

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(28.8365, -20.1415,  
16.5362)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(28.8365, -20.1415,  
16.5362) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(28.8649,  
-20.1622, 16.5801)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	295D0E
RGB	41, 93, 14
RGB Percent	16%, 36%, 5%
CMY	0.8392, 0.6353, 0.9451
CMYK	0.56, 0.00, 0.85, 0.64
HSL	99°, 74%, 21%
HSV	99°, 85%, 36%
XYZ	4.9081, 8.3318, 1.7650
YIQ	68.4460, -5.6330, -35.5930

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

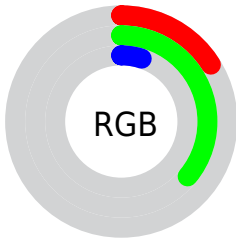
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	14, 93, 66
Decimal	2710798
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	34.67, -32.19, 36.74
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	35, 48.845, 131.227
Yxy	8.3322, 0.3271, 0.5553
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280900878 (0xFF295D0E)
YUV	68.4460, -26.8419, -24.0701
Hunter-Lab	28.8649, -20.1622, 16.5801

# Details

The HunterLab color **28.8649, -20.1622, 16.5801** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336600**. A complement of this color would be **15.0430, 25.6482, -31.0998**, and the grayscale version is **24.2932, -1.2962, 1.3199**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **47.5855, -25.4589, 22.8327**, and **13.9785, -11.9866, 8.4037** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28.6261, -21.2295, 16.9879**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29.1537, -18.8737, 15.9528**.

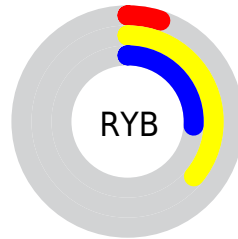
# Distribution



Red (16%)

Green (36%)

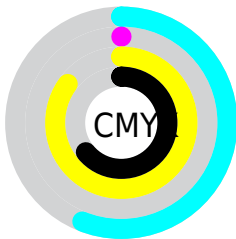
Blue (5%)



Red (5%)

Yellow (36%)

Blue (26%)

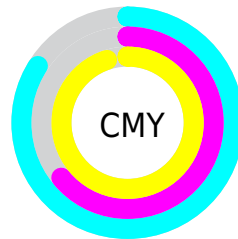


Cyan (56%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (85%)

Black (64%)



Cyan (84%)

Magenta (64%)

Yellow (95%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 28.8649, -20.1622, 16.5801 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 28.8649, -20.1622, 16.5801 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 28.8649, -20.1622,  
16.5801

■ 28.8649, -20.1622,  
16.5801

133.5345,  
-41.3350, 40.8079

■ 20.7563, -17.1654,  
13.3730

■ 47.5469, -25.5078,  
22.8230

■ 13.5920, -13.8407,  
9.5144

■ 57.9887, -27.9712,  
25.6755

■ 7.1867, -12.5767,  
5.0307

■ 69.0995, -30.3400,  
28.3991

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 80.8412, -32.6351,  
31.0199

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 93.1816, -34.8719,  
33.5575


0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 106.0930,


0.0000, NaN, NaN


-37.0618, 36.0272


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 119.5511,  
-39.2139, 38.4408


