766, 73.3878,
-231.4790

■ 69.0845, 79.6630,
-131.5686

0.0000, INF, -NF

■ 80.8254, 81.9218,
-131.4501

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 93.1651, 84.0928,
-131.7207

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 106.0757, 86.1731,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-132.2549

119.5331, 88.1629,
-132.9692

28.8536, 70.2003,
-142.4975

28.8536, 70.2003,
-142.4975

28.8543, 70.2011,
-142.4936

31.2564, 67.5137,
-128.6487

34.8218, 61.8533,
-111.2858

39.5507, 54.0252,
-92.5079

45.2428, 45.2619,
-74.3300

51.7016, 36.3182,
-57.6394

■ 58.7682, 27.5406,
-42.6005

■ 66.3231, 19.0436,
-29.0614

■ 74.2784, 10.8349,
-16.7779

■ 82.5691, 2.8809,
-5.5090

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28.8543, 13.2590, -223.4418



28.8536, 70.2003, -142.4975



28.8543, 119.9998, -40.0393

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.8543, 70.2011, -142.4936



28.8543, 32.3152, 20.1980



28.8543, -45.8240, -14.4744

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.8536, 70.2003, -142.4975



80.7261, -50.9162, 48.8516

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



28.8543, -44.9377, 17.5604



28.8536, 70.2003, -142.4975



28.8543, -13.8528, 20.1980

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.8543, 70.2011, -142.4936



28.8543, 90.7888, 20.1980



28.8543, -37.1092, 20.1980



28.8543, -41.1278, -103.0511

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.8536, 70.2003, -142.4975



28.8543, 131.8713, 1.0702



28.8543, -37.1092, 20.1980



28.8543, -46.0793, 2.0622

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.8543, 70.2011, -142.4936



72.6518, 21.0153, -32.0722



51.2090, -2.0958, -59.4826



31.9622, 11.5316, -17.6669

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.8543, 70.2011, -142.4936



31.5947, 76.9581, -156.7233



43.9861, 88.9637, -77.2820



38.5224, 1.1423, -2.2878



21.6858, 52.5309, -105.3128



6.5091, 15.1741, -27.0109

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.2888, 80.2550, -5.5599



48.5754, 87.9950, -5.8840



77.2370, -65.4364, 46.4475



38.9961, 2.4670, 0.4728



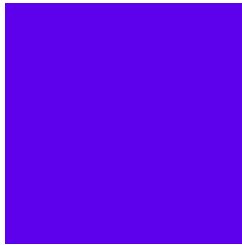
33.0794, 60.0129, -4.6980



9.3707, 17.1813, -2.7325

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 28.8536, 70.2003, -142.4975 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

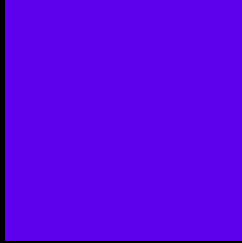
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 28.8536, 70.2003, -142.4975 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

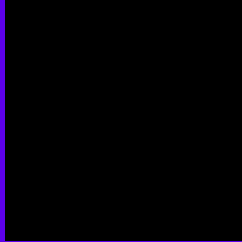
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 28.8536, 70.2003, -142.4975 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 28.8536, 70.2003, -142.4975.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 28.8536, 70.2003, -142.4975.

-142.4975.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

28.8536, 70.2003, -142.4975

Protanopia

29.2651, 9.3931, -56.8558

Deuteranopia

29.1207, -0.6587, -34.9764



Tritanopia

29.2663, -12.5074, -6.0994

Trichromacy



Original Color

28.8536, 70.2003, -142.4975

Protanomaly

25.5216, 34.7756, -99.5176

Deuteranomaly

24.7245, 27.5945, -82.7791

Tritanomaly

24.0678, 17.7867, -53.8766

Monochromacy



Original Color

28.8536, 70.2003, -142.4975

Achromatopsia

19.5459, -1.0429, 1.0620

Achromatomaly

19.5534, 24.6212, -41.4006

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 28.8536, 70.2003, -142.4975 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(93, 0, 235)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(93, 0, 235)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 0, 235) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(93, 0, 235) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 28.8536, 70.2003, -142.4975 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(93, 0, 235) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(93, 0, 235) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(93, 0, 235)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(93, 0, 235); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 0, 235);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 0, 235)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 28.8536, 70.2003, -142.4975 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(93, 0, 235) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(93, 0,  
235) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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