

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(28.8682, -6.5785,  
18.9331)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(28.8682, -6.5785,  
18.9331) contains.

<b>HunterLab(29.0938, -6.1867, 17.8192)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(29.0938, -6.1867,  
17.8192)**

# Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	595400
RGB	89, 84, 0
RGB Percent	35%, 33%, 0%
CMY	0.6510, 0.6706, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 1.00, 0.65
HSL	57°, 100%, 17%
HSV	57°, 100%, 35%
XYZ	7.2901, 8.4645, 1.2496
YIQ	75.9190, 29.9440, -25.0640

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

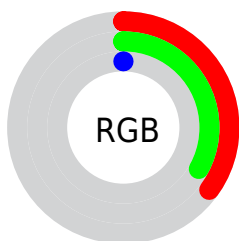
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">5, 89, 0</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">5854208</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">34.93, -7.10, 42.70</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">35, 43.287, 99.436</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">8.4649, 0.4287, 0.4978</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4284044288</a> (0xFF595400)
YUV	<a href="#">75.9190, -37.4281, 11.4720</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">29.0938, -6.1867, 17.8192</a>

# Details

The HunterLab color **29.0938, -6.1867, 17.8192** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666600**. A complement of this color would be **9.1095, 20.4555, -55.5425**, and the grayscale version is **26.9773, -1.4394, 1.4657**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **47.7412, -7.9884, 24.9437**, and **13.7200, -3.6851, 8.3897** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29.0944, -6.1878, 17.8195**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29.2613, -6.1999, 17.4041**.

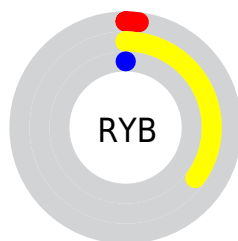
# Distribution



Red (35%)

Green (33%)

Blue (0%)



Red (2%)

Yellow (35%)

Blue (0%)

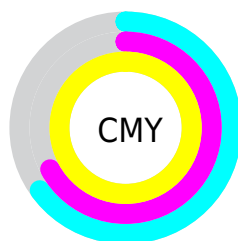


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (65%)



Cyan (65%)

Magenta (67%)


Yellow (100%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 29.0938, -6.1867, 17.8192 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 29.0938, -6.1867, 17.8192 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 29.0938, -6.1867,  
17.8192


 29.0938, -6.1867,  
17.8192


 133.9157,  
-15.0226, 45.3264


 20.9615, -5.2406,  
14.6163

 47.8173, -8.0730,  
24.9615

 13.7703, -4.2709,  
9.6392


 58.2775, -9.0249,  
28.2196

 7.3899, -4.5793,  
5.1729


 69.4056, -9.9880,  
31.3222

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

 81.1638, -10.9643,  
34.2985

0.0000, NaN, NaN

 93.5198, -11.9552,  
37.1710


0.0000, NaN, NaN


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 106.4461,


-12.9615, 39.9576


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 119.9185,  
-13.9839, 42.6723