 28.8649, -20.1622,  
16.5801


 28.8649, -20.1622,  
16.5801


 28.6261, -21.2295,  
16.9879


 29.1537, -18.8737,  
15.9528

 28.5178, -21.7180,  
17.1923

 29.4960, -17.3380,  
15.0378

 29.8941, -15.5560,  
13.8217

 30.3487, -13.5327,  
12.2990

 30.8600, -11.2773,  
10.4702

■ 31.4280, -8.8018,  
8.3415

■ 32.0518, -6.1207,  
5.9228

■ 32.7304, -3.2497,  
3.2274

■ 33.4625, -0.2054,  
0.2711

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28.8655, -7.6650, 18.5030



28.8649, -20.1622, 16.5801



28.8655, -26.5305, 9.9293

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.8655, -20.1627, 16.5802



28.8655, -11.3738, -46.4583



28.8655, 38.2777, 7.0188

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.8649, -20.1622, 16.5801



15.0430, 25.6482, -31.0998

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



28.8655, 36.6239, -10.4073



28.8649, -20.1622, 16.5801



28.8655, 5.1387, -48.9800

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.8655, -20.1627, 16.5802



28.8655, -22.3318, -27.5541



28.8655, 23.4637, -33.2117



28.8655, 27.5630, 15.5132



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.8649, -20.1622, 16.5801



28.8655, -27.5958, 0.8938



28.8655, 23.4637, -33.2117



28.8655, 39.2047, 2.2327

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.8655, -20.1627, 16.5802



41.0484, -11.7873, 11.1523



24.8599, 3.1974, 14.3834



20.4645, -6.2900, 5.9229



71.2094, -3.7996, 3.8689



21.6712, -1.1563, 1.1774



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.8655, -20.1627, 16.5802



37.2390, -28.6850, 22.4443



28.2778, -22.4662, 15.0003



16.1846, -2.1851, 2.1453



33.8800, -26.0020, 20.4215



78.9978, -62.0433, 47.5919



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.0430, 25.6482, -31.0998



17.3496, 37.5067, -49.2138



17.9938, 29.6421, -14.1423



15.3190, 0.5497, -0.5149



15.8201, 34.1603, -44.5663

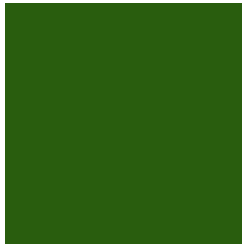


36.3343, 79.0754, -107.1547



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 28.8649, -20.1622, 16.5801 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

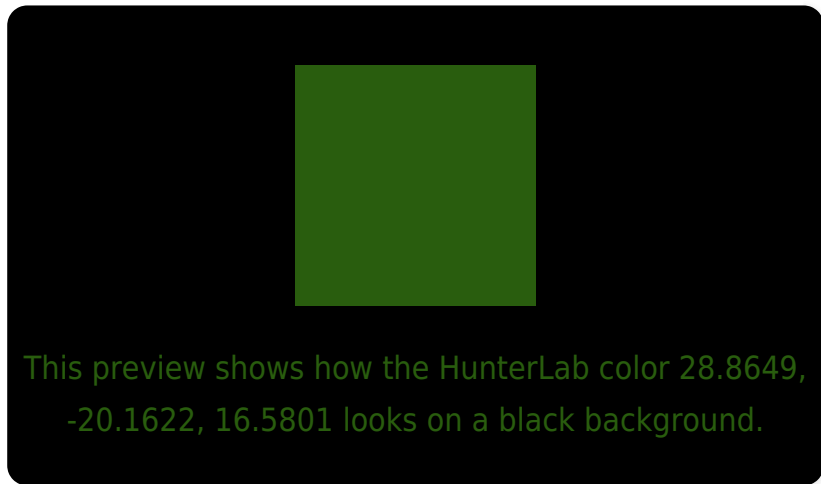
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

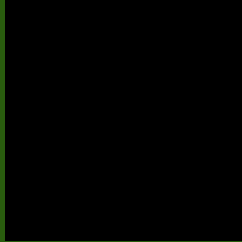
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 28.8649, -20.1622, 16.5801 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 28.8649, -20.1622, 16.5801.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 28.8649,

-20.1622, 16.5801.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

28.8649, -20.1622, 16.5801

### Protanopia

28.8688, -4.2003, 17.0650

### Deuteranopia

28.6259, 1.5857, 15.9879



## Tritanopia

29.0461, -7.7876, -3.8543

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

28.8649, -20.1622, 16.5801

## Protanomaly

28.4580, -11.2777, 16.6136

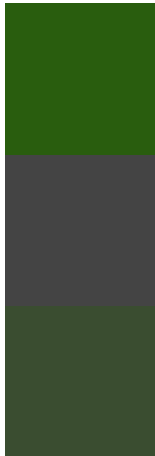
## Deuteranomaly

28.1824, -7.9740, 15.8340

## Tritanomaly

28.6435, -13.7208, 7.0581

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

28.8649, -20.1622, 16.5801

## Achromatopsia

24.0428, -1.2829, 1.3063

## Achromatomaly

25.3391, -9.5981, 8.9028

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 28.8649, -20.1622, 16.5801 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(41, 93, 14)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(41, 93, 14)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(41, 93, 14) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(41, 93, 14) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 28.8649, -20.1622, 16.5801 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(41, 93, 14) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(41, 93, 14) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(41, 93, 14) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(41, 93, 14); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(41, 93, 14);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(41, 93, 14)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 28.8649, -20.1622, 16.5801 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(41, 93, 14) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(41, 93,  
14) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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