 29.0938, -6.1867,  
17.8192


 29.0938, -6.1867,  
17.8192


 29.0944, -6.1878,  
17.8195

 29.2613, -6.1999,  
17.4041

 29.4350, -6.1750,  
16.8939

 29.6275, -6.0454,  
16.1114

 29.8406, -5.8018,  
15.0327

 30.0756, -5.4374,  
13.6414

■ 30.3334, -4.9475,  
11.9259

■ 30.6149, -4.3288,  
9.8783

■ 30.9207, -3.5793,  
7.4945

■ 31.2512, -2.6983,  
4.7732

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.0945, 9.4286, 17.4335



29.0938, -6.1867, 17.8192



29.0945, -17.8750, 15.9050

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.0945, -6.1878, 17.8194



29.0945, -20.8448, -22.1606



29.0945, 31.1408, -9.9591

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.0938, -6.1867, 17.8192



9.1095, 20.4555, -55.5425

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.0945, 19.4130, -29.0712



29.0938, -6.1867, 17.8192



29.0945, -11.1159, -38.2701

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.0945, -6.1878, 17.8194



29.0945, -25.1178, -3.3479



29.0945, 3.3893, -41.2984



29.0945, 33.2144, 5.7793



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.0938, -6.1867, 17.8192



29.0945, -22.6684, 12.4630



29.0945, 3.3893, -41.2984



29.0945, 28.0972, -16.3759

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.0945, -6.1878, 17.8194



39.9767, -5.7416, 13.1834



14.6182, 25.1219, 8.7561



20.0711, -3.0055, 7.0135



70.1359, -3.7423, 3.8106



20.7927, -1.1094, 1.1297



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.0945, -6.1878, 17.8194



37.9709, -8.0048, 23.2573



27.9891, -17.6722, 16.9372



15.5025, -1.2775, 2.1842



35.2933, -7.4570, 21.6170



83.3865, -17.2775, 51.0799



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.1095, 20.4555, -55.5425



11.7129, 27.5082, -74.0225



10.6971, 25.0600, -45.3539



14.4107, -0.2747, -0.6673



10.9279, 25.3772, -68.4410



25.0347, 63.7385, -168.8843



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 29.0938, -6.1867, 17.8192 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 29.0938, -6.1867, 17.8192 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

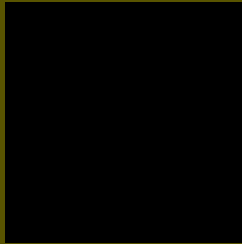
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 29.0938, -6.1867, 17.8192 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 29.0938, -6.1867, 17.8192.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 29.0938, -6.1867,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

29.0938, -6.1867, 17.8192

### Protanopia

29.1782, -4.5226, 17.9003

### Deuteranopia

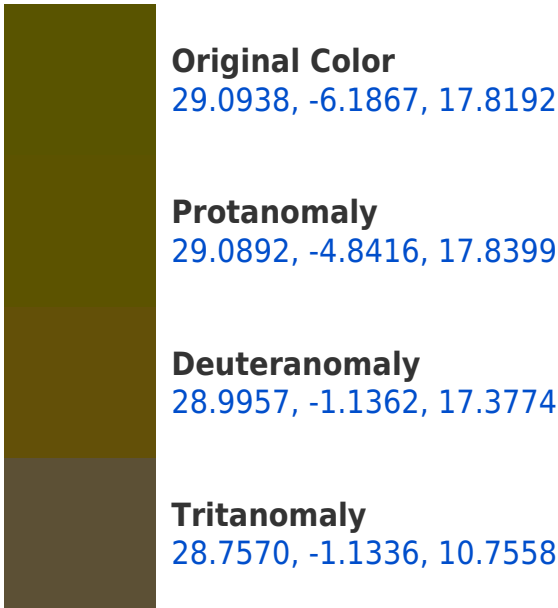
29.0144, 1.5156, 17.1943



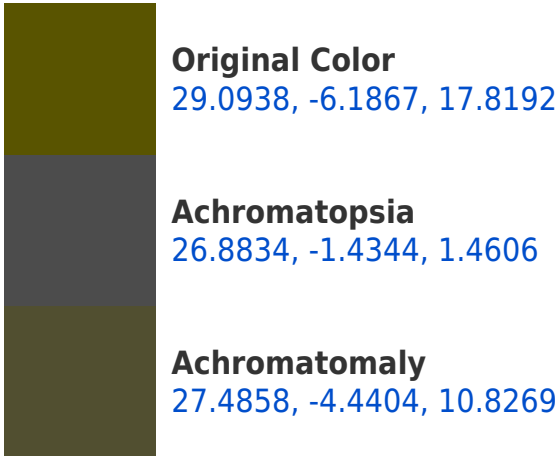
## Tritanopia

29.1008, 3.9147, 0.9116

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 29.0938, -6.1867, 17.8192 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(89, 84, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(89, 84, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 84, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(89, 84, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 29.0938, -6.1867, 17.8192 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(89, 84, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(89, 84, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(89, 84, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(89, 84, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 84, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 84, 0) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 29.0938, -6.1867, 17.8192 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(89, 84, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(89, 84,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet  
interesting? Support Converting  
Colors with the new Membership  
Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you  
double the colors in the color bucket, and more  
awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor